The New-York Times.

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NEW-YORK, MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1864.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE WAR.

Grant's Movements

OPERATIONS ON THE JAMES.

Reported Capture of Fort Darling.

Probable Change of Base from the White House.

Nothing Being Landed There, and the Track Torn Up.

GEN. HUNTER'S VICTORY.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED PRISONERS TAKEN.

General Hunter's Forces Join Crook's and Averill's.

SHERMAN CLOSE UPON THE REBELS

MORGAN'S RAID.

Important from Gen. Hunter—A Great Victory at Staunton—Fifteen Hundred Rebel Prisoners Taken, and Three Thousand Stand of Arms—Cavalry Fighting in the Army of the Potomac—The Latest from Sherman—He is Within Five Hundred Yards of the Enemy.

[OFFICIAL.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, June 12—12 M.

Major-Gen. Dix:

A dispatch from Gen. HUNTER, dated 6 o'clock in the morning of the 8th inst., at Staunton, reports that "we met the enemy at Piedmont last Sunday, the 5th inst., killing WM. E. JONES, their Commanding General, and totally routing them, after a battle of ten hours' duration. We have captured 1,500 prisoners altogether—1,000 men and over 60 officers—on the field of battle; also, 3,000 stand of arms, three pieces of artillery, and a vast quantity of stores. We have to-day effected a junction with Gens. CROOKS and AVERILL. It is stated in another dispatch—unofficial—dated at Staunton, June 9, that our infantry is now engaged burning ties and bending rails east and west. All Government and railroad buildings have been burned at Staunton. We leave to-morrow."

A dispatch from Gen. GRANT's headquarters, dated yesterday at 4 P. M., reports that rebel cavalry having yesterday made a dash into WILSON's lines near the Jenny House, WILSON this morning sent out a part of MCINTOSH's Brigade to see where the enemy was. Their pickets were driven back and their outer line forced, the cavalry passing over the intrenchments. About a mile west of Bethesda Church, MCINTOSH came upon FIELD's Division of infantry, and having accomplished the purpose of his reconnoissance retired. He killed and wounded a number of rebels in his progress, and brought away four or five prisoners. He had 16 men killed and wounded.

Dispatches from Gen. SHERMAN, dated at his headquarters, Big Shanty, Ga., this morning, have been received. They state that our lines are within four or five hundred yards of the enemy, but no fighting yet.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

Quiet in the Army of the Potomac—Later from Sherman—The Rebels on the Hills Between Kenesaw and Lost Mountain—Advance on Petersburgh by Gen. Kautz—The Rebels Near Vicksburgh—Morgan's Raid.

[OFFICIAL.]

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Saturday, June 11—3:30 P. M.

Maj.-Gen. Dix:

Official reports from the Army of the Potomac down to 5 o'clock yesterday evening, detail no movements of importance.

A dispatch from Gen. SHERMAN, dated yesterday, states that our cavalry yesterday, (Thursday, 9th,) developed the position of the enemy in a line along the hills from Kenesaw to Lost Mountain, and are now marching by the roads to Kenesaw.

A dispatch from Gen. BUTLER, dated this morning at 6 o'clock, reports all quiet along our lines.

Yesterday Gen. KAUTZ charged the enemy's works at Petersburgh, and carried them, penetrating into the town, but not being supported by Gen. GILLMORE, who had withdrawn his forces without a conflict, Gen. KAUTZ was obliged to withdraw without further effect.

Gen. KAUTZ captured forty prisoners and one piece of artillery, which he brought away.

A dispatch from Gen. CANBY, dated Vicksburgh, June 4, says that Gen. EMERY reports that an attempt by TAYLOR's force to cross the Atchafalaya had been frustrated, the troops that had crossed dispersed, and a large quantity of commissary stores and clothing captured.

Gen. BURBRIDGE, commanding in Kentucky, in a dispatch dated yesterday at Lexington, reports that, "after concentrating a force at Beaver Creek, on the Big Sandy, I moved against MORGAN's force in Virginia, west as far as Gladesville. MORGAN, with 2,500 men, moved into Kentucky, via Whitesburg. I pursued, and by marching ninety miles in twenty-four hours, came upon him at Mount Sterling yesterday morning, and defeated him. By stealing fresh horses, he reached Lexington at 2 o'clock this morning. Our forces held the fort, and the rebels did little damage. He left here at 7 A. M. for Versailles. I start in pursuit with a fresh force this evening."

No official report has yet been received from Gen. HUNTER.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

The James River—Important Operations—Obstructions Removed.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

It is not improbable that the country ere long will be rejoiced to hear that the James River has not only been effectually cleared of torpedoes and other infernal machines, but that the rebel fortifications which line its banks are in our possession, and that our monitors and gunboats will have an opportunity to participate in the reduction of the rebel capital.

Reported Capture of Fort Darling.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

A report has reached Washington, brought by persons who arrived here this evening from White House, that Fort Darling has been captured by our forces, and that the James River is open to within three miles of Richmond.

Hunter's Victory—Another Account—Complete Rout of the Rebels—They Retreat Post-Haste to Petersburgh—Hunter in Pursuit—Arrivals of Wounded at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

Private information received here to-day from Staunton, via Harper's Ferry, up to June 7, is to the effect that in the battle of the 5th HUNTER captured between seven and eight thousand prisoners and one entire battery and two sections of another.

[The official dispatch puts down the number of rebel prisoners taken at fifteen hundred.—ED. TIMES.]

The rebels were most completely routed, and were retreating in post haste toward Lynchburgh.

We captured about fifty officers and commissary stores worth a million and a half of dollars.

It was reported that IMBODEN, who succeeded in command of the rebel force after the death of JONES, was wounded in a fight with our pursuing cavalry, under CROOK.

Our forces were rapidly pursuing retreating rebels, capturing many stragglers, &c.

The steamer *James Brooks* arrived here to-day from White House with about 300 wounded on board, most of them severe cases. Five died on the passage up, and a number subsequently in hospital. Another steamer, which arrived late this evening, brought up four hundred more. Fifteen died during passage. Upward of two thousand wounded are still at White House, awaiting transportation to Washington. Every effort is being made by the Medical Department, assisted by the Sanitary and Christian Commissions for their comfort. Several hundred more are expected to arrive between this hour and daylight. Large numbers of corps surgeons and volunteer nurses are at White House, administering to the wants of the wounded.

Picket-firing—Beauregard's Army Between Bottom's Bridge and James River—Rebel Fortifications Around Bottom's and Sumner's Bridges.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

The following was received this afternoon:

HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Thursday, June 9.

There is nothing especially interesting to report. On a part of the line picket-firing has been kept up all day, while at other points it would seem as if by mutual agreement that this practice had ceased.

Last evening a battery in Gen. BIRNEY's division opened on a house on our left, which, according to a deserter who came in this morning, was occupied by Gen. WILCOX. Three shells went through it, causing the occupants to leave it rather hastily. The fire was returned with very good aim, but without loss to us.

The deserter says that BEAUREGARD's troops are posted from Bottom's Bridge all the way to the James River, watching for the appearance of an army in that direction.

HEADQUARTERS, Friday, June 10—P. M.

The enemy are busily throwing up fortifications in the vicinity of Sumner's and Bottom's Bridges. The spires of Richmond are visible from these points, and wagon trains can be seen moving within three or four miles of the city, where the road for a short distance is visible. Very little firing has taken place to-day.

No change in our position has been made within the past two days.

Last evening, as Col. MCALLISTER, of the Eleventh New-Jersey, was riding along the line, he was fired at by a rebel sharpshooter, notwithstanding there had been a tacit agreement that no picket-firing should take place. The ball passed across the Colonel's breast, and entered the heart of WILSON SNOOKS, the Colonel's Orderly, who was riding with him. The entire command was at once put under arms, expecting an attack, but nothing further transpired.

From the White House—Signs of a Change of Base—The Railroad Track Taken up—Arrival of Wounded.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, June 11.

By an arrival here to-day from the White House it is ascertained that nothing is now being landed at that place excepting reinforcements and forage for the immediate use of the army.

The railroad track, which had been completed to within a mile or two of the army, has been torn up again, and the rails and ties brought back to the White House, where they are being placed on barges.

Seven hundred men were first engaged in repairing this road, and about the same number aided in destroying it.

The Killed and Wounded in the Sixty-sixth New-York Volunteers.

IN THE FIELD, TYLER HOUSE, Va.,
Tuesday, June 7, 1864.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

Herewith I inclose a list of the killed, wounded and missing of the Sixty-sixth New-York Regiment. The Regiment now numbers about seventy men. Col. MORRISS died, shot through the heart, in front of his regiment while on the charge.

KILLED, WOUNDED AND MISSING OF SIXTY-SIXTH N. Y. VET. VOLS., 4TH BRIGADE, 1ST DIVISION, 2D CORPS.

Sergt Jas Carmichael, B—killed.
L Bauman, B—killed.
Chas Meyer, A—killed.
Pat Hare, A—arm.
Chris Klink, A—buttock.
Thos Malloy, B—arm.
Jas Riley, B—neck.
Jas Percival, G—shoulder.
Sergt D Wilson, G.
John Thompson, B—arm.
Pat Keer, G.
Sergt Wm Woods, B.
Jas Cox, B.
Thos Dunn, B.
Sergt Chas Stevens, B.
Corp J Grettenburger, G—missing.
Herman Nuderbroeker, A—missing.
N Alex, A—missing.
P Alenstetter, A—missing.
Jas Leddy, B—missing.
F Schwartz, E—foot.
A Williamson, F.
Henry Kinger, F.
J Fulton, F—shoulder.
Corp Peter Whitmeyer, E—missing.
Wm Begaberg, E—missing.
H Hebrenstatter, E—miss'g.
Jacob Minger, E—missing.
M McCairn, B—missing.
H Wichard, G—missing.
John Swats, D—killed.
Sergt Wm Armstrong, D.
Cormick Cain, D.
Wm Harris, D—wrist.
John Cain, H—side.
Jos Allen, H—shoulder.
Jas Keenan, H—shoulder.
Sergt Richard Heacock, H.
Sergt John Monihar, D—missing.
Sergt J Anglin, D—missing.
Corp O Hogan, D—missing.
John Cadwell, D—missing.
Geo Heath, H—missing.
Corp Wm Otns, F—killed.
Sergt J Quager, F—mouth.
Corp Conrad Wiesman, E—hand.
Julius Bauman, E—hand.
Geo Roch, E.
Stephen White, C.
Corp H Johnson, C—miss'g.
F Zerlout, C—missing.
H Goettinger, C—missing.
C Grace, C—missing.
C Brown, C—missing.
Lafayette Fuller, I.
Corp J Hines, K—arm.
James Rollman, K.
John Fribbler, K.
Paul Welmur, E—missing.
Alfred Moosier, F—missing.
H Bentenbaugh, F—missing.
J Callahoun, F—missing.
I Asthemer, F—missing.
Corp A Pincus, C—scalp.
Corp Peter Wagner, C.
Patrick Ryan, C—hand.
H Gibson, C—hand.
John Nuweek, C—side.
Sergt T Shaw, I—killed.
Corp Wm Witzenstein, I—killed.
Adam Hauf, I—killed.
Sergt F Smith, K—killed.
Sergt L Schroen, C—miss'g.
Peter Hartling, G—killed.
Sergt Jno Gilgon, H—neck.
Francis Reading, F—thigh.
Wm Peter Eyring, A—leg.
Lieut Simon Pincus, G—returned to regiment.
John L King, F—contusion.
Col O H Morris—killed.
Sergt J Williams, B—killed.
Job S Van Buren, G—leg.
Francis Mullen, G—leg.
Thos Kearigan, F—leg.
Chas O'Neill, B—thigh.
Bryan Bassett, G.
T Matthews, H—contusion.
John Byorner, I—shoulder.
Timothy Flanigan, D—leg.
George Adams, C—leg.
Joseph Winterhallen, K.
John Wenk, K.
J Hess, K—arm amputated.
Corp M Cady, I—missing.
Richard Bull, I—missing.
— Nelman, I—missing.
— Reck, I—missing.
— Wilking, I—missing.
Thos Early, I—missing.
— Trenchamout, I—miss'g.
— Murphy, I—missing.
Corp Brown, K—missing.
Andrew Miller, K—missing.
— Rullege, K—missing.
— Weber, K—missing.
— Haller, K—missing.
N G Hewlett, F—killed.
Jas McMichaels, F—slight.
Jas Philpot, G—missing.
Jacob Schapter, E—side.
Henry Yeagea, E—slight.
John Cartney, I—killed.
Chris'r Harrington, K—leg.
Hy Schultz, I—leg and side.
Patrick Monaghan, K—foot.
Henry Mechwith, K—killed.
Sergt C Reynolds, H—arm.
Corp W Stratford, H—hand.
Robt JnoGillmore, F—thigh.
John Secore, C—arm.
James Brady, F—killed.
Andrew Hutter, A—foot.
John Dougherty, G—knee joint.

THE EIGHTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

Names of Wounded Admitted into Battle-field Hospital, Eighteenth Army Corps, Since June 1, 1864.

Charles Day, 23d Mass.
Martin Warren, 81st N Y
John Cleveland, 3d Vt.
Pliny Gilmore, 12th N H.
John Daro, 12th N H.
Pat Farrell, 47th N Y.
Wm W Stag, 9th N Y.
L Hathaway, 25th Mass.
— Farmer, 10th N H.
Geo Stallman, 4th N H.
Ward Vinning, 27th Mass.
John Reynolds, 148th N Y.
Charles Miller, 148th N Y.
Wm Kelly, 2d N H.
Wm B Gates, 55th Penn.
Peter Vanland, 2d N Y Art.
Authur Pierce, 9th Maine.
Gray W Johnson, 13th N H.
James Miller, 98th N Y.
Louis Fuller, 27th Mass.
Dennis Delworth, 27th Mass
J B Littlefield, 9th Maine.
— Gibbs, 5th U S Art.
Thos Morton, 27th Mass.
S A Johnson, 118th N Y.
Daniel Anderson, 2d N H.
Geo F Mitchell, 148th N Y.
Elman B Cruler, 14th N H.
Wm Shipley, 8th Maine.
Geo Jones, 27th Mass.
Wm Weightman, 9th N J.
J H Dan, 117th N Y.
J Tibbets, 58th Penn.
J Newman, 12th N H.
G H Johnson, 25th Mass.
M Bunn, 142d N Y.
P Hettenger, 188th Penn.
J Trippman, 8th Md.
J V Holmes, 8th Me.
E H Curtis, 1st Me.
A A Bush, 9th N J.
J King, 89th N Y.
E Benson, 92d N Y.
J Munton, 117th N Y.
A K Blake, 13th N H.
F H Richard, 188th Penn.
A H Bruce, 98th N Y.
J J White, 89th N Y.
Wm McLaughlin, 55th Penn
A S Cooper, 89th N Y.
Wm Smelan, 118th N Y.
Wm J Pierce, 4th N H.
B Hankman, 4th N H.
P Bradpef, 55th Penn.
J A Gardner, 139th N Y.
J W Hill, 12th N H.
G A Sammis, 48th N Y.
J P Lewis, 48th N Y.
Dennis Maher, 92d N Y.
J F Hollet, 115th N Y.
G A Seward, 13th N H.
Peter Smith, 2d N H.
R J Sembly, 58th Penn.
N Manning, 10th N H.
G S Davis, 8th Me.
T A Loesind, 2d N H.
T M Sweeney, 23d Mass.
A C Ellison, 23d Mass.
J M Patterson, 81st N Y.
H B Goodman, 147th N Y.
Geo B Covell, 11th Conn.
A Gast, 188th Penn.
James Armstrong, 37th N Y.
S Makel, 81st N Y.
R Joice, 96th N Y.
A B Haywart, 2d N H.
B Bogardus, 148th N Y.
C Lippie, 188th Penn.
Wm C Bryant, 12th N H
J Bender, 55th Penn.
Thomas Parker, 55th Penn.
G Brunn, 2d N H.
C Maude, 11th Conn.
J Morrace, 188th Penn.
M J Mitchell, 55th Penn.
G Remayley, 188th Penn.
M W Davis, 25th Mass.
J Egan, 96th N Y.
A Dixy, 139th N Y.
A Johnes, 12th N H.
J M Griggs, 11th Conn.
R Marshall, 148th N Y.
L Moray, 25 Mass.
J Gordon, 12th N H.
George Burr, 25th Mass.
L Elwell, 25th Mass.
A Shott, 148th N Y.
W Knight, 9th Maine.
W D Lever, 40th Mass.
W Pearce, 40th Mass.
J M Figary, 5th U S art'y.
T Richmond, 9th Maine.
P Mahon, 12th New Hamp.
G Brin, 25th Mass.
P Kenyon, 117th New-York.
J A McCullum, 25th Mass.
E Cook, 13th Indiana.
A S Auger, 25th Mass.
W Connarty, 139th N. York.
Geo Fahrenback, 55th P V.
Wm Adams, 112th P V.
David Ball, 188th P V.
L Brush, 11th Conn V.
N Martin, 32d Maine.
G W Trumbull, 115th N Y.
S Crull, 27th Massachusetts.
C W Rhodes, 115th N York.
Fitz G Hollister, 8th C V.
A Bartram, 8th Conn V.
Lapoint, 118th New-York.
Louis Tahro, 13th N Hamp.
H Pickeaston, 118th N York.
J H Wilcox, 81st N York.
P Sherman, 1st N Y mounted rifles.
P Bachman, 1st New-York mounted rifles.
Frank Malcom, 112th N Y.
H W Barber, 112th N York.
A C Barnes, 112th N York.
L Hamilton, Cornell Legion.
— Westerman, 2d N H.
W B Saxton, 27th Mass.
D R Sawyer, 27th Mass.
G T Sterns, 25th Mass.
D Lynch, 25th Mass.
B Frirco, 90th N Y.
C T Munroe, 8th Me.
De Walsack, 98th N Y.
M Nugent, 25th Mass.
— Pickett, 25th Mass.
John Martin, 25th Mass.
M Krach, 25th Mass.
P Rice, 25th Mass.
F D Potter, 25th Mass.
M B Berry, 25th Mass.
J Ward, 81st N Y.
G A Buchanan, 148th N Y.
J Taylor, 2d N H.
H Murry, 98th N Y.
— Pruyn, 118th N Y.
J O'Connor, 188th Penn.
D King, 55th Penn.
N Fratk, 188th Penn.
C Colwell, 98th N Y.
— Gills, 148th N Y.
D Hutchinson, 40th Mass.
W E Mene, 25th Mass.
— Crocker, 23d Mass.
— Sterling, 23d Mass.
E Kinger, 55th Penn.
J Wutry, Jr, 8th Me.
E G Jewett, 12th N H.
E Falkinson, 140th N Y.
A Tuessell, 23d Mass.
W H Brum, 81st N Y.
C Lauetoo, 8th Me.
J Carper, 25th Mass.
J L Hill, 25th Mass.
R W Willey, 10th N H.
E C Hendrick, 27th Mass.
M Durgan, 2d N H.
F Way, 25th Mass.
J M Hanny, 25th Mass.
J Reed, 148th N Y.
C W Foss, 10th N H.
J Merois, 11th Ct.
P Kenny, 25th Mass.
E J Plummer, 12th N H
W J Hanley, 148th N Y.
J H Beard, 25th Mass.
A Wyant, 188th Pa.
J Eastman, 11th Ct.
L Drayer, 188th Pa.
J W Lar'awicy, 81st N Y.
C E Chase, 12th N H.
E F Cline, 55th Pa.
N S Dickenson, 25th Mass.
J E Hilton, 8th Me.
George Smith, 81st N Y.
L Lender, 25th Mass.
M Ettinger, 4th N J Bat.
J B Rever, 12th N H.
L Heft, 12th N H.
Wm Marks, 2d N H.
Wm Challenger, 88th Pa.
Wm Miller, 188th Pa.
L Hathaway, 25th Mass.
E Johnson, 55th Penn.
J Fitzgerald, 55th Penn.
E. Woodbury, 13th N H.
G G Snover, 58th Penn.
C Pasin, Gen Deven's Staff.
H Hardingame, 27th Mass.
E Richards, 8th Maine.
Wm Webber, 25th Mass.
Geo Smith, 96th Penn.
Henry Keffer, 55th Penn.
M McManning, 25th Mass.
Henry J Hyde, 81st N Y.
Geo B Weed, 8th Conn.
John Applegate, 9th N J.
Eli Ezenberg, 55th Penn.
F Hinel, 25th Mass.
A Munson, 8th Conn.
G W Octman, 55th Penn.
J Vallen, 13th N H.
D Turner, 4th N H.
G W Chamberlain, 148th N Y
J PMiller, 11th Conn.
S C Gibbs, 8th Maine.
Geo B Dickey, 115th N Y.
John Burke, 13th N Y.
M J Mayhew, 89th N Y.
F Dyer, 89th N Y.
J Higgins, 11th Conn.
G W Hall, 58th Penn.
J Bogell, 81st N Y.
D Crenman, 117th N Y.
O H. Devany, 148th N Y.
G W Yerks, 48th N Y.
A Horton, 48th N Y.
L Bennett, 118th N Y.
H W Collard, 2d N H.
F C Wright, 27th Mass.
O Dutton, 8th Me.
R W Braddell, 8th Me.
J W Johnson, 2d N H.
Henry Sheller, 109th N Y.
John Kalany, 49th N Y.
A Townsend, 10th N H.
J J Corovan, 40th Mass.
Mitchael Carrol, 117th N Y.
J D Beber, 10th N Y Art.
John Dinen, 98th N Y.
M D Burrell, 35th Mass.
Lewis Besono, 142d N Y.
D Waterfield, 89th N Y.
J J Johnson, 48th N Y.
George B Meags, 117th N Y.
C E Lausen, 89th N Y.
P Bonner, 58th Penn.
John Grover, 58th Penn.
N Peck, 188th Penn.
Isaac Foster, 98th N Y.
Truman Russell, 76th Penn.
John Fitch, 76th Penn.
Jos W Roberts, 76th Penn.
Patk Lanning, 76th Penn.
P A Ewing, 9th N J.
W H Roberts, 98th N Y.
— Wells, 98th N Y.
J Jackson, 97th Penn.
H Holland, 97th Penn.
A V Gillett, 92d N Y.
W H Greenwood, 21st Conn.
P J Cumings, 188th Penn.
O C Dowens, 2d N H.
S Wood, 53d Penn.
P Sullivan, 2d N H.
T Cullins, 2d N H.
D Goodard, 25th Mass.
C Howel, 25th Mass.
M Keiting, 25th Mass.
L Stone, 25th Mass.
P Stevens, 8th Me.
H Glenson, 15th N H.
W A Malony, 55th Penn.
J O'Neal, 55th Penn.
J Craig, 55th Penn.
J McGrath, 11th Conn.
J Leery, 98th N Y.
A Lyons, 58th N Y.
J Pickney, 23d Mass.
L H Truman, 27th Mass.
B Q Hurry, 23d Mass.
A D Whitcomb, 25th Mass.
J Lowe, 188th N Y.
E Elger, 8th Conn.
M Lolligan, 2d N H
J S Daniels, 2d N H.
O T Carter, 2d N H.
J McCarty, 25th Mass.
M Kennedy, 23d Mass.
B Alden, 25th Mass.
C Maffit, 25th Mass.
C W Hoyt, 12th N H.
H P Grover, 112th New York.
J Cagrell, 112th New-York.
Peter Burdick, 55th Penn.
J Pringer, 112th New-York.
J A Stolbom, 112th N York.
W J Kingsland, 112th N Y.
C E Warner, 112th N York.
J Wright, 112th New-York.
Edwin Davis, 112th N York.
M Fitch, 112th New-York.
J J Munson, 112th N York.
H S Bruno, 25th Mass.
Charles Menger, 112th N Y.
S Dopiro, 112th New-York.
T H Rolph, 112th N York.
H Baldwin, 112th N York.
J M Hodge, 148th N York.
John Thomas, 11th Ct Vols.
J Bishop, 148th New-York.
W Kenny, 25th Mass.
T Tucken, 139th New-York.
G Deal, 148th New-York.
J Hockenberg, 55th Penn.
R Humes, 25th Mass.
E Green, 40th Mass.
C H Smith, 2d R Island.
John Murphy, 21st Ct Vols.
S W Dickinson, 148th N Y.
A W Fisk, 23d Mass.
Charles Elliott, 2d N Hamp.
J McGregor, 9th N Jersey.
Charles Guy, 9th N Jersey.
Claris Rescre, 98th N York.
P D Perkins, 12th N H.
Capt Lane, 8th Me.
R N Wallace, 12th N H.
G W Ellsworth, 12th N H.
W J Wilson, 188th Penn.
N S Skinner, 188th Penn.
CaptPalmeter, 118th N Y.
W NButterfield, 25th Mass.
W Smithson, 8th C V.
A Breztly, 81st P V.
J Fry, 55th Penn.
V Hassey, 55th Penn.
S Wager, 1st U S Art.
Lieut Brannman, ADC, 2d Brig 1st Division.
C Osgood, 40th Mass.
J McCrun, 188th Penn.
M C Murrey, 25th Mass.
P Hannagan, 25th Mass.
R G Rex, 98th N Y.
J Wimple, 81st N Y.
W B Avery, 21st C V.
Lieut Tucker, AAG, 1st Brig 2d Division.
M Stoutenberg, 148th N Y.
J L Freeman, 148th N Y.
G L Smith, Jr, 148th N Y.
D Schuft, 12th N H.
G Fry, 2d N H.
T Waugh, 10th N H.
F Gantz, 98th N Y.
L N Fry, 55th Penn.
G C Refty, 55th Penn.
A M Martin, 27th Mass.
G W Stone, 25th Mass.
J Nesbit, 55th Pa.
J Quin, 10th N H.
J Hoffman, 139th N Y.
S Bates, 188th Pa.
H H Bellows, 25th Mass.
N B Weaver, 23d Mass.
E G Josephs, 40th Mass.
W Johnson, 2d N H.
A Hutchinson, 23d Mass.
C Humphrey, 58th Pa.
C Rowe, 8th Me.
W Drabors, 2d N H.
N W Adams, 2d N H.
R McDurmit, 10th N H.
C Day, 23d Mass.
E H Martly, 55th Pa.
J Eastard, 55th Pa.
O Bayleys, 40th Mass.
W H Duah, 55th Pa.
J Shank, 55th Pa.
D Bates, 27th Mass.
J McQuade, 25th Mass.
H B Morry, 8th Me.
Charles Calmer, 11th Ct.
H Ditzman, 11th Ct.
Chas Young, 10th N H.
A W Ellenville, 25th Mass.
M B Bernard, 21st Ct.
W Gallager, 145th N Y.
C L Hoyt, 10th N H.
J Layton, 8th Me.
A D Pinet, 27th Mass.
J P Randall, 13th N H.
A O Gaskell, 18th N H.
S T Richardson, 13th N H.
E P Lawrence, 25th Mass.
S C Taft, 25th Mass.
G V Levin, 188th Penn.
E J McHaugh, 25th Mass.
H Packard, 8th Maine.
J King, 55th Penn.
H Shurts, 55th Penn.
J L Rust, 27th Mass.
C O'Connor, 27th Mass.
J L Schenck, 55th Penn.
W Ostrander, 11th C V.
J Ryan, 11th C V.
C Greenwood, 25th Mass.
J W Rogers, 2d N H.
W H Hedden, 12th N H.
J Gregory, 58th Penn.
T F Carpenter, 25th Mass.
J Brower, 148th N Y.
D Labin, 148th N Y.
J Dennison, 139th N Y.
W H Barton, 139th N Y.
B Van Horn, 139th N Y.
J C Alord, 13th N H.
F Malcomb, 112th N Y.
Corp H A Barber, 112th N Y.
A C Barnes, 112th N Y.
H P Grover, 112th N Y.
J Cagrell, 112th N Y.
P Burdick, 58th Penn.
Corp J Springer, 112th N Y.
J H Slolotbone, 112th N Y.
W J Kingsland, 112th N Y.
C W Warner, 112th N Y.
J Wright, 112th N Y.
E Davis, 112th N Y.
Corp M Fitch, 112th N Y.
J J Munson, 112th N Y.
Corp H L Brown, 25th Mass.
C Minger, 112th N Y.
S Depin, 112th N Y.
Corp T H Rolph, 112th N Y.
H Baldwin, 112th N Y.
J Caton, 195th N Y.
W Swanson, 112th N Y.
Capt J G Palmetter, 112th N Y.
T J Peterson, 112th N Y.
J Casey, 112th N Y.
W Denison, 112th N Y.
J Tillison, 112th N Y.
J T Knapp, 112th N Y.
Corp E C Beacher, 112th N Y.
Capt G Farr, 13th N H.
Sergt J C Smith, 112th N Y.
L Bray, 9th Maine.
F Bardman, 112th N Y.
H Christie, 112th N Y.
D S Syon, 112th N Y.
C Slayton, 112th N Y.
J B Randall, 169th N Y.
M Dowed, 48th N Y.
J Imyack, 169th N Y.
J Loncks, 112th N Y.
G Hamilton, 81st N Y.
W Tesphning, 9th N Y Art.
Corp W H Snider, 9th New-York Artillery.
Geo Desell. Sen, 169th N Y.
Sergt M Roott, 169th N Y.
Corp T Ross, 169th N Y.
A Bailey, 169th N Y.
J Roder, 76th Penn.
Geo Burger, 169th N Y.
J Mower, 169th N Y.
J Hobert, 112th N Y.
J Powles, 48th N Y.
T R Dakin, 9th Maine.
A Blodgett, 9th Maine.
Sergt H Holiday, 98th N Y.
F Farrill, 98th N Y.
P Murphy, 98th N Y.
P Jasson, 98th N Y.
J West, 169th N Y.
L Scojied, 112th N Y.
Corp E R Wadleigh, 9th Me
A Jones, 112th N Y.
J Oakes, 112th N Y.
E Coren, 169th N Y.
T Hope, 169th N Y.
Corp W F Fakes, 76th Penn
Sergt O J Brown, 118th N Y
F Hinton, 9th Maine.
F Wilson, 112th N Y.
G Blaus, 169th N Y.
F Sanborn, 112th N Y.
M M Haslow, 9th Maine.
Corp A D Hazard, 112th N Y
H Ditman, 188th Penn.
F Canard, 188th Penn.
G W Blachman, 115th N Y.
J Rozenburgh, 49th N Y.
F Clure, 76th Penn.
M C Williams, 188th Penn.
G Zenels, 58th Penn.
G Swift, 40th Mass.
N H Wood, 40th Mass.
G W Hammond, 40th Mass.
G W Hathaway, 40th Mass.
A Gray, 188th Penn.
Capt Muller, 188th Penn.
Lieut Didley, 188th Penn.
J Shaffer, 13th N H.
Joseph Stone, 92d N Y.
Henry B Sidney, 112th N Y.
Geo Lewis, 92d N Y.
Geo Shorer, 13th N H.
E G Allen, 13th N H.
Wm B Lowey, 13th N H.
Geo H Day, 40th Mass.
Wilson Kuse, 82d Penn.
J N Simpson, 13th Indiana.
D P Wilson, 13th N H.
R M Seller, 13th N H.
Sergt W H Baster, 139th N Y
S Bell, 92d N Y.
Capt C P Boswell, 92d N Y.
D Placer, 112th N Y.
Geo K Arnold, 188th Penn.
N Berger, 92d N Y.
J C Robillard, 118th N Y.
Sergt E E Clatie, 118th N Y.
Lieut Wm McCormick, 139th New-York.
Sergt L Y Diller, 76th Pa.
M F Wicks, 139th Pa.
J Drake, 48th New-York.
H Smith, 14th N J.
Chas De Graff, 76th Pa.
Corp G W Adams, 58th Pa.
Sergt Geo Lanin, 169th N Y.
Geo Mastin, 48th N Y.
N H Secoir, 9th N Y Art.
S Nevins, 48th N Y.
Sergt J H Williams, 169th New-York.
J D Smith, 47th N Y.
Jas Hughes, 47th N Y.
Sergt A Maskey, 47th N Y.
J Meyers, 47th N Y.
First-Sergt J Riley, 47th New-York.
Capt R A Francis (Gen Marston's Staff,) 47th N Y.
R Edwards, 9th N Y Art.
G Brooksbrank, 48th N Y.
Sergt P J Ripmer, 169th New-York.
Wm L Lyon, 26th Pa.
Fredk Iden, 48th N Y.
Sergt J T Saxey, 48th N Y.
A Gaipel, 14th N J.
Corp B M Healing, 47th New-York.
A Carroll, 47th N Y.
L B Miller, 169th N Y.
S McGath, 169th N Y.
M P Heldith, 188th Penn.
J W Drew, 40th Mass.
C Baldwin, 58th Penn.
G Miller, 2d Conn Artillery.
C F Prisson, 40th Mass.
Sergt G M Clapp, 40th Mass.
R V Cord, 40th Mass.
F Moon, 115th New-York.
A J DeHaven, 48th N Y.
D B Messler, 48th N Y.
Lieut C E Morey, 169th N Y.
T Fowler, 92d New-York.
J Fank, 188th Pennsylvania.
N Terry, 112th New-York.
F G Robinson, 58th Penn.
J W Palmeter, 112th N Y.
T F Dutton, 9th Maine.
H Kisker, 122d Ohio.
Jos Kelley, 112th N Y.
M Clancy, 49th New-York.
N Kemp, 81st New York.
P C Emmons, 48th N Y.
J J Stully, 139th N Y.
Jas Weed, 188th Penn.
David Martin, 81st N Y.
Sergt S Howes, 98th N Y.
M Pickelt, 112th New-York.
P H Gowen, 112th N Y.
Sergt B H Hudson, 139th N Y.
E Dukemem, 139th N Y.
W H Monty, 118th N Y.
Henry Watson, 139th N Y.
H T Bailey, 139th N Y.
Sgt W H Bartow, 139th N Y.
Corp J Murphey, 139th N Y.
Sgt T J Canavaugh, 139th New-York.
Corp P Leavley, 139th N Y.
M Hughs, 139th New-York.
J Belhman, 56th Penn.
R Neely, 139th New-York.
D Stuckerd, 47th N Y.
Corp P Barnes, 139th N Y.
Sergeant D Robinson, 139th New-York.
W Cazner, 139th N Y.
S Onness, 139th N Y.
R G Beaty, 139th N Y.
W Booth, 139th N Y.
G Neuer, 139th N Y.
Corp J Collen, 139th N Y.
C Hooper, 139th N Y.
P Baine, 97th Mass.
C Hain, 139th N Y.
N R Meadows, 139th N Y.
Corp C A Hugg, 139th N Y.
Sergeant J W Hunter, 139th New-York.
J Bradley, 139th N Y.
J Pfeifer, 139th N Y.
T Durphley, 139th N Y.
J McCormick, 139th N Y.
P Karagan, 139th N Y.
V H Sweren, 92d N Y.
Corporal M P Franks, 139th New-York.
T McMannus, 139th N Y.
Sergeant S F Requa, 139th New-York.
Corp J Bailey, 10th N Y.
Sergeant A Claypool, 139th New-York.
Sergt C Roclin, 168th Penn.
Sergt G O Gold, 2d N H.
A H Power, 112th N Y.
Michael Morse, 92d N Y.
U L Stinenbergh, 92d N Y.
Dwight Stanton, 92d N Y.
Hiram Anderson, 92d N Y.
Geo W Hall, 148th N Y.
David Cries, 148th N Y.
P A Wollsey, 137th N Y.
E S Seabury, 92d N Y.
E G Aslin, 13th N H.
J Tripp, 81st N Y.
Caspar Brinn, 81st N Y.
Samuel Hetcher, 12th N H.
Joseph Bailey, 10th N H.
George Grun, 169th N Y.
Theodore Been, 112th N Y.
J C Osman, 188th Penn.
Albert McCarthy, 48th N Y.
Asher Hart, 48th N Y.
Thomas Mackie, 48th N Y.
Thos Livingston, 48th N Y.
N A Sullivan, 48th N Y.
H C Willard, 13th N H.
Albert Burnham, 13th N Y.
J S Gardner, 112th N Y.
Corp H Link, 112th N Y.
Corp E W Webb, 9th Me.
1st Lieut L T McKinney, 9th Maine.
L B Kreider, 48th N Y.
W Segee, 9th Me.
A Hungerford, 9th Me.
J Dewing, 169th N Y.
P Jasson, 98th N Y.
C Merritt, 92d N Y.
J Mastall, 92d N Y.
S Riley, 9th Me.
J Dasline, 92d N Y.
W S Walker, 9th Me.
Corp W Fowle, 9th Me.
Sergt T Monter, 76th Penn.
H Locust, 76th Penn.
C B Traver, 112th N Y.
P Littirman, 67th N Y.
Corp J H King, 9th N Y Art.
J W Green, 2d Conn.
J Frazier, 58th Penn.
Col Comdg Brig J C Drake, 112th N Y.
Lieut Greenwood, 9th N Y Artillery.
J Thompson, 9th Me.
J Crocker, 9th Me.
C Bruce, 169th N Y.
M Blake, 9th Me.
M Bootey, 112th N Y.
A Haine, 2d Conn.
L B Keys, 112th N Y.
A Carpinter, 10th N H.
O McDonald, 48th N Y.
Capt Lewis Cross, 9th Me.
M Crocker, 9th Maine.
Sergt J Ash, 6th Md.
Geo Fellows, 169th N Y.
Wm S Parsons, 169th N Y.
Sergt M Russell, 169th N Y.
Geo Farren, 14th N J.
E Perkins, 98th N Y.
M Perry, 40th Mass.
Chas Walsh, 2d Conn.
Geo Magh, 2d Conn.
John J Sampson, 188th Pennsylvania.
E M Scott, 188th Penn.
L S Spense, 188th Penn.
T H Briggs, 40th Mass.
P Carroll, 40th Mass.
Henry Dilman, 6th Md.
T Leonard, 2d Conn.
G T Addison, 40th Mass.
G Smith, 76th Penn.
H Cadding, 112th N Y.
S M Hawkins, 58th Penn.
O Town, 10th Vermont.
P Cahill, 47th N Y.
J C Wilkinson, 40th Mass.
E Baker, 40th Mass.
John McPherson, 14th N J.
E Brooks, 188th Penn.
C Winver, 48th N Y.
Sergt W H Allen, 48th N Y.
H M Haywood, 40th Mass.
O M White, 40th Mass.
O Gaster, 112th N Y.
E Slayton, 112th N Y.
M Alton, 112th N Y.
E Williams, 8th Conn.
Jas De Haven, 188th Penn.
Geo Miller, 188th Penn.
B Wright, 47th N Y.
Adjt P B Cassidy, 188th Pa.
Corp Chas Hand, 188th Pa.
Capt N H Davis, 98th N Y.
Corp A B Van Buren, 169th New-York.
Sergt C H McArthur, 98th New-York.
R M McGilroy, 13th N H.
O D Way, 139th N Y.
N Plunton, 92d N Y.
A Connor, 11th Conn.
W Belden, 40th Mass.
M McCarthy, 139th N Y.
Sergt A Bustard, 40th Mass.
H Tredo, 98th N Y.
A Bellow, 10th Vermont.
S Wilber, 40th Mass.
A M Boody, 13th N H.
J T Cummings, 40th Mass.
John Albert, 58th Penn.
Van D D Babcock, 81st N Y.
Sergt J Adams, 188th Penn.
M W Richardson, 13th N H.
P O'Brien, 81st N Y.
Daniel Becker, 81st N Y.
R Proctor, 81st N Y.
J Collins, 9th N Y Art.
J McCarthy, 81st N Y.
Corp Geo Darling, 81st N Y.
Paul Lopo, 10th N H.
J Y Learuse, 188th Pa.
M Matrath 169th N Y.
M Brander, 169th N Y.
J Banline, 169th N Y.
B Moore, 169th N Y.
Wm Perrine, 14th N J.
N H Nelson, 10th Vermont.
O Thompson, 9th N Y Art.
J S Palmeby, 2d Conn Art.
Joseph Hasper, 126th Ohio.
— Rew, 76th Pa.
S W Whitford, 112th N Y.
Wm B Lead, 2d Conn Art.
Geo Booker, 169th N Y.
O Winslow, 9th Maine.
Corp Jas Spear, 9th Maine.
Corp C. J. Perkins, 9th Me.
Sergt S M Plummer, 9th Me.
D Corbit, 169th N Y.
Corp P Murphy, 169th New-York.
G T Bachelor, 169th N Y.
M Dreker, 169th N Y.
E B Porter, 9th Maine.
J M McRee, 76th Pa.
S H Shaw, 112th N Y.
J H Nolan, 169th N Y.
J Buckhart, 49th N Y.
W F Smith, 112th N Y.
P Eagan, 47th N Y.
Corp M Rowe, 47th N Y.
Sergt J A Gevinn, 76th Pa.
Chas Loston, 58th Pa.
Corp S W Green, 40th Mass.
D Rulsr, 196th N Y.
Lewis Cannon, 8th N C.
A S Rosh, 188th Pa.
Corp E A Perry, 139th N Y.
J A Treho, 139th N Y.
A Neil, 112th New-York.
C Kenoway, 98th N Y.
F Gutbald, 25th Mass.
A Main, 81st New-York.
Corp J Riley, 139th N Y.
P P Van Horn, 139th N Y.
H Sears, 27th Mass.
R Perkins, 98th New-York.
Sgt P P Cutter, 27th Mass.
Chas Cornell, 48th N Y.
Sgt M Lapoint, 96th N Y.
P B Green, 139th N Y.
W T Graham, 188th Penn.
James Dyne, 81st N Y.
Calvin Wheat, 81st N Y.
Capt B E Baeel, 188th Penn.
L C Bridge, 81st N Y.
W A Brozee, 27th Mass.
H Spooner, 29th Mass.
Corp A McIntosh, 9th Me.
Jno Kennedy, 139th N Y.
P Carey, 139th N Y.
J F Green, 112th N Y.
L Quigley, 139th N Y.
J Mayers, 188th Penn.
G W Heath, 112th N Y.
Allen Harp, 81st N Y.
W E Carr, 27th Mass.
J H Richard, 81st N Y.
Wm Bishop, 81st N Y.
Col Sgt E T Gower, 96th N Y.
James Flynn, 139th N Y.
F Miller, 8th Conn.
P Austin, 112th N Y.
J Neil, 139th N Y.
W D Holt, 76th Penn.
W H Campbell, 139th N Y.
Corp J R Phair, 139th N Y.
M P Morrey, 76th Penn.
C Dupell, 139th N Y.
Sergt A H Stoothoof, 139th New-York.
Sgt A C Brasted, 96th N Y.
J Wilber, 81st N Y.
J W Combs, 18th Conn.
D Modix, 106th N Y.
C H Clay, 96th N Y.
F Bashing, 2d Conn.
G Lawrence, 11th Vt Art.
W W Cummings, 27th Mass.
H Smith, 27th Mass.
Corporal C H Noyes, 169th New-York.
J McGinness, 169th N Y.
T McKennia, 169th N Y.
J Milligan, 169th N Y.
A Elliott, 48th N Y.
Sergeant S H Winans, 81st New-York.
J Gordan, 139th N Y.
E Sherman, 188th Penn.
M Burroughs, 148th N Y.
Corp A Carr, 112th N Y.
E M Wheelock, 25th Mass.
C Allen, 25th Mass.
W B Barton, Col comm'g brigade, 48th N Y.
F D Painter, 2d Conn Art.
M Carroll, 11th Vt.
A Tolip, 96th N Y.
Corp E Dobbins, 98th Penn.
Thos Coffin, 112th New-York.
Thos Menigan, 48th N Y.
Henry R Brown, 13th N H.
Sergt W L Stepp, 13th Ind.
Lieut Parsons, Gen Devins staff.
R B Stillman, 169th N Y.
Patrick Shanley, 48th N Y.
A S Doty, 8th Maine.
Wm Bashey, 25th Mass.
Sergt J H Straight, 169th New-York.
Geo McRay, 47th New-York
D Sullivan, 188th Penn.
John Saper, 58th Penn.
Wm F Hawley, 148th N Y.
Edwd Vincent, 86th Penn.
Lieut Fred'k E Lowell, 40th Massachusetts.
W C Redman, 98th N Y.
J H Thompson, 139th N Y.
John M Lester, 2d Conn. Art
Wm Slack, 98th New-York.
D W Hinkins, 14th N J.
Addison Green, 112th N Y.
Timothy Cole, 81st N Y.
Sergt A S Cummings, 98th New-York.
Ira Huntington, 92d N Y.
Michael Donahoe, 25th Mass
1st Lieut Jas H Barratt, 48th New-York.
Benj Wheaton, 115th N Y.
W M Swartwout, 169th N Y.
Sergt S Cruckshank, 169th New-York.
S C Sergent, 169th N Y.
Corp J De Haven, 169th New-York.
W A Cowles, 25th Mass.
G C Wagner, 169th N Y.
H Morrill, 12th N H.
John McGuire, 98th N Y.
W Smith, 98th N Y.
E D Thompson, 26th Mass.
Isaac Garrison, 21st Conn.
A B McBath, 169th N Y.
O Epson, 21st Conn.
Walter Thomas, 98th N Y.
Geo E Place, 12th N H.
W B Steenburgh, 98th N Y.
2d Lt H Miller, 76th Penn.
E Delivan Cook, 81st N Y.
Dennis Roon, 148th N Y.
Quartermaster C W Wights, 12th N H.
J H Converse, 11th Conn.
M Lester, 98th Penn.
J Brown, 12th N H.
Jos C Newton, 11th Conn.
J Martin, 12th N H.
J Monnett, 81st N Y.
E W Dalton, 10th N H.
Sergt H H Clark, 81st N Y.
W Rady, 81st N Y.
P D Glove, 12th N H.
J W Mason, 12th N H.
C F Smith, 12th N H.
C W Walrath, 81st N Y.
P Gorman, 139th N Y.
H E Flynn, 81st N Y.
J N Hoyt, 12th N H.
Corp C H Mayaler, 10th NH.
Sergt G P Miller, 12th N H.
S Risby, 139th N Y.
G W Downs, 139th N Y.
James Boulger, 139th N Y.
T J Hastings, 3d Vt.
Corp C J Hamply, 21st Mass.
C B Demmond, 10th N H.
— McDougall, 188th Penn.
Peter Wednow, 96th N Y.
Sergt I Babcock, 96th N Y.
R D Larkins, 188th Penn.
Truman Ward, 96th N Y.
W H Barnhardt, 92d N Y.
Moore Backman, 81st N Y.
J W Hammond, 92d N Y.
J H Weller, 188th Penn.
Geo Warren, 11th Conn.
Henry W Peters, 10th N H.
H C Barnes, 81st N Y.
Wm Brown, 12th N H.
H Philips, 188th Penn.
Thos Lorton, 81st N Y.
Thos Curtis, 48th N Y.
Sergt J C Perkins, 81st N Y.
Fredk Frost, 12th N H.
And Fay, 4th U S Artillery.
C W Levett, 27th Mass.
H Holmes, 148th N Y.
A H Hillgrove, 12th N H.
Allen Tuskroi, 81st N Y.
V Lapoint, 81st N Y.
C M Miller, 98th N Y.
G C Blaisdell, 25th Mass.
Capt G W Gordon, 2d N H.
Saml Healy, 25th Mass.
Sergt D Methoway, 81st N Y.
Corp C Foron, 81st N Y.
E Cassier, 25th Mass.
G Bollier, 12th N H.
M M Griffin, 58th Penn.
A Slick, 58th Penn.
L Benedict, 81st N Y.
W J Updyke, 148th N Y.
C H Heath, 12th N H.
P Kettle, 148th N Y.
G W Foot, 92d N Y.
J Waters, 27th N Y.
J Latin, 8th Maine.
J Parker, 188th Penn.
A Walden, 2d N H.
H W King, 98th N Y.
Lieut C Pelton, 25th Mass.
W T Bachelor, 12th N H.
J E Ham, 1st N Y Art.
Sgt S G Blassley, 12th N H.
T Desby, 81st N Y.
W Rowe, 139th N Y.
W Churchill, 81st N Y.
F Jones, 81st N Y.
J Simpson, 81st N Y.
W A Barratt, 10th N H.
W Kelley, 11th Conn.
Sgt J T Stockbridge, 12th New-Hampshire.
Geo W Hasbey, 8th Conn.
A Marshall, 81st N Y.
J Forney, 81st N Y.
O A Colby, 12th N H.
J Conker, 148th N Y.
P J Eastman, 81st N Y
Capt Allen, 11th Conn.
John H Lord.
Geo Atwood, 10th N H.
A Walling, 81st N Y.
C Hotciling, 81st N Y.
Corp J Hager, 81st N Y.
C C Stanton, 81st N Y.
J Reardon, 10th N H.
J Horton, 4th U S Artillery.
J Call, 148th N Y.
Sergt W Murphy, 96th N Y.
O J Ranlet, 12th N H.
T Morgan, 98th N Y.
J Buchanan, 98th N Y.
W White, 14th N Y.
J H Hartwell, 2d N H.
Benj Brown, 11th Conn.
Sergt C L Sheldon, 12th N H.
F Leroy, 81st N Y.
R E Lawrence, 81st N Y.
J Lekenteley, 81st N Y.
A B Cooper, 148th N Y.
G W Ford, 148th N Y.
Lieut C J Johnson, 148th N Y.
Capt J Cooley, 148th N Y.
Corp T Pringle, 148th N Y.
Sergt E Beadles, 148th N Y.
Sergt H Rumsey, 148th N Y.
J Feedry, 148th N Y.
J W Pilver, 148th N Y.
L H Lamper, 12th N H
D Bakitt, 23d Mass.
S Uhl, 188th Penn.
Fredk McCall, 11th Conn.
F Sackett, 27th Mass.
D Sullivan, 8th Me.
S Sinter, 3d Vt.
Corp H B Achree, 20th Conn
B Craver, 11th Conn.
— Cronk, 11th Conn.
H B Bashaw, 92d N Y.
A Griffin, 96th N Y.
P Sprunes, 55th Penn.
F Lehan, 188th Penn.
Surgeon Leslie, 13th NH.
J Buhier, 8th Me.
— Meyers, 2d N H.
S Healey, 25th Mass.
Surg Mishoroway, 81st N Y.
J Hagron, 81st N Y.
A Pease, 55th Penn.
P Pamhurst, 55th Penn.
L Dow, 10th N H.
Capt J C Shearer, 55th Penn
J Hower, 81st N Y.
— Henrykich, 81st N Y.
W W Bailey, 13th N H.
F Tyson, 55th Penn.
Lieut J C Woodworth, 25th Mass.
F Elliott, 8th Me.
A A Mason, 11th Conn.
A Kavanaugh, 7th N H.
Surg. G H Page, 25th Mass.
Peter Mallett, 95th N Y.
R Carrow, 25th Mass.
Corp A A Brown, 25th Mass.
John Sands, 11th Conn.
Corp T O Preel, 25th Mass.
John M Gregor, 55th Penn.
H Parrish, 81st N Y.
Hugh McLuckley, 81st N Y.
Lieut W McCay, 27th Mass.
M Peters, 81st N Y.
O Tyrell, 188th N Y.
O Marr, 8th Me.
E Holbrook, 40th Mass.
E D Cooper, 92d N Y.
J Bogell, 81st N Y.
G Barrey, 81st N Y
E. Boiled, 2d N H.
T O Malory, 2d N H.
G Rowe, 139th N Y.
G Byson, 10th N H.
W B Wells, 12th N H.
E Godfrey, 58th Penn.
H Newell, 22d Mass.
J C Hoeneck, 56th Penn.
S Mead, 96th N Y.
W Junsher, 148th N Y.
2d Lieut Henry Hall, 112th New-York.
Geo W Anthony, 81st N Y.
Corp L J Tryon, 81st N Y.
R Quinby, 10th N H.
Chas Watson, 11th Conn.
Robt Addington, 188th Penn
Sergt C H Herbison, 48th New-York.
John Mash, 11th Conn.
Sergt A P McKenney, 8th Maine.
Henry Hawley, 27th Mass.
C F Hallowell, 55th Penn.
Adjt Joseph Taylor, 48th New-York.
John Schoenacker, 9th N Y.
Corp Frank McCoul, 112th New-York.
Geo Hughs, 8th N Carolina.
Sam'l McHorney, 8th N C.
Sergt F Russell, 27th Massachusetts.
Wm Fuller, 27th Mass.
Geo W Lee, 48th New-York
John Saper, 139th N Y.
Corp J P Cyphor, 76th Penn.
D W Russell, 10th N H.
G H Dodge, 27th Mass.
Capt S C Beecher, 139th N Y
J P Johnson, 188th Penn.
A Held, 139th New-York.
Corp Hiram Gooding, 98th New-York.
Andw Emmond, 188th Penn.
John Snyder, 188th Penn.
David Cone, 115th N Y.
Marsh E Horton, 188th Pa.
Corp J E Howe, 55th Penn.
E Bowman, 139th N Y.
Patrick Fagan, 139th N Y.
John Hays, 98th N Y.
W H Knapp, 98th N Y.
J Rollins, 12th N H.
T Ryan, 11th Conn.
John Shippy, 81st N Y.
Charles Graham, 148th N Y.
Adam Boyer, 188th Penn.
W W Aldrich, 2d R I.
James Murray, 47th N Y.
Abram Rilts, 81st N Y.
Corp Jas Haines, 81st N Y.
H C Renney, 12th N H.
Sergt S T Goodale, 10th N H.
Lewis Slee, 10th N H.
George Brown, 12th N H.
Mus A J Bascomb, 96th N Y.
J L Dutchey, 11th Conn.
D M Dudley, 92d N Y.
Corp G W Dockham, 12th N H.
F M Gay, 12th N H.
W G Angel, 81st N Y.
George S Dutch, 8th Maine.
Patrick Doudle, 148th N Y.
Corp C B Holden, 81st N Y.
Andrew Bubbett, 12th N H.
Patrick Carroll, 148th N Y.
Joseph McClure, 148th N Y.
A Cox, 148th N Y.
Corp Fred Clark, 11th Conn.
G W Chase, 10th N H.
N A Upton, 10th N H.
J Gasnor, 98th N Y.
Isaac Smith, 27th Mass.
Wm Johnson, 21st Conn.
Ross McCann, 25th Mass.
J C Woodworth, 25th Mass.
2d Lt Geo. Burr, 25th Mass.
Corp L J Elwell, 25th Mass.
Corp J Mitchell, 25th Mass.
— Harnsley, 81st N Y.
P Hannigan, 25th Mass.
Capt T O Neill, 25th Mass.
Corp E D Goodell, 25th Mass.
1st Sergt C Hall, 25th Mass.
L W Stone, 25th Mass.
C H Bosworth, 25th Mass.
1st Lt C Smith, 169th N Y.
W J Stone, 25th Mass.
L Hesserrit, 25th Mass.
Adj H McConvill, 25th Mass.
J Wood, 11th Conn.
M Cleary, 98th N Y.
J Godhardt, 188th Penn.
D G Hallett, 40th Mass.
G Chalmers, 27th Mass.
Corp E Coles, 27th Mass.
G McEvaleth, 25th Mass.
P Pike, 27th Mass.
Wm Low, 23d Mass.
P Lowe, 188th Penn.
G S Seely, 40th Mass.
Sergt. G Gross, 115th N Y.
P McDonald, 148th N Y.
— McCasney, 92d N Y.
H Bissell, 11th Conn.
Hugh Speedie, 55th Penn.
Wm Ulman, 98th Penn.
H Wendall, 10th N H.
R H Danforth, 12th N H.
J Kent, 10th N H.
J Brown, 11th Conn.
J Stanley, 12th N H.
Corp J Hane, 81st N Y.
W E Spencer, 11th Conn.
M St Mary, 98th N Y.
J Slack, 98th N Y.
J Bruley, 98th N Y.
M P Ralson, 23d Mass.
J G Wisner, 12th N H.
L DeLagh, 11th Conn.
W Higgins, 11th Conn.
S Morrison, 81st N Y.
J Tenton, 11th Conn.
Capt S P Reynolds, A A G 2d Brig 2d Army Corps.
Capt M S Shackford, 12th New-Hampshire.
C T Wimple, 81st N Y.
W Ormsby, 81st N Y.
J Kelley, 2d N H.
A Snyder, 81st N Y.
Capt DeForrest, 81st N Y.
F Almon, 148th N Y.
Sergt S Crolins, 81st N Y.
J Slooshoff, 139th N Y.
E G Haskins, 10th N H.
J Murphy, 10th N H.
Geo H Smith, 96th N Y.
C M Dunnivan, 96th N Y.
J Fitzgerald, 81st N Y.
Corporal H Mastin, 81st New York.
H Budd, 21st Conn.
Sergt J E Perkins, 81st N Y.
P McPherson, 139th N Y.
Lieut Taylor 8th Me.
J W Smith, 148th N Y.
C Loughuly, 81st N Y.
H Bloomengsthalls 188th Pa.
C Rose, 139th N Y.
A W Mead, 139th N Y.
Corp J Rodney, 148th N Y.
Sergt D D Correll, 14th Conn.
G H Sanford, 81st N Y.
N Speare, 92d N Y.
W Medinger, 148th N Y.
C Sherman, 188th Penn.
C Terwilliger, 21st Conn.
Maj Brewster, 25th Mass.
J Logan, 188th Penn.
J O Woodman, 12th N H.
D H Leanton, 92d N H.
P Orcubut, 8th Me.
J Wilson, 88th Penn.
J Chanselborough, 88th Penn.
J Bashardt, 88th Penn.
G W Gordon, 2d N H.
J E Hammond, 40th Mass.
Corp J P Filton, 23d Mass.
S Leeper, 98th N Y.
M Murphy, 27th Mass.
Busstead, 11th Conn.
L Hall, 81st N Y.
Surgeon S F Drury, 25th Mass.
F Wills, 10th N H.
Sergt J Bartlett, 81st N Y
Hosa A Bosworth, 25th Mass
R J Hall, 92d N Y.
J O Brady, 142d N Y.
S Langworth, 5th Vt.
Lieut H Bailey, 2d Vt.
J Coles, 58th Penn.
F H Range, 10th N H.
Corp D A Heapt, 55th Penn.
F F Knapp, 25th Mass.
P Teicher, 25th Mass.
T Apple, 25th Mass.
Frank Hockring, 2d N H.
M Marion, 139th N H.
M W Wilber, 2d N Y.
W D Campbell, 10th N H.
C G Engells, 8th Me.
Martin Brurgess, 9th Mass.
W M Pask, 25th Mass.
Surgeon H T Brickler, 148th N Y.
P Hayes, 27th Mass.
Corp J C Colton, 8th Me.
Lieut S Hubbard, 4th US Art
J Hewes, 2d N H.
J Cole, 188th Penn.
J Nelson, 2d N H.
J Armstrong, 148th N Y.
H Wadlams, 11th Conn.
Surg W E Dunham, 81st N Y
Henry M Allen, 81st N Y.
D Madder, 81st N Y.
Lt G H Baldorn, 40th Mass.
T Heath, 8th Me.
J Beader, 148th N Y.
J Antoni, 11th Conn.
Jno Hewett, 27th Mass.
Gilbert Senior, 11th Conn.
G Rensman, 25th Mass.
S S Stroupp, 55th Penn.
G Ploff, 118th N Y.
S McFarlan, 40th Mass.
J Rickey, 55th Penn.
Daniel Carby, 25th Mass.
Surg D M Murr, 8th Conn.
J C Baker, 55th Penn.
T Murray, 148th N Y.
A B McCool, 188th Penn.
Corp J Burnett, 25th Mass.
Henry J Hyde, 81st N Y.
J R Watt, 10th N H.
C J Moses, 88th Penn.
F Gilles, 25th Mass.
O Bogell, 11th Conn.

Wounded Officers.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

The following officers in the Army of the Potomac, who have recently been wounded at various of the battles in front of Richmond, reported at Dr. ANTISELL's office to-day:

Lieut Chas Weightman, I, 24th N Y Cavalry.
Capt M B Robbins, E, 109th New-York.
Lieut G D Craft, I, 100th N Y.
Capt C P Boswell, 92d N Y.
Lieut Clark Smith, 169th N Y
Lieut Geo F Gould, I, 2d N Y M Rifles.
Lieut-Col J N Raymond, 2d N Y M Rifles.
Capt H L Haskell, F, 198th New-York.
Capt E E Beed, 12th N H.
Capt I Squyer, K, 9th N Y A.
Lieut George Duff, D, 102d Penn.
Lieut-Col Francis H Richards, 18th Penn.
Lieut J R Maxham, H, 1st Vermont Artillery.
Capt Henry P Woodbury, F, 23d Mass Artillery.
Lieut Albert Pinder, I, 88th Mass Artillery.
Lieut M A Hanna, C, 180th Ohio.
Lieut Seymour Shiping, D, 6th Michigan Cavalry.
Lieut P J Duffy, B, 7th Vt.
Lieut R P Stamples, 13th N H.
Lieut A St C Smith, 13th N H.
Capt J C Sheaver, B, 55th Penn.
Lieut Sam B Horn, K, 11th Conn.
Capt V B Von Deirmith, G, 21st Penn Cav.

DEATHS OF SOLDIERS.

The following names appear among the deaths of soldiers reported to-day:

Philip Warfell, F, 147th O.
Thos Pryer, H, 18th Mass.
M B Littleton, G, 32d Mass.
C Dempsey, G, 32d Mass.
M L Jerdon, H, 57th Mass.
Wm H de Wolfe, M, 1st Me Heavy Art.
Sam Snow, F, 1st Me.
Geo H Smith, D, 2d R I.
George T Barnstead, I, 4th Conn.
Geo Belcher, G, 4th, N Y H Artillery.
J T Hicks, H, 8th N Y H Artillery.
Capt A L Gray, F, 96th N Y.
Levi Brockelbank, B, 4th N Y Heavy Art.

MORGAN'S RAID.

Further Respecting the Raid—The Rebels Near Frankfort—The City Under Martial Law.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Saturday, June 11.

Gen. CARRINGTON, has just received the following telegram from Gen. BURBRIDGE:

LEXINGTON, Friday, June 10—1 P. M.

Have heard nothing of or from Gov. BRAMLETTE. The rebels left here yesterday, for Georgetown. They are supposed to have gone east from here.

Gen. BURBRIDGE started in pursuit with fresh horses last night, and will push the rebels up and fight them steadily.

A messenger who left the Capital at 4 o'clock this morning reports that Frankfort is under martial law, and that all men capable of bearing arms have been armed to defend the city. The State archives were being removed to the Fort, and the Governor felt confident of holding until reinforcements should arrive.

A force of three thousand rebels occupy the Stockades three miles this side of Frankfort. They are trying to prevent reinforcements reaching Frankfort from Louisville.

The Union troops made an attack last night on the Stockades, but were repulsed by superior numbers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Saturday, June 11—P. M.

By order of the Governor the entire enrolled militia of Jefferson County have been ordered out, and business is directed to be suspended until further orders.

A courier just arrived from Frankfort reports that a flag of truce was sent to Gov. BRAMLETTE, demanding the immediate and unconditional surrender of Frankfort. The demand was declined, and fighting resumed.

An authenticated report says about one hundred were killed and wounded at Frankfort to-day.

FROM ARKANSAS.

A Battle Near Columbia—Three Thousand Rebels Engaged—Union Loss Twenty Killed and Seventy Wounded—Retreat of the Rebels.

CAIRO, Saturday, June 11.

By the arrival of the steamer *Liberty No. 2*, we have further accounts of the battle near Columbia, Ark.

The rebel forces engaged were estimated at three thousand, and they had some artillery.

Gen. SMITH landed at Sunnyside on the 5th, and took up his line of march early in the morning, under a heavy rain, in the direction of Lake Checat.

About nine o'clock his advance met two regiments of the enemy strongly posted upon the opposite bank of the Bayou, emptying into the Lake, and opened fire on them from two guns, when they fell back to their second position on the Bayou, leaving an open field between the two lines.

Our fire was responded to by the enemy with a battery of six guns, and an artillery duel lasting some minutes ensued.

Our forces soon desisted from using their guns and advanced under a heavy fire upon the enemy's lines, driving them from their position.

The enemy retreated in a westerly direction, leaving the lake in their rear, rendering it impracticable for us to pursue, and our forces withdrew.

The engagement lasted about an hour and a half. Our loss was 20 killed and 70 wounded. The enemy's loss was about the same.

Our forces suffered most in crossing the open field, being under a heavy fire of artillery and small arms.

Gen. MARMADUKE is reported to be in command of the rebels.

Gen. MOWER had two horses shot under him while leading his men upon the enemy's lines.

Guerrillas made a raid on the plantation of Judge DENT, near Skipworth's Landing, on the 7th, capturing sixty mules and all the negroes employed on the place.

Rebel Reports.

FORTRESS MONROE, Saturday, June 11.

A late Richmond paper says that several steamers have arrived at Charleston, S. C., within a few days; among them a fine steamship belonging to the Chicora Company.

NEW-HOPE, Ga., Saturday, June 4.

The enemy are still throwing forward troops on our right. There has been considerable artillery skirmishing since 1 o'clock to-day. Gen. ECHOLS is wounded. Prisoners are coming in, among them Lieut. J. R. BAGLEY, of the Ninth Illinois Regiment. The enemy are fortifying at Kingston, four miles below.

A portion of the Seventeenth Army Corps is now on its way from Trans-Mississippi to reënforce SHERMAN. They have reached Van Buren, Ala.

The Burning of the Steamer Berkshire.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Sunday, June 12.

Since Friday, three more bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the *Berkshire*. One of them has been recognized as being that of MARY PHILLIPS, one of the chambermaids. The other two were also females—names unknown. One of the latter appears to have been struck with something on the side of the head. Neither of the three were buried. The final investigation takes place at Rhinebeck on Monday, at 2 P. M.

Fatal Affray in Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Sunday, June 12.

A man named PETER HERRICK was knocked down and killed in Main-street, near the railroad bridge, last night, between eleven and twelve o'clock. His assailant was caught and lodged in jail. An investigation is now going on.

Markets.

BUFFALO, Saturday, June 9—6 P. M.

FLOUR steady and moderately active. WHEAT dull and heavy; buyers and sellers apart; small sales at $1 57½ for No. 1 Milwaukee Spring. CORN dull and nominal; no sales this afternoon. OATS nominal; held at 84c, and bid 82c. Other grains inactive. WHISKY dull; small sales at $1 27. CANAL FREIGHTS firm, to New-York—Wheat, 19c.; Corn, 17c.; Oats 11c., and to Albany and Troy—Wheat, 17c., and Corn, 15c. *Lake Imports*—2,466 bbls. Flour, 20,540 bush Wheat, 83,159 bush. Corn. *Canal Exports*—109,856 bush. Wheat, 75,210 bush. Corn, 9,000 bush. Oats.

OSWEGO, Saturday, June 11.

FLOUR unchanged; sales, 1,100 bbls. WHEAT quiet and supply light. Sales, in small lots, at $1 60 for Canada Spring, and $1 87½ for Prime White Canada. CORN scarce; sales, 3,000 bushels Old Illinois at $1 48. Other Grains scarce and nominal. CANAL FREIGHTS dull but steady; Flour, 42c.; Wheat and Peas, 10c.; Corn, 9½c. to New-York. *Lake Imports*—25,000 bushels Wheat, 2,500 bushels Oats. *Canal Exports*—1,500 bbls. Flour, 6,600 bushels, Wheat, 6,200 bushels Peas. *Shipped by Railroad*—626 bbls. Flour.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

JOURNAL OF THE DISCOVERY OF THE SOURCE OF THE NILE. By John Hanning Speke, Captain H. M. Indian Army, Fellow and Gold Medalist of the Royal Geographical Society, &c. With Map and Portraits and numerous Illustrations, chiefly from Drawings by Capt. Grant. 8vo. New-York: Harper & Brothers.

The resolute, determined countenance and lithe, slim figure of Capt. Speke, which fronts the title-page of this book, and gives him far more the appearance of a "go-ahead Yankee" than of a typical Englishman, shows him possessed of the natural qualities that adapt men for endurance and hardy exploits. The solution of the problem that, from the days of Herodotus, the father of history, has exercised the attention of civilized nations, has been reserved for him, and his name is, consequently, in a worldly sense, immortal. Peaceful triumphs, like those effected by him and Dr. Livingstone, do more to assure the predominance of England among the nations of the world than the most costly expenditures of blood and treasure. To acquire a knowledge of the earth's surface is an important duty of the races that inhabit it. Centuries after centuries have gradually drawn nearer the completion of the task, until even in the present generation it seems on the eve of fulfillment. A small central portion of Africa alone is the only part of the world now impervious to civilized man, and of this the geologist can foretell the physical structure and the naturalist describe in advance the species of animate life that will be found in its recesses. The reign of mystery is nearly over. No abiding place remains where the imagination can place the old haunts of fancy and poetry. No more gardens of the Hesperides, Fortunate Islands, Happy Valley of Rasselas. They pale and vanish at the touch of science. Keith, Johnston and McCulloch trample on Marco Polo and Sir John Mandeville; the ends of the earth are brought nearer, and have become geographical instead of being shrouded in a golden vase of fiction, peopled with god-like or monstrous shapes, as in the world's youth. "The Source of the Nile,"—this simple phrase has been, in every age, a word of power to enchain with a haunting sense of undeveloped mystery. All sorts and conditions of men, from King Cambyses, of Persia, to James Bruce, the lion-hearted Scotchman of the last century, Egyptian Pharaohs, Roman Emperors, Arab Sultans, Christian pilgrims, have sought in vain to ally their names with it. In spite of the record of its victims, new ones constantly sprung up to supply their place, though the shadow receded as it was pursued, and vagueness attached to all the conditions of the problem. Bruce probably lived and died in the conviction that he was the first to lave his fevered brow in the well-head of the mystic stream, but later research has demonstrated his mistake, and shows that his Nile was (in Capt. Speke's words) "a miserable river," and that the true source was to be sought hundreds of miles away, where it rolls a swelling tide from equatorial lakes, undreamed of in the geography of the age. To Capt. Speke belongs the undoubted merit of turning the flank of old Father Nilus, when everyone had failed in a direct attack. The route of his expedition, from the southeast coast of the Indian Ocean at Zanzibar, was comparatively brief and easily traversed, when compared with the long and painful wanderings indispensable to explorers from the North. Strong in his original conviction that the Lake Victoria Nyanza, discovered by him in 1858, contained the true source of the Nile, Capt. Speke's third expedition was undertaken with the express purpose of verifying his opinion. The liberality of the Government enabled him to start on a scale of preparation and expense that deprived the enterprise of much of its ordinary terrors. At the head of a well-appointed caravan of 220 souls, exploration is a very different thing to what it proves to be to the lonely missionary or enthusiastic naturalist threading these solitary wilds in furtherance of his pursuits. Still the conduct of a party of this size through countries comparatively savage, demanded talents of a peculiar kind, and Capt. Speke seems to have been always equal to the occasion. Over two years were the party lost to European sight and knowledge, engaged in penetrating the three kingdoms of Uzonze, Rarugue and Uganda, bordering on the great Lake Nyanza, and now first made known to the rest of the world by this narrative. A bare outline of Capt. Speke's adventures in these regions would far outstretch the limits of a newspaper article, and the book will be so generally read that it is unnecessary to give it. Capt. Speke was usually able to carry matters with a high hand, and a wholesome dread of the white man's power was felt even in regions where his face had never been seen before. The two great occasions—the red-letter days of his life—recompensing a world of toil, were undoubtedly July 28, 1862, when he saw the Nile pouring majestically from the broad bosom of Lake Nyanza over the rocky outlet which, in honor of the President of the Geographical Society, he named "Ripon Falls;" and Dec. 3, of the same year, when he first met the party from the north, sent in search of him, in north latitude 40°, and thus connected the two hemispheres. Capt. Speke is not a pleasant writer: there is a far too liberal use of slang in his language, and he exhibits throughout a truculent and quarrelsome spirit of self-assertion that was no doubt effectual when called into play against savage treachery and artifice, but does not leave an agreeable impression on the reader. Altogether, in a literary point of view, he contrasts very unfavorably with his former comrade, the all-accomplished Capt. Burton, whose services are now transferred by his Government to the other side of the African continent. In spite of these drawbacks, the narrative is deeply interesting; it is also plentifully illustrated by the excellent drawings of Capt. Grant, the second in command of the expedition. The results—political and ethnological—of the expedition, are, on the whole, favorable to the negro races. They were found in regions where the influence of white men had not been known or injuriously exerted, gathered in communities under a regal form of government, subjected to an absolute monarch, and capable of the rude social conditions required for the maintenance of a state and established power. The disturbing forces, whose aid is always given to the party of confusion and disorder, are the Arab traders for slaves and ivory, who are daily extending the sphere of their miserable and destructive raids or forays, and by superiority of arms carry devastation wherever they penetrate. The most bitter enemies of the progress of European civilization are to be found in this class, who see in the extension of Christian influences and the progress of the native races the lessening of their nefarious traffic. Messrs. Harper's edition of the *Journal of Nile Discovery* is embellished with the entire illustrations of the English copy, printed from duplicate cuts, and an excellent map of the route which must be consulted for the due understanding of the book, as all former ones are blank in the regions it now first delineates.

THE BLENNERHASSETT PAPERS—Embodying the Private Journal of Harman Blennerhassett and his Correspondence, with a Memoir, by William H. Safford. 8vo. Cincinnati: Moore, Wilstach & Baldwin. New-York: Hurd & Houghton.

This handsome volume is a complete exposition of a curious episode of family history that has been invested with the hues of romance by the oratorical genius of Wirt, while the mystery that Burr delighted to throw around all his actions has magnified and concealed the proportions of the real facts. Mr. Safford has long made a special study of Western history, at the time when all the elements of remoteness, hostile neighborhood and personal love of adventure gave temporary color to enterprises that—judged by the light of the succeeding half-century—seem baseless and absurd. He has been so fortunate as to procure the original papers of Blennerhassett from a surviving son, and the materials are now placed on record, from whence a judgment can be formed of the private motives and aims of Burr, Wilkinson, and their associates. Enough is now known to demonstrate that the measures of the United States Government, however they were misrepresented at the time, were well and wisely taken, and that the display of vigor which they indicated exerted an influence most beneficial in counteracting the centrifugal force that tended to separate distant dependencies from their common centre, and strengthened the ties of union at the period most full of peril for their infant growth. Harman Blennerhassett himself seems to have possessed few qualities entitling him to distinction from ordinary men of his class and sphere. He was an Irish gentleman, of good family and fortune, who had emigrated to the Western World, and employed his capital in the creation of a rural home on one of the most favored spots on the Ohio River. From unproductive expenditures, he had apparently become embarrassed in his circumstances before his introduction to Col. Burr; he fell at once into his plans, seconding them to the utmost extent of his means, and was completely wrecked by their discomfiture. His later years were spent in unsuccessful efforts to reëstablish his fortunes, and after his return to Europe in 1822, in vain applications to the English Ministry for place and office, for which grounds of his claim are not very apparent. He died in 1831. His widow, whose beauty and talents had thrown an adventitious halo around her more commonplace husband, survived till 1841, and died in New-York, while prosecuting a claim before the American Congress. The near view that is presented by private letters and correspondence of men like Burr, Alston, Emmet, &c., of a time at once full of stirring interest and pregnant with important results to the future of the country, justify Mr. Safford's labors. Too much fine writing is the chief fault of the book, but as a whole it does credit to the author's zeal and industry, and will take its permanent place as a contribution of some value to the material for the history of the Western States at an obscure and critical period.

—*Thoughts on Personal Religion*, by Dr. Edward Meyrick Goulburn, (12mo, New-York, D. Appleton & Co.,) is introduced to American readers by Dr. George H. Houghton, Rector of the Church of the Transfiguration, New-York. The author, Dr. Goulburn, enjoys a position of great eminence among the body of orthodox English Churchmen who are not carried away by novelties in doctrine from the faith of their fathers, and as chaplain to the Queen and the Bishop of Oxford, and a Prebendary of St. Paul's, is undoubtedly in the line of preferment to ecclesiastical dignity. His works on the Eucharist, the Creed, &c., have long been well known to Christian readers, but we believe this is the first of his writings that is republished here. The author's object is to portray the lineaments of the Christian life in its chief elements, devotion, and practice, and the application of this system to the ordinary concerns of life, showing how a true religious feeling shall interpenetrate and transfuse itself into every customary occupation—should sanctify every calling. The warmth and earnestness of its exhortations, the scriptural tone, and strong, sound sense that pervades his remarks, render it a book that will be advantageously read by laymen, and, indeed, by all who set before themselves a higher standard of life than that usually recognized by society and the world.

—When the true and full history of the Southern rebellion is written, among the subsidiary sources of information for the understanding of one of its most eventful and exciting enterprises, "*My Cave Life at Vicksburgh*," by a Lady, (12mo. New-York, D. Appleton & Co.,) will deserve to be consulted as a picture of hardships and trials heroically borne by the weaker sex, while buoyed up by a perverted sense of duty, and exerting in want and privation a fortitude that even a conviction of its mistaken inspiring motive cannot totally destroy our respect for. The authoress writes like a lady, and the spirit of the book compares very favorably with other specimens of Confederate literature. The accompanying "Letters of Trial and Travel" give a curious inside view of the early times of the rebellion in Mississippi and Louisiana.

—*Barbara's History*, a novel, by Amelia Edwards, (8vo. New-York, Harper & Brothers,) comes to a public not very familiar, we believe, with her previous writings indorsed by the highest recommendations of English criticism. It is an autobiography in the style that was rendered popular by the success of *Jane Eyre*, and there are scenes and characters in it that remind one not unfavorably of Miss Bronte's writings. The authoress has, however, enjoyed a wider and perhaps happier experience in the world, as Barbara's story introduces the reader to an extensive acquaintance with continental society and the phases of art-life in Germany and Italy. Miss Edwards uses her mother tongue in a masterly manner; the dialogues are uniformly good, and the general grouping and finish of the descriptive details, show her to be possessed of a large share of cultivation and familiarity with many branches of study lying without the usual range of female acquirement. The heroine is a very successful creation, and never loses her hold on the sympathies of the reader.

—*The Woman in Black*, (8vo. Philadelphia, T. B. Peterson,) is a work of far inferior stamp. A factitious interest is attempted to be created in its favor by putting it forward as a companion to Wilkie Collin's *Woman in White*, a device too transparent to be very successful. Who the author of *The Man in Gray*, to whom it is credited, may be, we are unable to say, or whether he intends to run through the whole range of tints (beginning with the cool and neutral ones) to furnish designations for his heroes and heroines. There is some rough vigor in the book, but the school it represents is a bad one, and the pictures of English "nobility" are so overcharged as to be almost ludicrous in their exaggeration.

—Mr. Peterson deserves far better of the fair sex by his reproduction of two manuals fitted for their everyday perusal—Miss Leslie's *Lady's Behavior Book, or Guide to True Politeness, &c.*, (12mo, Philadelphia, T. B. Peterson,) and Miss Lambert's *Ladies' Complete Guide to Needlework and Embroidery*. The title-page of each is as lengthy as a small treatise, but, in spite of such exuberant promise, it is but correct to say that both do fairly redeem it by the fullness of their performance. Miss Leslie's quiet humor and acute observation of social peculiarities, heightened by the slight touch of satire, which made her stories delightful, is quite in her element while pointing out to girls the way they should go, to pass through the world and its various scenes—comic, tragic, or melodramatic—with ease, grace and self-possession. American society, particularly that delightful portion of it ruled over by young ladies, never had a more thoroughly artistic delineator than Miss Leslie, though she sometimes exaggerates its follies with a sharpness that men would never have the courage to exhibit. Apart from the valuable lessons it affords, *The Ladies' Guide* is very pleasant reading—a sort of confidential chat, indeed, behind the scenes that usually separate the sexes. Miss Lambert's book is of a more purely technical character, addressed to those who are or would be deep in the mysteries of knitting, crochet, Berlin wool, braid, and chenille. Every device by which these and similar articles are tortured into shapes of use or ornament is detailed in this book, and the processes are carefully described; where needful, illustrations and diagrams supply what written descriptions fail to convey, and the fair student is promised that a little attention to the directions will enable her to make "any one, or all of the thousands of articles of needlework and embroidery" mentioned in the book. The general circulation of Miss Lambert's book would be a powerful aid to the cause espoused by the Ladies' Anti-Imported Goods Purchasing Committee, and we recommend it to their notice. In addition to the technical directions for work, which have a very algebraic appearance, a historical sketch of each art is given, tracing its rise and progress to the present time.

—*Seven Stories with Basement and Attic.* (12mo. New-York: C. Scribner.) Ik Marvel's new book will probably meet with more extensive demand as a book of light Summer reading than any work lately published. If the spirit of Geoffrey Crayon animates any of our living writers, Ik Marvel is certainly the man; and though it is generally an injudicious compliment to compare one fine work of art with another, these new *Tales of a Traveler*, irresistibly remind one, in their artistic finish, and the *bonhomie* and sunny humor of the writer of Irving's so-named work. At the same time there is an utter absence of anything like imitation, and plenty of well-marked differences are obvious at a glance. Mr. Mitchell's mind and temperament are more subjective; the reader is always put in direct communication with him, and derives impressions through the effect that scenes and circumstances have produced on the writer. It is this pleasant air of personal confidence and *abandon* which each reader takes specially to himself, that has had a great share in causing the immense popularity enjoyed by the *Reveries of a Bachelor* and *Dream Life*. The excellent English, too, that Mr. Mitchell always writes, is another important element in his success, and should be proposed as an example to all young authors of spasmodic tendencies. He is, probably, sure of a long lease of public favor; for, as it has been remarked, no book has been long and universally popular that is not (at least) as remarkable for the ease and polish of its style as for the importance of the subject matter. A marked and salient personality permitted to show itself in an author's productions is necessarily of a temporary character. Carlyle, and even Ruskin, will probably become partially obsolete in their own lifetimes. Tennyson and Browning, too, have each too prominent a stamp of exceptional personality about them to be lastingly read. They have each, it is true, set the fashion of their time, but it is the essence of fashion to be fleeting; and Addison, Goldsmith and Pope will be currently quoted and reprinted, while their successors, just mentioned, may be objects of careful study to professed *littérateurs*, but will have died out, as far as their influence on the ordinary educated masses is concerned. The gem of *Seven Stories* is undoubtedly the *Account of a Consulate*, wherein the author relates his official experience at Venice, with a quiet grace and latent humor that attains its end by the simplest means, surpassed by no living writer. The other stories are fragments and passages of continental travel, and display throughout the culture and finish that characterize all Mr. Mitchell's works.

The Duties of Foreigners.

New-York, Monday, May 30, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The letter of "A Foreigner," which you published in a late issue, in regard to the duties of foreigners in this national crisis of our country, puts in evidence a crying oversight which no other nation on the face of the globe would let go for one moment unprovided for, were it assailed with the dangers we have now been contending against for the last three years.

Crowded out of the populous countries of Europe, where the surplus labor, the limited national resources, or the endless taxes upon the productive millions leave to the great mass of the population no other perspective but a life of endless, monotonous, underpaid toil, closed by premature and pauper old age, the emigrants flock to this country. Here and at once they find most remunerative wages and profits, the enjoyment of unlimited political rights, and all the avenues of future advancement in society thrown wide open to them just as well as to the native-born citizen. For the first time in their wearisome life, they are considered and treated as men.

It is a fundamental maxim of equity, recognized and expressed in all written legislations, that duties are reciprocal. If it be the duty of Governments to protect every citizen in the enjoyment of all his legitimate rights, equally so is it the duty of every citizen to defend his Government whenever contingencies arise which imperil its very existence. Such contingencies have sprung up in the life of all nations, and never, to meet them, have Governments hesitated to impress both the property and the persons of their citizens to vindicate national rights. In doing so they have but asserted an obvious right, undisputed even before the dawn of public law.

How is it then, that, since this country makes no discrimination whatever between alien and native-born, when it has to confer the blessings attendant upon a state of peace, it should discriminate against the native-born citizens when it has to apportion the burdens attendant upon a state of war? By what right, through what mysterious privilege, is the alien indulged in the immunity of looking on impassably, while *his* country, as well as ours, is soaked in its very blood, whilst its native children are butchered all over the land, fighting *his* battles, as well as ours? If the Government has an undisputable right to call out every American to the defence of the institutions of his country, does that right not hold equally good in regard to the alien, enjoying here his equal share of the benefits conferred on all by our generous and noble institutions? Should it be replied that many aliens are not citizens, having never declared their intention of becoming so, I shall answer that in their not doing so they have neglected the performance of a civic duty. Citizenship is not a quality to be asserted or disowned in subservience to the convenience of transient expediency. It is inherent to the fact of protection claimed of and obtained from a Government, when that Government has offered to assimilate the alien to all the rights and privileges of the native-born citizen, and that offer has been accepted. He who has once claimed the benefit conferred upon citizenship, viz, the protection of his personal property, and has had such protection granted to him, is thereby morally, and of necessity, bound to the same duties as the native-born citizen. By coming over to this country, to enjoy equally with the latter all the immunities and privileges of our institutions, the alien incurs also, equally with our native-born citizen, all the responsibilities and dangers that may be consequent upon the forcible maintenance of our institutions. Those responsibilities, those dangers he cannot, in the days of the country's peril, completely desert and shift over upon the shoulders of the native-born population.

Attending to a duty but too long neglected, Congress should, as an act of impartial justice to all, put an end at once to any discrimination for or against certain classes of citizens according to their nativity, and decide that, having enjoyed, all alike, the same privileges in the past, they shall in the future perform the same duties. This decision should find its adequate expression in a law declaring that all inhabitants of the United States of foreign birth, and who have made the United States their home for the last five years, are in every respect entitled and bound to the same rights, privileges and duties as its native-born citizens. AN ADOPTED CITIZEN.

The Pope.

From the London Saturday Review, May 28.

Every day the telegraph brings some intelligence about the Pope's health. Sometimes he is a little worse, sometimes he is a little better. One day very unfavorable symptoms have set in; he has lost his mind, his legs are giving way, he is wholly unfit for business. The next day he is nearly well again; he has received the French Ambassador, he has given his assent to a new loan, he has blessed thousands of people from a balcony. The telegraph sends all these conflicting messages about him, we may be sure, because Europe takes a great interest in his health; or because, in plainer language, a great many people think it to their interest that he should die, and a great many people think it to their interest that he should live. It is expected that when the Pope dies, some great change will take place. No one says clearly what the change is to be, or why it should come; but still a change is expected, and even the possibility of change is enough at the present day to keep Europe on the quiver. And yet many reasons might be urged for the opinion that this event, whenever it may take place, will not greatly alter the situation of affairs. It is absurd to suppose that a Pope will be chosen who will blindly obey the Emperor of the French, who will go out of Rome when he is told, and will be delighted to enter on immediate arrangements for the abandonment of the temporal power. The Cardinal who would be of such a mind does not exist, and, if he did, he would be sure to be vetoed by Spain or Austria. The Conclave is entirely under the direction of persons whose fidelity to the present system is unquestionable, whose whole traditions, feelings, interests and convictions lead them to determine that no compromise with the enemy shall be even thought of, and who will cling to the temporal power to the last. Prudence may dictate the choice of a moderate, or a silky, or even of an oily person—of a Pope who will not go out of his way to offend the great ones of the earth, and who, if he curses at all, will be content to curse in a mild kind of ecclesiastical dog-Latin. But his mind will be as firm as a rock, and his mind will be set on cleaving to the inheritance of his predecessors. Nor can it be said that there is any conspicuous change in the position of the Powers which are most concerned with the affairs of Rome. It is true that the Italian Ministry has been able to announce to the Chamber that the negotiations with France for the termination or modification of the temporal power, which broke down two years ago, have been resumed. But that these negotiations will result in anything, no Italian Minister would venture to predict. It suits the Emperor to stay in Rome, and, so long as it suits him, he is not likely to be turned from his purpose by the diplomatic efforts of a country that is almost entirely under subjection to him. And if it suits him to keep his troops at Rome now, there appears to be no reason why this should not equally suit him, although the present Pope would do as Pius IX. has done, and if any threat of withdrawing the French troops from Rome were made, would simply announce his intention of leaving Rome altogether. What the Emperor reasonably dreads is the spectacle of a wandering, exiled Pope, bearing his lucrative martyrdom meekly, stirring up the hearts of the faithful, and managing to implicate the eldest son of the Church in the disgrace and crime of his humiliation. If the Pope cannot do without the Emperor, the Emperor cannot do without the Pope; and as the Papal Court is perfectly aware of this, it can take the same advantage of the necessities of the Emperor, whether one man is Pope or another. In Spain, too, which is the stronghold of thoroughgoing Catholicism, the determination to uphold the Pope seems as strong as ever, and the Spanish Ministry has just announced that its views as to the temporal power remain unaltered. It is true that Spain could not keep up the temporal power for a day if France chose to decree its termination; but Spain, if faithful to the last, might have the honor and distinction of receiving the Pope in his exile, and this is an honor which France would decidedly grudge her.

It is scarcely probable, however, that those who look to the Pope's death as to the beginning of a great change are entirely wrong. They may be wrong as to the time and manner of the change, but they may be right in supposing that, in a dim and mysterious way, things are working against the Papacy. The spirit of Papacy is, as all its wisest supporters acknowledge, opposed to the spirit of the modern world. It discourages science, it discourages all social enterprise, it discourages great political effort. But the modern world loves all these things, and is loth to be turned from loving them. Even pious nations like Spain are beginning to wish to grow, and, in these days, with the desire for wealth comes the desire for that freedom of speech and inquiry which wealth seems to foster. It is not a very profound desire, for wealthy people soon find their intellectual and spiritual aspirations chilled. But it is a desire which, at least, declines to be put off with absolute nothing, and the Papal Court does not like anything thoroughly except a total blank. It wishes to find all men submissive, stationary and obedient. The Roman nobles—who lead the lives of big babies, who adore sugar-plums, who know what robes priests ought to wear on each festival, and who leave their estates in the Campagna to desolation and malaria—are the men after its own heart. Sometimes it has a temporary success. There is a period of depression and reaction. Spain, for example, has long displayed a waywardness, a feebleness, and a want of purpose that have been all that could be wished. In Belgium, intense mercantile and agricultural industry has long been associated with the most childlike devotion to Rome. But even in Spain and Belgium things do not go forever right. Although Belgium is ardently Catholic, yet the Liberals have for some years guided and governed the country, and the chief aspiration of the Liberals is to promote the trade of the country as much as possible, and keep the priests from checking it. In Spain, the party of progress is just beginning to take heart again, and an enormous gathering of Liberals from all the great towns has recently been held for the purpose of letting the present Ministry and the present Chamber know that their grasp of power is not to be undisputed much longer. Probably the Progresista party has no distinct intention of separating Spain from the Pope, or of changing the relations of the country to Rome. But the only ground on which this party can appeal successfully to the electoral bodies is, that it represents with greater fidelity than its opponents the leading principles of modern society, that it is more determined to promote undertakings of public utility, more anxious that the thought of the large towns should find an adequate expression, more determined that education shall teach something useful for this world, and that laymen shall not give way to priests. It is difficult to suppose that, if persons animated by such ideas came into power, they would like to dissociate themselves from the lay world of France and Italy. They would look on the retention of the temporal power as a political rather than as a religious question; and if political considerations are to be supreme, the door is opened to bargaining, and bargaining must, in the long run, tend to the advantage of Italy.

And if modern thought is destined to undermine the temporal power, there is so far a reason for anticipating a change of some sort, should an opportunity offer, that the Emperor to a great extent represents the modern thought of the Continent, and is what he is because he represents it. He might very possibly feel that he would be losing prestige if he allowed the death of the Pope to pass by without making some changes. He will probably do little more than adopt some measures which will check or stop the brigandage of which Rome is the centre. It is generally understood to be a proper compliment to the high personal character of the Pope, and a tribute to his piety, sufferings, and gentle temper, and old age, that, as long as he lives, the hordes of ruffians shall be unmolested who sneak out of his territories to rob and ravish and murder. But when he is gone, and has a heavenly crown instead of a poor earthly mark of reverence like this, it will be scarcely necessary to be as lavish in respect to his successor, whose age will probably be less, and whose virtues and amiable qualities will be unknown at first. Nor need the Emperor fear lest, if he took some steps in this matter, the new Pope should disconcert all his plans by going into voluntary exile. A Pope who, as soon as he was crowned, ran away because he was not allowed to patronize vagrant cut-throats, would be too ridiculous even for Spanish devotees. The Emperor might easily decline both to leave Rome, and to be responsible for the crimes of which the temporal power is the fountain. He would be supported by public opinion in France and in far the greater part of Europe, if he were that open, audacious and organized brigandage should cease in the Papal States with the life of Pius IX. It is true that, by rooting out brigandage, he would cut away from the Italians one of their chief arguments for the destruction of the temporal power, but, on the other hand, we would inevitably secularize the administration of affairs in all the districts south of Rome, and possibly to some extent in Rome itself. The French and Italian troops must act in unison, even although they were rigidly kept on different sides of the border line. Years might pass away, and the Government of Rome might still be in the hands of the Papal Court; but if the administration of affairs were once conducted on the principles of common sense in any one portion of the Papal territory, the influence of so great a change must inevitably spread by degrees. Although, therefore, it may be very absurd to suppose that, if Pius IX. dies, a minion of the Emperor will be chosen, or that the French troops will immediately pack up their saucepans and go, or that Victor Emmanuel will at once order a *Te Deum* to be sung in St. Peter's to honor his arrival in the capital of Italy, it may be true that the Emperor will so far feel himself strong, and will be so far anxious to justify his own reputation and to stand well with the party of European progress, that he will partially secularize the administration, and refuse to tolerate any longer enormities which ecclesiastics can forgive, and even admire, because they are committed on behalf of a cause that is dear to the clerical world. This would not be a very great change for the death of the Pope to bring about, but it is a change which would do a large amount of immediate good, and might lead to changes greater and more splendid than itself.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Turf Record.

TROTTING AT THE UNION COURSE.

There was a large attendance of the trotting fraternity on Friday to witness the match for $2,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, between the mare *Baby Belle*, who received forfeit from *Empress* about a fortnight since, and the gelding *Port Royal*, but it turned out a thoroughly one-sided affair. The betting opened at 4 to 1 on the *Baby*, 10 to 1 being freely offered on her after the first heat, without finding takers.

SUMMARY.

Union Course, L. I., Friday, June 10.—Match $2,000, mile heats, 3 in 5 in harness.

H. Woodruff names b. m. *Baby Belle*.........1 1 1
D. Pfifer names b. g. *Port Royal*.........2 2 2

Time—First heat, 2:35; second heat, 2:35; third heat, 2:36½.

All three heats won with the greatest ease, without the mare being put to her best, the gelding never having the opportunity of coming near her.

Fashion Course, L. I., Saturday, June 11.—Purse $100, mile heats, 3 in 5.

Great Western.........1 1 1

Time—First heat, 2:39½; second heat, 2:44½; third heat, 2:44.

The following were also entered, viz.: *Joe Crocheron*, *Lady Somerindike* and *Dolly Dutton*.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Supreme Court, Circuit—*Part I.*—Nos. 1903, 1905, 1907, 1909, 1913, 1915, 1925, 1929, 1931, 1935, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957, 1959. *Part II.*—1166, 1178, 1652, 392, 493, 366, 1678, 1648, 1686, 1688, 1690, 1694, 1696, 1698, 1700, 1702, 1706, 1708, 1710. *Part III.*—Nos. 1438, 900, 1140, 425, 1501, 1117, 1680, 842, 1457, 1867, 1522, 1550, 626, 1975, 1199, 1369, 1873, 1885, 681, 1340.

Special Term.—Nos. 185, 204, 218, 219, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253.

Superior Court—*Part I.*—Nos. 3995, 3669, 3463, 3465, 4293, 1411, 1413, 3143, 342½, 2249, 3819, 2297, 4093 4357, 4021. *Part II.*—Nos. 3698, 3362, 3464, 3636, 3236, 3646, 3730, 3758, 3344, 3386, 1076, 3616, 1978, 2522, 3486, 3343, 3400, 2208, 3694, 3754.

Common Pleas.—*Part I.*—Nos. 321, 389, 558, 199, 568, 259, 213, 586, 588, 590, 591, 593, 595, 596, 587. *Part II*—Nos. 139, 314, 211, 229, 570, 414, 492, 86, 88, 490, 250, 388, 310, 459.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Brooklyn City Mortality.—The total number of deaths in this city last week was 98, of which 13 were men, 22 women, 32 boys and 31 girls. The principal diseases were, consumption 11; inflammation of the lungs 7; convulsions and measles, 7 each; congestion of the lungs 8; scarlet fever 2; remittent fever 2; abscess 3; croup 3; congestion of the brain 3; scrofula 2; small-pox 1; mirasmus 5; bronchitis 3; cholera infantum 3, &c. Under one year of age, 22. Natives of the United States, 73; Ireland 18; England 3, Germany 2, British America 1, unknown 1.

Robbery by Boys.—Three boys named John Meadows, John Holland, and William Willis were arrested by the Fiftieth Precinct police on Saturday, on the charge of robbing three boys named Henry DeCourtney, Frederick Rockwell, and Henry F. Butler, who were engaged at fishing in Poplar Pond, off Fifth-avenue. The accused, as alleged, took from them their knives, pocket handkerchiefs, and whatever money they had. They were fully identified and committed for a hearing.

Robberies.—The room of Mrs. Elizabeth McQuade, No. 21 Hudson-avenue, was feloniously entered on Saturday night, and robbed of dresses amounting to $30 in value. Thomas Fitzgerald broke into the apartment of John Maher, No. 77 York-street, on Sunday morning by breaking a panel out of the door. He was detected by Mrs. Maher, and arrested by Officer McMahon of the Forty-second Precinct. The accused was committed for a hearing.

Careless Driving.—Patrick Hinch was arrested by the Forty-fifth Precinct police on Saturday, for carelessly running into a light wagon, containing Mr. and Mrs. Bergman, with a truck, whereby both were seriously injured. Mrs. Bergman had one leg so badly crushed as to render amputation necessary. Mr. Bergman is keeper of the Jewish Cemetery at Cypress Hills.

Found Drowned.—The body of a man was picked up at Bay Ridge on Saturday. The dress consisted of a plain sack coat, light vest, knit undershirt, cassimere pants, woolen stockings and calfskin boots. An inquest was held by Coronor Bennett and a verdict of found drowned was rendered.

Accident.—Patrick Kenny, residing at No. 211 Water-street, and employed in the cracker bakery No. 199 Water-street, had his left arm badly crushed on Saturday by being caught in the machinery.

Accident from Firearms.—Mary Boyle, residing corner of Boerum and Dean sreets, was accidentally shot in the head by some boys, on Saturday evening. They were engaged in firing off a small cannon. The wound is not serious.

Williamsburgh.

Fire in an Extensive Hoop Skirt Factory.—Shortly after 11 o'clock on Saturday night a fire was discovered in a large two-story brick building, corner of Union-avenue and Tenth-street, Eastern District, owned by Archibald Andrew, and occupied by T. A. Cutter, extensively engaged in the manufacture of hoop skirts. The alarm was given and the firemen were soon at work, but the flames were not extinguished until the inside was pretty thoroughly burned out. Mr. Cutter had about $12,000 in machinery and stock in the building, and his loss will probably reach $6,000. He was insured for $5,000 in the Montauk and Excelsior Insurance Companies. The building was damaged about $1,500, upon which Mr. Andrew had an insurance of $1,260 in the Fulton Insurance Company. The origin of the fire is not known

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—June 11, 1864.

$3,000	U. S. 6s. '81...C.	113¼	200	N. Y. Central	132¼
1,000	U.S.6s,5-20s..C.	105⅞	400	do	132½
4,000	do	105¾	200	do	132
10,000	U.S. 6s.1-yr C..	97⅝	300	Erie Railway	112¾
5,000	Ill. War Loan	98	500	do	112⅝
10,000	Ind. State 5s	90	700	do	112½
3,000	Mo. State 6s	70½	80	Erie Pref.	110
2,000	Mo. 6s. issued to Pac. R.	77½	12	do	109½
10,000	Ohio & Miss.C..	52½	450	Hud. Riv. R.	143¼
30,000	do	53	250	do	143⅜
10,000	do	53¼	1000	do ..b10	143⅜
4,000	Miss. & Mo.L.G.	65	100	Harlem R.	284
2,000	Chi. & Alt. 1st M	111	200	Reading R.	141¼
5,000	At.& G. W. 1st M Ohio Div.	99½	2300	do	141
11,000	B.,N.Y. & E. 1st	110	700	do	140¾
4,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s.	111¼	500	do	140⅞
1,000	C. &N.W.1st M.	103	50	Mich. Cen. R.	144¾
2,000	Clev. & Tol.S.F.	120	100	do	144⅜
6,000	P.,Ft.W.&C.1st	121	14	do	143½
2,000	P.,F. W. & C.2d	114	250	M. S. & N. I. R.	96¼
2,000	P.,Ft.W.& C. 3d	98	400	do	96⅜
1,000	Cl. & Pitts. 4th.	92¼	500	do	96½
4,000	do	92	100	do ..s10	96½
5,000	Mariposa 1st M.	97	100	Ill. Cen. Full S.	131
10,000	do	98	120	do	131½
50	Fourth Nation'l B.	99½	2000	Ill. Cen. Scrip	130
13	B'k of Comr'ce	112	500	Clev. & Pitts. R.	113¼
10	Hanover Bank	109	1000	do	113
300	Canton Co	42	300	Chic. & N. W.	54¼
50	Del. & H.Ca.Co.	234½	100	do ..s60	54
100	Cen. Coal	68½	50	do	54
100	do	69	100	do	54½
100	Cum. Coal Prf..b5	79¾	200	Chi.&N.W.Pref.	91
100	do	79½	300	do	90½
500	do ..b5	79½	600	do	90¼
100	do	79½	200	Cleve.&Tol.R.	147½
400	do	79¼	100	Chic. & R. I. R.	115
300	Quick. M. Co.	75	1000	do	115¼
900	Central Am. Tr.	40	300	do	115⅜
100	Wyoming V. C. Co	64½	500	do	115⅜
200	Mariposa M. Co.	48½	50	Chi., B. & Q. R.	127½
100	do	48¼	200	Tol.& Wab.R.	69
3000	do	49	9	Pitts.,Ft.W.& C..	115
100	do ..b10	49¼	100	do ..s30	115
200	Copake Iron	10½	100	do	115½
200	Alt. & T. H. R.	65½	800	Mar.& Cin.1st Prf.	75
200	Chi. & Alt. Pref..	97	500	do	75½
			200	do	75¼

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

300	N. Y. Cen. R.	132	100	Cleve. & Tol. R.	148¼
100	do ..c	132	400	Chi. & R. I. R.	115¼
200	Erie Railway..b3	112¾	100	do	115⅜
300	do	112⅞	100	do	115⅜
300	do ..c	112¼	200	Chi. & N. W. R..c	54
700	do	112¼	100	do ..b3	54
200	do ..c	112⅜	100	do	53¾
100	do ..s3	112⅞	100	do ..b5	54
900	Hud. Riv. R.	142¾	100	Chi. & N.W.Pref.c	90¼
100	do	143	100	do	90⅜
800	Reading R. ..s3	140½	200	Pitts., F. W. & C..	115⅜
800	do	140½	100	do ..s3	115¼
300	do ..s3	140½	200	do	115¼
200	do ..s3	140⅞	100	Ill.&P.DuC.	68
200	do ..b3	140¾	20,000	Ohio & Miss. C.	53
1400	do ..b3	140⅝	10,000	do	53½
200	do	140⅝	100	Mar. & Cin. 2d Pr..	50
400	M. S. & N. I. R.	96¾	50	Pacific M. S. Co. b3	270
100	do	96¼	900	Cumb. Coal Co.b10	80
100	do	96	100	do ..b3	79½
100	Ill. Cen. R. ..s3	129	200	do	79½
100	do	129½	100	do ..b3	79¾
100	do ..s3	129½	50	..b3	80
100	do	129¼	100	do	79¾
700	Cleve. & Pitts.	112¾	100	Quick. Min. Co.s3	75¼
500	do	112⅝	500	Mar. Min. Co.	48½
100	do ..c	112⅝	300	do	48⅝

EVENING EXCHANGE.

$30,000	Am. Gold	193½	200	Reading R.	139
159,000	do	193	800	do	139⅜
20,000	do	193½	200	do ..b3	139¼
20,000	do	193¼	100	Mich. Cen. R.	144¼
5,000	do ..s3	193½	100	M. S. & N. I. R.	95⅝
400	Erie Railway	112	200	Ill. Cen. R.	128⅜
100	do	111⅞	200	do	128⅝
200	do ..s3	111⅜	300	Pittsburgh R.	112
100	do ..b3	111½	200	Rock Isl. R.	115
500	do	111⅞	100	Fort Wayne	115½
100	Hudson Riv. R.b3	142	100	Prairie du Chien.	68¼
100	Cumb. Coal Co.	78½	100	do	68½

Monday, June 13—A. M.

Owing to the pressure of business at the Custom House in this City at the close of April, and a subsequent change of some of the Clerks in the Auditor's Department, the returns of the Foreign Trade for that month were not made complete until Saturday last. We now present our usual summary by months of the Import, Export, and Gold movement at this port for ten months of the Fiscal Year, beginning with the 1st July, 1863. We are promised the returns of the eleventh month of the Fiscal Year, (May,) in the course of the present week.

The Import Entries of Foreign Goods at New-York, in April, 1864, were:

In Dutiable Goods, consumption direct	$18,951,760
Dutiable Goods Warehoused	5,905,540
Free Goods	1,025,517
Total entries	$25,882,817
Against April, 1863:	
In Dutiable direct	$9,493,830
Dutiable Bonded	6,456,208
Free Goods	1,328,216—$17,278,254
Increase in April, 1864	$8,604,463

There was also entered during the month Foreign Specie of the value of $285,814, against $107,061 same month last year.

The value of the Goods of the previous importation withdrawn from Bond during the month—the amount being very large—is not yet made up.

The Export Clearances from New-York in April, 1864, were:

In Domestic Produce	$13,263,712
Foreign reëxported	607,273
Specie	5,883,077
Total clearances	$19,754,062
Against April, 1863:	
In Produce	$11,581,933
Foreign Goods	450,173
Specie	1,972,834—$14,004,940
Increased Exportation	$5,749,122

IMPORT OF FOREIGN GOODS AT NEW-YORK.

	1863-64 From July 1.	vs. 1862-63. From July 1.
July	$15,821,000	$20,134,000
August	14,924,000	14,212,000
September	15,422,000	18,027,000
October	16,817,000	13,157,000
November	15,943,000	10,200,000
December	17,010,000	12,994,000
January	18,836,000	15,638,000
February	21,556,000*	11,815,000
March	23,563,000	18,807,000
April	25,883,000	17,278,000
Total, 10 months	$185,775,000	$152,261,000
Foreign Specie	1,291,000	1,425,000

*Corrected.

EXPORT OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FROM NEW-YORK.

	1863-64 From July 1.	vs. 1862-63. From July 1.
July	$15,298,000	$14,050,000
August	10,667,000	13,046,000
September	11,718,000	14,735,000
October	14,513,000	19,477,000
November	11,414,000	14,060,000
December	12,846,000	14,805,000
January	11,444,000	14,329,000
February	13,362,000	17,781,000
March	14,410,000	16,138,000
April	13,264,000	11,582,000
Total 10 months	$128,936,000	$150,003,000
Foreign reëxported	5,309,000	7,704,000
Together	$134,245,000	157,707,000

EXPORT OF SPECIE FROM NEW-YORK.

	1863-64 From July 1.	vs. 1862-63. From July 1.
July	$5,269,000	$8,067,000
August	3,465,000	3,714,000
September	3,480,000	3,086,000
October	6,210,000	6,708,000
November	5,438,000	6,213,000
December	5,259,000	3,673,000
January	5,459,000	4,625,000
February	3,015,000	3,966,000
March	1,801,000	6,585,000
April	5,883,000	1,973,000
Total 10 months	$45,279,000	$48,610,000

EXPORTS RECAPITULATED—TEN MONTHS.

	1863-64 From July 1.	vs. 1862-63. From July 1.
Domestic Produce	$128,936,000	$150,003,000
Foreign Goods reëxported	5,309,000	7,704,000
Specie	45,279,000	48,610,000
Total from New-York	$179,524,000	$206,317,000

CUSTOMS REVENUE AT NEW-YORK.

	1863-64 From July 1.	vs. 1862-63 From July 1.
July	$4,912,718	$7,211,817
August	6,332,334	4,762,581
September	7,270,543	5,239,045
October	6,238,943	4,309,419
November	5,075,846	3,003,270
December	5,248,189	2,664,594
January	6,180,536	4,127,906
February	7,471,027	3,590,713
March	7,659,770	4,554,460
April	13,982,555	3,957,197
Total for 10 months	$70,372,461	$43,421,002

The Customs of the whole country for the third quarter of the Fiscal Year—January, February and March—have just been published, officially, from the Treasury Department. They were:

From Jan. 1 to March 31	$27,439,654
Other ports, 25 per cent. or	7,128,321—$21,311,333
At New-York, 75 per cent. or	$27,439,604

In the same proportion for the ten months of the Fiscal Year, the Customs are:

At New-York	$70,372,461
Other ports	23,457,487
Total for ten months	$93,829,948

The remaining two months will be comparatively light, say $7,500,000 at New-York, and $2,500,000 at other ports. But the sum total of Customs for the Fiscal Year *by exceeding one hundred millions more than doubles the Gold Interest* received to be paid on the Funded Debt and 7.30 per cent. Fundable Debt, and largely exceeds the Interest of every description, Gold and Currency, for the Fiscal Year.

DELIVERIES OF CALIFORNIA GOLD AT NEW-YORK.

1863-64. From July 1.		1862-63. From July 1.	
July 5	$251,947	July 7	$641,455
July 16	194,400	July 15	441,179
July 26	279,000	July 27	878,434
Aug. 5	284,915	Aug. 4	964,422
Aug. 13	313,464	Aug. 20	21,165
Aug. 26	223,000	Aug. 24	1,084,611
Sept. 6	279,043	Sept. 3	819,718
Sept. 14	193,584	Sept. 16	934,415
Sept. 26	277,651	Sept. 25	887,779
Oct. 6	268,282	Oct. 3	754,840
Oct. 15	267,911	Oct. 13	807,626
Oct. 26	296,705	Oct. 24	754,795
Nov. 4	251,133	Nov. 2	1,091,617
Nov. 16	231,910	Nov. 13	706,780
Nov. 26	229,978	Nov. 24	942,814
Dec. 11	302,000	Dec. 7	735,665
Dec. 17	299,899	Dec. 15	699,962
Dec. 29	254,239	Jan. 3	1,277,788
Jan. 6	241,728	Jan. 19	657,840
Jan. 18	365,608	Jan. 25	491,452
Jan. 29	324,863	Feb. 2	306,500
Feb. 6	365,538	Feb. 13	366,035
Feb. 19	452,975	Feb. 27	285,344
Feb. 28	407,057	March 7	1,283,581
March 6	512,358	March 18	249,214
March 15	335,550	April 4	260,727
March 27	273,429	April 14	217,601
April 6	302,343	April 25	256,684
April 14	269,000	Total 10 mos.	$18,540,718
April 28	281,875		
Total 10 mos.	$8,832,785		

The Import Entries of the past week amount to $5,088,852, against $2,012,142 same week last season. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $2,839,180, against $4,864,469 same week in 1863. The Export of Specie is $1,537,000, against $255,000 same week last year. The Customs are $596,000.

The Commercial Tables of the Foreign Trade at New-York, which we publish above for ten months of the current Fiscal Year, give a total Import of Foreign Merchandise, (exclusive of Specie,) from 1st July, 1863, to 30th April, 1864, of

	$185,775,000
Add since May 1	[illegible]
Total to date	$215,688,778
Against same time last year	171,559,836
Increased Import since July 1	$44,128,942

The Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reëxported, from July 1, 1863, to April 30, 1864

	$134,245,000
Add since May 1	19,734,591
Total to date	$153,979,591
Against same time last year	181,066,164
Decreased Exports since July 1	$27,086,573

The Specie Export from New-York, from July 1 to April 30, amounted to

	$45,279,000
Add since May 1	9,033,699
Total to date	$54,312,699
Against same time last year	51,303,000
Increased Specie Exports since July 1	[illegible]

The Import entries continue on a liberal scale. There were again over Five millions for the week past. A large proportion goes into Bond, to await the readjustment of the Tariff, and the expiration of the 50 ⅌ cent. extra duties on the 28th June. We notice that the new Tariff Bill, as it passed the House, is to take effect on the 1st July. Should it become the law with this date, we shall probably have heavy withdrawals from Bond during the two or three closing business days of June, to avoid the old rates without the extra 50 ⅌ cent., unless special exemption is made for all Goods in Bond up to the 1st July. The clearances of Domestic Produce were light for the week. Of Specie, about the same as the previous week.

After a violent rise, under the gambling operations of the Gold Room, of 6 ⅌ cent. in Gold, the price fell back on Saturday evening to 193 ⅌ cent., as against 192 ⅌ cent. at the close of the previous week. We have no adverse military news to justify the rise, and we now understand that the Secretary of the Treasury is making his dispositions to place a large amount of the 1881 Stock of the United States abroad, and to draw against the same in the Exchange market, by way of a relief to the violent fluctuations of last week will not be repeated. The telegraphic advices in the Street of the Secretary's foreign arrangements on Saturday, which brought the market down 4@5 ⅌ cent., were but confirmatory of the intimation of the morning after his visit was in this City for Washington. The chief object of his visit was in this direction, and to arrange that the Bank of Commerce entered the market as a buyer of Bills on London.

On Wednesday, 15th inst., the Treasury will award bids for the Loan of 1881, not to exceed $75,000,000, at rates satisfactory to the Government, by our own People. The pending negotiation, from its magnitude, has more or less influence on the confidence, rather than the rates, of the Money market, and the ultimate effect will no doubt depend mainly upon the preparations made in advance for meeting the rapid installments on the Loan.

The deposits in the Sub-Treasury on Saturday, on account of the Temporary Loan, were to the amount of $6,279,370, of which the large sum of $4,990,000 was from the banks on Clearing House certificates. Thus, the new deposits in the Sub-Treasury have amounted to $22,860,465 since the announcement, made late on Friday of last week, of the advance in the rate of interest to six ℘ cent. These deposits are made available at once for the Loan of 1881 at the option of the depositors.

The Stock Exchange through the week underwent frequent but comparatively moderate changes on the Railway speculation, opinions differing widely as to the course of the Money market after the requisitions are made upon it for the new Loan of 1881. The Government Stocks have fluctuated about 1 ℘ cent., closing on the 5-20s about the same as Saturday week, and firm on the 1881 Stock.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

American Gold Coin	192@198¾@198
U. S. 6 ℘ cents., 5-20 years	106@105¾@105⅞
New-York Central	132¾@132¾
New-York and Erie	111⅞@114@111⅞
Erie Preferred Shares	108⅞@110
Rock Island	111⅞@117@115
Michigan Southern	94⅞@96⅞
Michigan Central	143⅞@144⅞
Toledo	146⅞@148⅞
Illinois Central	127@131@128⅞
Pacific Mail	258@270
Hudson River	142⅞@148@142
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	111⅞@112⅞
Fort Wayne and Chicago	115@115⅞
Chicago and North Western	55@58
Almaden Quicksilver	74⅞@78⅞
Mariposa Gold	46@48⅞
Cumberland	85⅞@78⅞

The market for Money is 6@7 ℘ cent., the week closing on a steady moderate movement. The Banks are large depositors with the Treasury Office on 6 ℘ cent. interest, and the probability is that the Certificates of these deposits will be employed in settling balances at the Clearing-House, pursuant to the majority—though not unanimous—decision at Friday's meeting.

The price of Gold fell 2½ per cent. Saturday, and Exchange on London (for currency) was even relatively lower at the close of the day. At 3 o'clock Gold was quoted at 195½@196 per cent. The shipments of the day are $1,255,836, making for the whole week $1,536,600. In the Evening Exchange the price of Gold fell to 193.

The Government Stocks, at the Stock Exchange Board, showed increased firmness, while the Railway speculation was quite unsettled, and generally weaker than on Friday.

At 3 o'clock the following prices were quoted on the general Market, closing steady. There was a further large rise in Pacific Mail:

	Fri.	Sat.		Fri.	Sat.
U. S. 6s, 1861	113	113¾	Mich. Central	145	144¾
U. S. 5-20's ex. c.	105¾	105¾	Mich. Southern	97	96¾
N. Y. Central	133¾	132¾	Illinois Cen.	130¾	129¾
Erie	113¾	112¾	Pittsburgh	114	112¾
Erie Preferred	110¾	110	Fort Wayne	116	115¾
Hudson	144¾	143¾	Rock Island	115¾	115¾
Pacific Mail	262	270	Reading	142¾	140¾
Canton	42	41¾	Quicksilver	75¾	75¾
Treas. Cer., new	97¾	97¾	Cum'land Coal	79¾	79¾
Toledo	148¾	148¾	Mariposa	48¾	48¾
Northwest	54	53¾	N. West Pref.	91¾	91
Ohio & M. Certfs	53¾	53			

There is more bidding for the City Bank Stocks. The bids on Saturday were as follows:

New-York	117	Bank of the Rep.	106
Merchants'	111	Bank of N. America	111
Mechanics'	113	Hanover	109
City	150	Irving	105
Phoenix	110	Metropolitan	117
Tradesmen's	112	Citizens'	110
National	101½	People's	110
Seventh Ward	150	Corn Exchange	108
State of New-York	110	Continental	104
Commerce	111	St. Nicholas	103
Broadway	180	Marine	135
Ocean	95	Commonwealth	105
Mercantile	125	Park	139
American Exchange	115	Manuf.& Merchants'	103

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	111	Al. & T. H. 2ds, Income	88
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	111	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	111
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '64	103	Chi. & N. W. Int. Bonds	98
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	120	Chi. & N. W. 1sts	103
Erie 3ds. '83	120	Chi. & N. W. 2ds	100
Erie 4ths. '80	117	Del., L. & W. 1sts	115
Erie 5ths, '88	116	Del., L. & W. 2ds	117
Buff. N.Y. & E. 1sts '77	109½	Tol. & Wab. Ext.	103
Hud. R. 1sts. '69	115	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	85
Hudson R. 2ds. S. F.	122	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	117
Hudson R. Bonds	105	Chi. & R. I. firsts	113
Harlem 1sts. '69 & '72	111	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	120
Harlem 3ds '68	106	New J. C. 1sts	104
Mich. C. '69 & '72	130	N. J. C. 2ds	115
Mich. C. new 1sts, '83	131	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1sts	120½
Chi. B. & Quincy 1sts	130	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2ds	114
Mich. S. & N. Ind. S.F.	115	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3ds	97
Ill. Cen. '75	121	Cleve. & Pitts. 3ds	92
Al. & T. H. 1sts	110	Mis. & Mo. L. G.	64
Al. & T. H. 2ds. Pref.	93½		

The following is the statement of the day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States: Total receipts, $7,580,763 62, including for Customs $126,000; payments, $3,298,210 26; balance, $36,597,796 58; 10-40s, $6,150

During the Third Quarter of the present Fiscal Year—embracing the months of January, February and March—the increase of the Public Debt was $191,922,104, or at the rate of $2,110,000 per day for the 91 days, as follows:

	Issued.	Paid Off.
In Fractional Currency	$8,057,262	$1,012,907
Notes, Act of Feb. 25, 1862	4,766,260	13,220,819
Five-twenty bonds	75,400,000	——
Certificates of indebtedness	66,649,000	61,818,000
Temporary loans	29,696,784	21,934,305
Six ℘ cent. 20-year bonds	1,594,675	——
Two-year 5 ℘ cent. notes	92,495,885	——
One-year 5 ℘ cent. notes	27,400,000	——
Other notes and bonds		1,151,745
Total	$291,059,880	$99,137,776
Net increase of Public Debt		$191,922,104

We learn that Messrs. GALLAHER will this evening remove their Evening Exchange Board to the new Club House, (for Brokers, Bankers and Merchants,) recently opened by Mr. ETTINGE, at No. 164 Fifth-avenue.

The earnings of the Cincinnati and Chicago Air Line Railroad for the month of

May, 1864	$58,645
May, 1863	37,588
Increase	$21,057
From Jan. 1 to May 31	$291,430
Same time, 1863	184,348
Increase	$107,082

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,

NOS. 27 AND 29 PINE-ST.

NEW-YORK, 9th June, 1864.

An offer will be made by this Bank for a portion of the United States six per cent Bonds of 1881; bids for which will be opened by the Treasury Department on the 15th inst.

Correspondents of the Bank, and others desiring an interest in this Loan, are invited to communicate with us upon the subject. If by letter, parties can fix the rate, or if they prefer, can go in under the offer to be made by this Bank, which will not be fixed until the day previous to the opening of the bids. It will be necessary to have all applications through this Institution in our possession by 12 o'clock the 14th inst.

MORRIS KETCHUM,
PRESIDENT.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

No. 4 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, June 6, 1864.

On the 15th inst., at noon, the Secretary of the Treasury will open bids for Seventy-five Millions of Six Per Cent. Bonds of 1881—Coupon or Registered, the money to be paid by the successful bidders, one-third on the 20th, one-third on the 25th, and the balance on the 30th inst.

The First National Bank of this City will embody in its bid the orders of other parties, who will be required to abide by the rate offered by the Bank; to prepay ten per cent. on giving in their order, and to furnish the balance on the dates named by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Bank will charge a commission of one-eighth of one per cent., and will deliver the Bonds here as soon as they are received from Washington. The Bonds will bear interest from the 1st July, and the interest from the date of the payment to the 1st of July will be adjusted according to the premium on gold, on the 1st of July.

Deposits can be made in this Bank by parties bidding for themselves the same as at the Sub-Treasury. In this case the deposit will be for two per cent. of the amount bid for.

Unsuccessful bidders will have their money returned when they are notified that their bids are rejected.

Sight-drafts, Greenbacks, Five Per Cent. Legal Tender Notes at their face, and National Bank Notes will be received, and orders must be handed in not later than Tuesday, the 14th inst.

S. C. THOMPSON, President.
JAMES CURPHEY, Cashier.

☞ NEW LOAN OF 1881.

Tenth National Bank, No. 240 Broadway. Fiscal Agent of the United States. Parties desiring to bid for the new issue of bonds of 1881, may have the same forwarded without charge, by depositing the two per cent. required by the Government on amount desired which will be returned if unsuccessful. Bids must be handed in by the 14th inst.

D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, May 20, 1864.

This Bank has now on hand, for immediate delivery, an ample supply of U. S. 10.40 Bonds, with Coupons from March 1. Payment may be made in any funds current in this City.

SAMUEL C. THOMPSON, President.

☞ NINTH NATIONAL BANK.

JUNE 10, 1864.

By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive, up to June 14, bids for the new 6 per cent. Loan. No charge will be made. 10-40 Bonds on hand for sale, and ⅛ ℘ per cent. allowed.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, June 11, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 77 bbls. Ashes, 15,049 bbls. Flour, 344 bbls. and 372 bags Corn Meal, 156,329 bushels Wheat, 51,000 bushels Corn, 9,000 bushels Malt, 76,864 bushels Oats, 1,706 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,537 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 45 bbls., at $11 25@$11 50 for Pots, and $13 12½ for Pearls, ℘ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE—Continues in limited demand, at our quotations: Java, 49c.@50c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 41c.@43c.; Rio at 41c.@43½c.; St. Domingo at 36c.@37c. ℘ ℔.

COTTON—Is less active, owing partly to the extraordinarily high prices claimed by holders; Middling, $1 25@$1 28 ℘ ℔. Sales and resales since our last, 1,350 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active, and prices have favored buyers to-day. Sales since our last amount to 16,400 bbls., part to arrive, including Superfine State and Western at $7 50@$7 75; poor to choice Extra State at $7 85@$8 25, chiefly at $7 90@8 05; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 30@$8 45 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$7 50@$7 75
Extra State	7 85@ 8 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 95@ 9 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	8 30@ 8 45
Extra Ohio trade and family brands	8 30@ 9 50
Extra Genesee	8 30@ 9 50
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	8 35@11 00

Southern Flour is in fair demand at steady prices; sales since our last 1,400 bbls., at $8 05@$8 75 for poor to good, and $8 80@$11 for fancy to choice, extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is less active and rather heavy; sales 650 bbls. Extra, at $7 85@$9 40 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues in demand at $6 25@$7 90 ℘ bbl.; sales 200 bbls. Corn Meal is in fair request at $7 40@$7 50 for Jersey; and $7 85@$7 90 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.; total sales, 400 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in good demand, and prime lots, especially of Spring, have been quite firm, while common qualities have been depressed. The inquiry has been mainly for shipment. Sales have been made since our last of 146,000 bushels, including Amber Western at $1 90@$1 92, chiefly at $1 90; Red Western at $1 84@$1 89; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 82@$1 83; Milwaukee Club at $1 76@$1 81; Chicago Spring at $1 73@$1 80 ℘ bushel. Corn is quiet, and prices tend downward. Sales since our last, 22,500 bushels, $1 55 (nominally) for New Mixed Western; $1 55@$1 56 for Yellow do., and $1 54@$1 56 for White do., ℘ bushel. Rye is scarce and wanted. Small lots of prime Northern have been reported sold as high as $1 75 ℘ bushel. Oats are in limited request at easier prices. We quote Canada at 88c.@90c.; Western at 90c.@91c., afloat; State at 89c.@91c., afloat, ℘ bushel. Barley continues quite nominal. Barley Malt is in demand at $1 60 ℘ bushel. Sales to-day, 1,500 bushels. Canadian Peas are sought after by shippers. A boat load was reported sold to-day at $1 35 ℘ bushel.

HIDES—Have been more sought after and quoted somewhat firmer, this week. The week's receipts comprised 76,650; sales, 42,250, the latter including according to Messrs. WEIZEL & WEIDEMEYER, 11,800 Buenos Ayres, 21@22½ ℔s., 31c.@31½c., cash, usual selection; 5,600 Montevideo, 21@22 ℔s., 31c.@31½c., cash, usual selection; 3,000 Rio Grand, 21 ℔s., 29½c., cash, usual selection; 800 California, 22 ℔s., 30½c., cash, usual selection; 4,000 Orinoco, 22 ℔s., 31c., 6 mos., usual selection; 350 Matamoras, 23 ℔s., on private terms; 5,000 Aspinwall, 18@21 ℔s., 26c.@27c., cash, usual selection; 4,000 Wet Salted California, 50 ℔s., on private terms; 800 Wet Salted Rio Grande, to arrive, 50 ℔s., on private terms; 2,400 Western Slaughter, 60@65 ℔s., 13c.@13½c., cash, rejecting bad hides; 2,000 Country Slaughter, 70 ℔s., 13½c.@14c., cash, rejecting bad hides; 2,500 City Slaughter, 70 ℔s., 13½c., cash, rejecting bad hides. Stock in importers' and speculators' hands: 572,600 Dry Hides, 7,300 Wet Salted do., and 550 bales East India Hides. The stock includes 330,000 Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, &c.; 89,800 Rio Grande, 59,000 California, &c.; 32,500 Orinoco, 9,000 Porto Cabello, &c.; 1,700 Maracaibo, 9,000 Aspinwall and San Juan, 2,500 Vera Cruz and Mexican, 4,100 Tampico and Matamoras, 3,300 Savanilla, &c.; 1,000 Rio Hache, 13,600 Maranham and Para, 11,500 Bahia and Pernambuco, 1,000 West Indies, &c.; 1,500 East Indies, &c.; 2,500 African Kips, 3,000 Wet Salted California, 3,800 do. Buenos Ayres, 500 do. Rio Grande, 550 bales Calcutta Cow and Buffalo.

LEATHER.—The week's business in this line Messrs. H. D. HULL & Co. notices, thus: "For Hemlock Sole the market has been active throughout the week, especially during the latter part, and sales to a fair extent have been made at firm and slightly improved prices. The demand is good for all descriptions and from most sections, a good representation of buyers being personally in the market. Prices during the week have advanced about ½c. on all descriptions, and close firm at the annexed quotations with an upward tendency. The receipts from the tanneries are to a fair extent, but are fully equaled by the sales, leaving the stock on hand very light and poorly assorted. For Oak Tanned the demand is rather more active, and rates are firm. Upper in the Rough continues dull of sale, but holders are firm." We quote: Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Light, 49c.@52c.; Oak Slaughter, Good Middle, 50c.@53c.; Oak Slaughter, Good Heavy, 50c.@52c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, Good, 55c.@58c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, Good, 57c.@59c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Light, 35½c.@36c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Middle, 36½c.@37c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Heavy, 35½c.@36½c.; Hemlock, California, Good Light, 34½c.@35½c.; Hemlock, California, Good Middle, 36c.@36½c.; Hemlock, California, Good Heavy, 35c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Light, 34c.@35c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Middle, 35½c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Heavy, 34c.35c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and B. A. Damaged, all weights, 31c.@33c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and B. A. Poor, all weights, 25c.27c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 38c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, 47c.@51c., cash, ℘ ℔.

HAY—North River is in moderate request at $1 35@$1 55 ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Are in demand and steady at 15c.@30c. for common to very choice, ℘ ℔.

NAVAL STORES—Continue in moderate request, including Spirits Turpentine at $3@$3 10 ℘ gallon. Tar, $14@$16 ℘ bbl. Resin, $32@$44 ℘ 280 ℔s.

OILS—Have been quiet to-day at our quotations. Crude Whale, $1 18@$1 20; Crude Sperm, $1 90; Bleached Winter Whale, $1 28@$1 30; Unbleached Sperm $1 95@$2; Linseed, $1 60@$1 61; No. 1 Lard, $1 15@$1 20; Crude Petroleum, 45c.@46c.; Refined Petroleum, 73c.@75c., free, and 65½c.@66½c., in bond, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more active, speculators having been buying freely, and prices have advanced. Sales since our last 9,800 bbls., in lots, at $33@$33 50 for New Mess; $34 for July delivery, buyers' option; $31@$31 75 for Old Mess, and $32 for June delivery; $32@$32 50 for Prime Mess, $31 50 for Thin Mess, and $28@$29 for Prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats continue inactive at 14½c.@15½c. for Hams, and 11½c.@12c. for Shoulders, ℘ ℔.; sales 70 pkgs. Bacon is in request at 12½c.@14c., according to quality, ℘ ℔.; sales 130 pkgs. Lard advancing; sales since our last 2,600 tcs. and bbls., for immediate and future delivery, at 15c.@16c., the latter an extreme, ℘ ℔. Beef has been in lively demand and buoyant; sales 2,400 bbls., at $20@$22 for Extra Mess here, and $23 for do. June delivery, buyer's option; $16 50@$19 75 for Plain Mess, ℘ bbl.; and Prime Mess, $29@$31 ℘ tce.; sales 75 tcs. Beef Hams, $27@$28 ℘ bbl. Butter is quiet, at 28c.@38c. for poor to prime, and 38c.@40c. for very choice State; 25c.@32c. for choice Western, ℘ ℔. Cheese is inactive, at 10c.@18c., according to quality ℘ ℔.

SKINS—Deer have been more freely purchased at our quotations: Honduras, 92½c.@95c.; San Juan, 82½c.@85c.; Bolivar, 70c.@72½c.; Sisal, 80c.@82½c.; Vera Cruz, 90c.@92½c.; Chagres, 85c.@87½c.; Porto C. and Barcelona, 80c.@82½c.; Para, 80c. cash, ℘ ℔. Goat have been more sought after by manufacturers, but they manifest great reluctance to pay the rates demanded by holders, who continue firm in their views, and sales are extremely hard to effect. We note sales of 138 bales Matamoras, 10 bales Cape, and 25 Payta, all on private terms. We quote: Tampico, 75c.; Vera Cruz, 72½c.@74c.; Buenos Ayres, 65c.@70c.; Payta, 65c.@67½c.; Curacoa, 62½c.@65c.; Cape, 50c.@52½c., ℘ ℔.; Madras, 60c.@70c. each; Cawnpore, 56c.@60c. cash.

SUGARS—Are in demand at full rates. Sales since our last 840 hhds., including Porto Rico at 18½c.@19½c.; Cuba equal to 17c.@19c. ℘ ℔. Refined Sugars are in request at 19c.@24c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales since our last 80,000 ℔s., at 14c.@14½c., and 10,000 ℔s. Grease, at 12½c. ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported since our last of 1,500 bbls., in lots, at $1 31@$1 31½ for State, and $1 32@$1 32½ for Western, ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been very quiet and rates much depressed to-day, with 635 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool, the engagements included 28,000 bushels Wheat at 3¾d.@4d.; 100 hhds. Tobacco at 20s.; and half a cargo (500 loads) Oak Timber at 27s.; also, by steamer, 50 bales Cotton at ¼d. For London—7,000 bushels Wheat at 5½d.; 50 tons Oil Cake on private terms. For Bremen—1,450 bbls. Petroleum at 5s.@5s. 6d.; 24 hhds. Tobacco at 20s. For Hamburg—3,250 bbls. Petroleum on private terms.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.			
Australasian	June 15	New-York	Liverpool.
Virginia	June 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Edinburgh	June 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Bremen	June 18	New-York	Southa'pton.
China	June 22	Boston	Liverpool.
Sidon	June 22	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Washing'n	June 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Saxonia	June 25	New-York	Southa'pton.
Scotia	June 29	New-York	Liverpool.
Hansa	July 2	New-York	Southa'pton.
Washington	July 6	New-York	Havre.
Africa	July 6	Boston	Liverpool.
Bavaria	July 9	New-York	Southa'pton.
America	July 16	New-York	Southa'pton.
Germania	July 23	New-York	Southa'pton.
New-York	July 30	New-York	Southa'pton.
Borussia	Aug. 6	New-York	Southa'pton.
FROM EUROPE.			
Saxonia	May 31	Southampton	New-York.
Olympus	May 31	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Wash'gt'n	June 1	Liverpool	New-York.
Belgian	June 2	Liverpool	Quebec.
Scotia	June 4	Liverpool	New-York.
Pennsylvania	June 7	Liverpool	New-York.
Hansa	June 8	Southampton	New-York.
City of Manches'r	June 8	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	June 11	Liverpool	Boston
Borussia	June 14	Southampton	New-York.
Persia	June 18	Liverpool	New-York.
America	June 22	Southampton	New-York.
Asia	June 25	Liverpool	New-York.
Germania	June 28	Southampton	New-York.
New-York	July 6	Southampton	New-York.
Bremen	July 20	Southampton	New-York.
Hansa	Aug. 3	Southampton	New-York.

For New-Orleans.

Geo. Washington. June 18. New-York...... New-Orleans

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1 and 6:30 P. M.
Erie Mails	3:15 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Erie Mail, Way	2:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	3:00 P. M.
North Mails close at	3:15 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
North Mail, Way, at	2:00 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M. and 4:30 and 10 P. M.

Mails for California, Oregon, Washington Territory and the Sandwich Islands, will be made up daily (Sundays excepted,) closing at 5:30 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

SUNDAY MAILS—On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

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VASTLY SUPERIOR
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IN PLOT, AND
GENERAL INTEREST.

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"THE LAMPLIGHTER."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.—We shall publish THE TANNER BOY on SATURDAY, June 18.

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COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor, over Park Bank.

MEETINGS.

NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. M.

All old members of this regiment are earnestly requested to meet at City Guard Armory THIS EVENING, to perfect arrangements for the banquet to be given in honor of the return of the regiment.

W. S. TOLAND, Chairman.

MASONIC.—THE MEMBERS OF MECHANIC Lodge No. 31 F. and A. M., are hereby notified to meet at their room, corner of 4th and Greene sts., at 12 o'clock M., TO-DAY, (Monday,) for the purpose of attending the funeral of Brother J. S. GREEN, formerly a member of the lodge. The fraternity are respectfully invited to attend. By order.

CHAS. C. J. BECK, W. M.
JOHN HANNA, Sec.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ODD-FELLOWS HALL ASSOCIATION will be held in the Hall, corner of Grand and Centre sts. on MONDAY, the 13th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.; on the same day an election will be held for the Board of Managers for the ensuing year; also, for two Inspectors of the next Annual Election. Polls will open at 5 o'clock P. M.

JOHN S. DAVIES, Secretary.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A FIRST-RATE PASTRY COOK AND confectioner, to go a short distance in the country; to a competent person the place will be a permanent one. Address H., Box No. 130 *Times* Office, stating wages expected and reference.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER, COMPETENT and able to manage servants wisely; best testimonials required; none others need apply; wages $3 per week. Address Rev. A. D. WHITE, Edgehill School, Princeton, N. J.

WANTED—A COACHMAN, A CAREFUL AND temperate man, who thoroughly understands his business. None other need apply. Address B., Box No. 112 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A WOMAN AS SEAMSTRESS AND lady's maid: must understand dress-making and hair-dressing and come well recommended. Apply at No. 132 West 14th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN. NONE NEED APPLY unless experienced and can come well recommended. Address Box No. 1,760 Lower Post-office.

WANTED—A BOOKKEEPER. A YOUNG MAN, who understands double entry and is correct. Address Box No. 4,578 Post-office.

WANTED—AT NEWPORT, A GOOD COOK, that will go out by the day; to cook dinner and make good cake.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT OFFICE BOY, who lives with his parents, for a leather store; salary small. PALMER & SMITH, No. 42 Spruce-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT SINGLE MAN, TO work in a garden and take care of horses, corner of 165th-st. and 10th-av.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, WELL EDUCATED BOY is wanted in the dry goods commission business; salary $50 per annum. Apply at No. 7 College-place.

TO WOOLEN SPINNERS.—WANTED, TWO or three good spinners, to work on new jacks; good wages and constant work. Apply immediately, to JAMES TAYLOR & SON, No. 15 Cedar-st., New-York.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS—LADIES DESIROUS of securing thoroughly efficient first-class servants for City and country situations, will apply at MANNING'S Select Agency, No. 15 Court-st., Hamilton Building, Brooklyn, where they can immediately secure superior Protestant and other servants, for all the various domestic capacities, who have served in our first Brooklyn families.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO SISTERS, with first-class City reference, in City or country, one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress; both understand their work thoroughly; are neat and tidy, and obliging to their employer. Call at No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—A CAPABLE YOUNG WOMAN WISHes a situation as chambermaid and laundress; can do all kinds of fine washing, French fluting, box plaiting, and is a thorough chambermaid; the best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 38 West 13th-st., 1st floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or plain sewer, by a most experienced and trustworthy girl; has lived in first-class families, to whom she refers, and is in every respect a most valuable servant. Apply at CHRISTOPHER'S No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A RESPECTable American woman and her daughter to take care of a house for the Summer; the daughter requires no wages; the best of City reference. Can be seen at her employers, No. 4 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl to do chamberwork and assist with washing and ironing, or chamberwork and plain sewing; no objections to go in the country; has the best City reference. Call at No. 145 27th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FRENCH SEAMstress or nurse, by a young girl who is a good seamstress; has no objection to take care of children. Apply at the French Servants' Institute, No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has excellent City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Office, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress, waitress, or chambermaid and waitress, by a young woman highly recommended; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE colored woman as first-class cook; can do all kinds of cooking, meats, pastry, bone, lard, cream, pies, &c., in a hotel, boarding-house, or private family. Call at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WELL-RECOMmended young woman, with undoubted references from her last employer, as chambermaid and waitress, or as regular waitress; no objection to take care of children and sew. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant girls; one as cook, and would assist in the washing; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or would do the work of a small family; good City reference. Call at No. 156 7th-av.

WANTED—BY TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS, SITuations—one as cook and to assist in washing; the other as waitress or chambermaid, and to do fine washing. Apply until Tuesday noon at their present employer's, No. 36 West 32d-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO WELL REcommended colored servants, sisters, separate or together; prefer Williamsburgh; would do chamberwork and help in washing, or as nurse and plain sewer, or for general work. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED LAUNdress, a family's washing, and for a few gentlemen; understands fine washing and fluting; can give best of City reference as to capability and character. Call for Mrs. CRAWFORD, at No. 327 East 16th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH woman to travel with a family to Europe in any capacity; can give reliable reference. Address M. LEONARD, No. 19 East 12th-st., between 5th-av. and University-place.

WANTED—BY A FRENCH GIRL WHO SPEAKS good English and has good reference, a situation as nurse and chambermaid; understands her work thoroughly. Call at No. 103 West 36th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing; no objection to the country; good reference. Call at No. 488 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS A situation in the City or country as wet nurse, or chambermaid and waitress; best of City reference given; wages $8. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A TIDY WOMAN, WITH EXcellent City references, a situation as cook and assist with the washing and ironing; is an excellent cook; makes pastry. Wages $9. Call No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO GENERAL housework, by a girl, with City reference, that is a good plain worker; wages $6 per month. Apply at No. 103 West 36th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; understands her business in all its branches; can give the best of references. Call at No. 202 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—BY A WELSH WIDOW WOMAN with one child, a situation to take care of a house for the Summer; is capable of taking entire charge of a house. Call at No. 9 Jones-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN WOman, with best references, as cook and assist in laundrywork; is a good cook and baker. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as laundress, and to assist in chamberwork; has good City reference. Call at No. 143 West 31st-st., in the basement.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT FIRST-class cook, with the best of references, a situation. She understands her business in all its branches. Can be seen at No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and laundress or plain sewer. Can be seen at No. 166 West 11th-st.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, (FORMERLY OF the Church Home.) No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts., families, Summer houses and farmers supplied with cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, small girls, general houseworkers, and girls lately landed; also, with coachmen, waitermen and farm hands.

ALL RESPECTABLE FAMILIES, BOARDing-houses and hotels can be supplied with good servants from all nations, Protestant and Catholic, at Mrs. YORKSTON'S office, marble building, No. 14 4th-av.

MALES.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE MAN, A GRADUate of the Edinburgh Veterinary College in 1846, who was brought up in one of the largest couching establishments in Scotland, and who has had the management and professional care of the horses belonging to some of the largest couching establishments in Great Britain, and for the last ten years practicing in the United States, wants a situation to superintend an establishment of horses in New-York City; most respectable reference as to qualifications and abilities will be given. Letters addressed to X. Y. Z., Springstead's stable, corner Hamilton and Rose-sts., Albany N.Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man, (German,) who has a thorough practical knowledge of gardening in all its branches; the care of green and hot-houses, graperies, vegetables and fruitculture; he can produce satisfactory references as to sobriety and qualifications. Call, for two days, at HANFT BROTHERS, Flower Depot, No. 607 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AGED 20, A SITuation as clerk or assistant book-keeper; is a neat and rapid writer, and speaks and writes French; will be well recommended by last employer; salary low. Address D. J. M., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom with a private family by a capable man that thoroughly understands the business; the best of City references given. Address J.K., Box No. 204, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a young man, married; understands his business in every respect; is willing and obliging; can give the best of reference. Call or address at Mr. Lowden's harness-store, No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman or to take care of horses; would like to go a short distance in the country; has good City reference. Address P. D., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman in the country, Orange, N. Y., preferred; is sober, honest and careful; good reference. Address M. H., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT waiter, a single man, in a private family; can be highly recommended. Can be seen for two days at No. 30 East 18th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family in City or country, by a single Protestant man; good references. Apply at the Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED.—A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN, WITH the best of references, wishes a situation. Apply at the German Servants Institute, No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place, near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN who is a first-class groom and coachman; also a good gardener; willing to work; no objection to be generally useful. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL GARDENER, A SITUATION. Please address to G. F., No. 9 John-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED FOR SEVERAL men and their wives; men willing to make themselves useful as farm hands, coachmen or gardeners; wives to cook, wash and iron, or do other housework. Apply at Employment House, corner 6th-av. and 11th-st.

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FOR SALE—ONE-HALF INTEREST IN A WELL-established patent medicine business, now doing a large and profitable trade, from $200,000 to $300,000 per year. The advertiser wishes to retire from business. Call or address H. BROWN, No. 182 Bleecker-st., between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock.

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Plain and filled centres, &c., &c.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOAKS,
MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS, AT RETAIL, AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
Also at Stores
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

MOURNING DEPARTMENT.
AT RETAIL.

Mourning and Part Mourning Dress Fabrics for Summer wear, Also, Mourning Goods of every kind.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos 461 to 467 Broadway,
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS,

For Summer Wear, a fine assortment at Retail,
AT REDUCED PRICES!

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
also, at stores
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

SUMMER HOSIERY, UNDERGARMENTS,

Gloves, Ties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, &c., in great variety
AT RETAIL.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
also, at stores
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS.
CORNICES, BANDS, TASSELS, and HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, in every variety,
AT MODERATE PRICES.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
also, at stores
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

A very splendid stock; many new designs and styles, beaded and plain, very handsome.

W. JACKSON, Importer,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
NO. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.

Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the late important advance, we still continue to offer our entire stock of NEW SPRING STYLES at less than importers' and manufacturers' present prices.

Call early if you want choice styles at a bargain.

R. H. MACY.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
LINEN GOODS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
RIBBONS AND STRAW GOODS.
FRENCH FLOWERS AND FANCY GOODS.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
CORSETS AND YANKEE NOTIONS.
MACY'S CELEBRATED ___ FRENCH KID GLOVES.

NO. 204 and 206 SIXTH-AVENUE,
TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.

LINEN GOODS.

All the best makes and styles of

Linen Sheeting,	Floor Linen,
Pillow Linen,	Stair Linen,
Towelings,	Table Damasks,
Shirting Linen,	Cotton Sheetings,
Napkins,	Domestic Shirtings,
Damask Cloths,	White Goods,
Doylies,	Quilts,
Towels,	Blankets,
Printed Linen,	Flannels.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
Consisting of every variety of

Brocatelle,	Piano Covers,
Tapestries,	Table Covers,
Satins,	Shade Hollands,
Plushes,	Shades,
Moquettes,	Musquito Nettings,
Damasks,	Tassels,
Cottelines,	Cords,
Chintzes,	Tarletons,
Printed Lastings,	Tidies,

At Retail.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

GREAT BARGAINS,
IN FANCY DRESS SILKS,
From $1 25 to $1 75 per yard.
RICH FOULARD SILKS,
$1 to $1 50 per yard.
ONE HUNDRED CLOTH SACQUES,
$5 each.
ONE HUNDRED CLOTH CIRCULARS,
$7 50 each.
Trimmed with silk cord and tassels.
CLOTH SACQUES AND CIRCULARS,
$9 and $10 each.
Less than the cost
of the materials.
To close Stock
during this month,

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY AND TENTH STREET.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

STRAW GOODS.
PRICES DOWN.

BLACK BLOOMERS 31c., 44c., 56c., 63c., 75c., and 100c., in Waterfalls, Imperials, Maderias and other fashionable shapes.

Large lots of TAN LEATHER BLOOMERS at 31c., 44c., 56c. and 75c. each.

SPLIT, PEDAL, CANTON, LEGHORN, FLORENCE, and every other brand in Waterfalls, Maderias, Eugenies, &c., &c., greatly reduced.

Large lines of SPLIT STRAW BONNETS at $1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3, $4 and $5—ALL CHEAP—BELOW ANYTHING OFFERED THESE THREE YEARS.

GRAY HAIR BONNETS at 75c., at $1, at $1 25, at $1 50.

The finest GRAY HAIR BONNETS, $2 25.

White and colored SHAKERS at 12c., at 18c., at 25c.

The very best, 38c.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and No. 66 Allen-st.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

FROM AUCTION,
NEW RIBBONS, every width, color and shade, WITHOUT ADVANCE IN PRICE, although gold is nearly 200.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND and 66 ALLEN STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

MILLINERY SILKS,
MILLINERY VELVETS,
MILLINERY LACES,
FROM AUCTION—
EMBROIDERIES,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Over 100 cartons of
NEW FRENCH FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND and 66 ALLEN STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

PEYTON & JOHNSTON, 274 BOWERY,

Will commence to offer on MONDAY, 13th inst.,
THE BALANCE OF THEIR STOCK
OF SPRING AND SUMMER
SILKS,
SHAWLS,
MANTILLAS,
DRESS GOODS AND
MOURNING GOODS,
AT A GENERAL REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT.

PEYTON & JOHNSTON, No. 274 Bowery.

SHIRT AND COLLAR DEPOT,
No. 41 FULTON-ST.,
Corner of Pearl-st.,

SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
LINEN AND MUSLIN DRAWERS,
ENGLISH AND GERMAN HALF-HOSE,
NEW STYLES SCARFS AND TIES,
ARMY AND NAVY SHIRTS,
SILK AND LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
SILK AND GINGHAM UMBRELLAS,
SILK SUN UMBRELLAS,
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER,
A PERFECT FIT WARRANTED.

THEODORE C. GRANNIS, Agent.

CARPETS, CURTAINS, MATERIALS, AND FURNITURE COVERINGS, COCOA and STRAW MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., Imported expressly for our Retail Trade.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY AND TENTH-STREET.

DRY GOODS.

AT KINZEY'S
EIGHTH-AVENUE CHEAP STORE.
35,000 STRAW BONNETS,
BLOOMERS, HATS AND TURBANS,
FROM AUCTION, TO BE
SOLD THIS WEEK, LADIES', MISSES', INFANTS', MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FROM THE LOWEST PRICE ARTICLE TO THE FINEST GOODS MADE,
BELOW OLD PRICES!
10,000 LADIES' BONNETS 10c. up to $3.
5,000 HATS AND BLOOMERS 15c. to $4 50.
2,000 TURBANS AND FLATS 25c. to $3.
5,000 MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS 25c. to $2,
IMMENSE STOCK OF RIBBONS,
FLOWERS, CRAPES, ILLUSIONS AND LACES.
GOODS OF ALL KINDS
LESS THAN
JOBBERS' PRICES.
EMBROIDERIES, LACES, VAILS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, FANS AND FANCY ARTICLES.
20,000 YARDS DRESS TRIMMINGS 1c. to 20c.
AUCTION LOTS OPENING DAILY.
WHITE AND FANCY MUSLINS.

WM. KINZEY,
Nos. 221 and 223 EIGHTH-AVENUE,
BETWEEN TWENTY-FIRST AND
TWENTY-SECOND STREETS.

AT NO. 181 EIGHTH-AVENUE.

BLACK SILKS.

50 pieces 36-inch RICH PARIS TAFFETA, for MANTILLAS, 15 pieces WHITE-EDGE LYONS TAFFETA, 20 pieces HEAVY ARMURE SILK, 10 pieces BROCADE SILK, and 75 pieces GROS DE RHINE, all widths and qualities, below present price of importation.

COLORED SILKS.

20 pieces Scotch Plaid Silks, 25 pieces Rich Colored Brocade Silks, 10 pieces Stripe and Figured Foulard Silks, and 120 pieces, all shades, Plain Colored Silks, selling below any other house in the trade.

GRENADINES.

50 pieces more of these Rich Stripe, Plaid and Figured Grenadines, at 62½c., 75c., and 87½c.; worth $1, $1 25 and $1 50.

SHAWLS.

RICH BLACK AND COLORED, PLAIN STRIPE, PLAID AND FIGURED GRENADINE SHAWLS, LONG AND SQUARE BROCHE SHAWLS, PALM END PAISLEY SHAWLS, STRIPE AND PLAID CHALLE SHAWLS, and STRIPE AND PLAID WOOL SHAWLS, much below market prices.

CLOAKS.

RICH SILK SACQUES, BASQUES, CIRCULARS AND MANTILLAS, RICH CLOTH SACQUES AND CIRCULARS, for ladies and children, 25 per cent. lower than any cloak store in the City.

RICH FRENCH DRESS-GOODS, RICH FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS, UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c. The largest stock of MOURNING DRESS-GOODS up town.

M. ROBERTS, Jr., No. 181 8th-av.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1864.

A NEW AND GREAT INVENTION IN HOOP SKIRTS.
THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) STEEL SPRING.
J. I. & J. O. WEST, NO. 97 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK,
Are the owners of the patent and exclusive manufacturers of this,
J. W. BRADLEY'S
PATENTED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRTS.

This invention consists of Duplex (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most elastic, flexible and durable spring ever used, enabling the wearer, in consequence of its great elasticity and flexibleness, to place and fold the skirt when in use as easily and with the same convenience as a silk or muslin dress. It entirely obviates and silences the only objections to hoop skirts, viz.: the annoyance to the wearer as well as the public, especially in crowded assemblies, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, or in any crowded place from the difficulty of contracting them to occupying a small space. This entirely removes the difficulty, while giving the skirt the usual full and symmetrical form, and is the lightest and most stylish and graceful appearance for the street, opera, promenade or house dress. A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. They are the best quality in every part, and by far the lightest, most durable, comfortable and economical skirt made. Merchants will be supplied as above, and ladies in most first-class retail stores in this City and throughout the different States.

☞ Inquire for the
DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRTS.

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRT.
THE MOST POPULAR
AND FLEXIBLE IN USE.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and Tenth-st.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

Very flexible, folded easily when in use to occupy a small space, making the most agreeable skirt worn.

For sale by
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catherine-st.

PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

Combining elegance, lightness, comfort and economy, and unquestionably the most desirable article made.

For sale by
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Corner Canal and Mercer sts.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT,
THE GREATEST IMPROVEMENT WE HAVE EVER
SEEN IN LADIES' SKIRTS,
And an article of
SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE.

ROBERT MORTON,
No. 469 Broadway.

BLACK LACE MANTILLAS.
LACE MANTILLAS, POINTS AND SHAWLS
From Auction,
AT AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE.

500 Lace Mantillas at $5, worth $10.
500 Lace Mantillas at $6, worth $12.
500 Lace Mantillas at $8, worth $16.
500 Lace Mantillas at $10, worth $20.
500 Lace Mantillas at $12, worth $25.
Black Pusher Lace Flouncings at less than half price.
Just Opened:
1,000 pieces black Guipure and Thread Laces.
1,250 Thread Lace Vails.
Valenciennes and Point Laces.
Point and Valenciennes Lace Collars and Sets.
Lace and Embroidered Handkerchiefs.
Together with a splendid selection of every article connected with our trade.
All of which we offer at much below regular prices.

E. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 429 Broadway.

MILLINERY.

FIRE AT NO. 497 BROADWAY.

In consequence of the recent fire at the millinery establishment of

Mrs. SCOTT, NO. 497 BROADWAY,

she will offer

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY NEXT,

her entire stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER BONNETS

at a great reduction in price to prepare for repairs.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

Examine STRAW GOODS!
Examine BONNET SILKS!!
Examine RIBBONS! RIBBONS!
Examine MILLINERY LACES and TRIMMINGS!
Examine our STRAW and FANCY ORNAMENTS!
Examine our FLOWERS.

We cut lengths cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND, and 66 ALLEN-ST.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

$10—TO DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND BAKERS.—The undersigned, for the sum of ten dollars, will impart to any one a secret by which an article can be prepared to use in the place of pure Cream of Tartar, the cost price of which will not be more than twelve cents per pound. The preparation looks the same as cream of tartar, and is used by bakers, druggists and grocers, with entire satisfaction. The article will be furnished by the undersigned already prepared if desired, in barrels, at 12 cents per pound, nett cash. Samples sent if required. Address J. JUDSON, Box No. 170 *Times* Office, New-York City.

KENNEDY'S EXTRA FINE CAMBRIDGEPORT CRACKERS, in barrels, half barrels and boxes, for sale at No. 10 Cortlandt-st., and at all first-class grocers. Something new. Tin cans assorted.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.

TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

WATER WHEELS,
of the cheapest and most approved pattern.
MILL-STONES AND MILL MACHINERY,
Address JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

HOE PRESS WANTED.—A SECOND-HAND double-cylinder Hoe Press (No. 2 or 3 size) wanted. It must be in good order. Address E. COWLES & CO., Cleveland, Ohio, stating price.

BOILERS.—FOR SALE, A LOCOMOTIVE boiler; also, a horizontal engine; both 40@45 horse power, in fine order, used 15 months. Boilers and machinery bought and sold.

JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway.

POLITICAL.

FIFTEENTH WARD LINCOLN AND JOHNSON CAMPAIGN CLUB.—Union electors of the 15th Ward are invited to meet at the Sinclair House, corner of Broadway and 8th-st., THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, June 13, for the transaction of business, and the election of permanent officers of the club. The roll will be open for signatures.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S—CAPT. BLAND.

WINTER GARDEN—THRICE MARRIED—FRA DIAVOLO.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—ALADDIN; OR, THE WONDERFUL LAMP.

BROADWAY THEATRE—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN AT HOME.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—BEL DEMONIO, A LOVE STORY.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—MISS MAJOR PAULINE CUSHMAN, GREAT ARABIAN GIANT, FRENCH GIANT, GIANT GIRL, GIANT BOY, TWO DWARFS, MOVING WAX FIGURES, INFANT DRUMMER, &c., at all hours; HARRISON, COMIC SINGER AND TYROLEAN WHISTLER, AT 3 AND 7½ P. M.

IRVING HALL—STEREOPTICON.

MRS. BOLMAN'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC—(No. 720 Broadway)—BOHEMIAN GIRL.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is THREE Cents, except of the Sunday morning issue, which is FOUR Cents.

To Mail Subscribers per annum..........$8 00

Including Sunday morning edition, $10.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year	$3 00	Five copies 1 year	12 00
Two copies 1 year	5 00	Ten copies 1 year	22 50

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year	$2 00	Five copies 1 year	8 00
Three copies 1 year	5 00	Ten copies 1 year	15 00

And an Extra Copy to any Club of Ten.

Twenty copies 1 year..........25 00

To Clergymen.—WEEKLY, $1 25; SEMI-WEEKLY, $2 25.

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized traveling Agents.

To any person sending us a Club of Twenty, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the DAILY TIMES will be sent gratis for one year. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The news this morning from the army East and West, without being of a startling character, is interesting. A dispatch from Gen. GRANT, dated on Saturday afternoon, reports considerable cavalry skirmishing—the rebels making the attack on Gen. WILSON's lines near the Jenny House. BEAUREGARD's army is reported to be between Bottom's Bridge and the James River. In the vicinity of Sumner's and Bottom's Bridges the rebels are busily at work throwing up fortifications. Contrary to an understanding agreed upon, picket-firing is steadily kept up by the rebels, and the casualties are numerous.

It was reported in Washington yesterday that Fort Darling had been captured, and that James River was open for our gunboats to within three miles of Richmond.

On the 10th inst. Gen. KAUTZ carried the enemy's works at Petersburgh and entered the town, but not being supported by Gen. GILLMORE, was obliged to withdraw. He brought away with him forty prisoners and one piece of artillery.

By an arrival from the White House, we learn that nothing was being landed at that place but reinforcements and forage for the immediate use of the army. The railroad to the army, upon which some seven hundred men had been engaged, was torn up and the tracks and rails brought back to the White House. About seven hundred rebel prisoners had been received, under guard of a colored regiment; they will be forwarded to Washington as soon as possible. Partial lists of killed and wounded officers have also been received.

There are dispatches of great interest and importance from Gen. HUNTER's command to the 8th and 9th insts. Gen. HUNTER, in his official report, says he met the enemy at Piedmont, on Sunday, the 5th inst., killed their commander, (JONES,) and totally routed them, after ten hours' fighting. Gen. HUNTER says he has taken 1,500 prisoners, 3,000 stand of arms, three pieces of artillery and a vast quantity of stores, *and has effected a junction with Gens. Crooks and Averill.* On Thursday our infantry was engaged in burning ties and destroying rails along the railway, east and west. All the Government buildings and railway property have been destroyed at Staunton.

There are dispatches from Gen. SHERMAN up to Sunday morning. He dates from Big Shandy, and says that his lines are within four or five hundred yards of the enemy, but up to the date of his dispatch no fighting had taken place.

A telegram from Gen. BURBRIDGE, dated Lexington, Kentucky, June 10, states that the rebels had left there for Georgetown, and were supposed to have gone east. Gen. BURBRIDGE had started in pursuit. Frankfort is reported to be under martial law, and the citizens armed to defend it. The stockades three miles from Frankfort have been occupied by a force of three thousand rebels. The Union troops made an attack upon them, but were repulsed by superior numbers. A later dispatch from Louisville states that the Governor had ordered out the entire militia force of Jefferson County, and that business was suspended. A flag of truce was received by Gov. BRAMLETTE, demanding the surrender of Frankfort. The demand being declined, fighting was resumed.

From Vicksburgh, Gen. CANBY reports that an attempt had been made to cross the Atchafalaya, but was not successful. Gen. BURBRIDGE had fought the rebel forces under MORGAN, at Mount Sterling, Ky., and defeated him. MORGAN retreated to Lexington, but being pursued by BURBRIDGE, immediately left for Versailles. BURBRIDGE is again in pursuit of him.

The steamer *Liberty No. 2* brings news from Cairo to the 11th inst, and further accounts of the battle near Columbia, Ark. The rebels are said to have had 8,000 men and some artillery engaged. About nine o'clock on the morning of the 6th, the advance of the Union force under Gen. SMITH met two regiments of the enemy on the banks of the Bayou. After a short engagement, the rebels fell back to a second position on the Bayou, leaving an open field between the lines. A brisk artillery fire was then commenced by both parties. In a few minutes, however, our forces desisted from using their guns and advanced upon the enemy, forcing them to retreat. Our loss was about twenty killed and seventy wounded; the rebel loss is about the same. The rebels are said to have been commanded by Gen. MARMADUKE.

GENERAL NEWS.

A grand concert, for the benefit of the New-York City Sunday School Society, will be given to-morrow evening, at 7:45 o'clock, in the Academy of Music, by the Associated Choirs of the M. E. Church.

The remains of Col. MORRIS, of the Sixty-sixth New-York, were yesterday conveyed, under escort of the Twelfth New-York, to Greenwood Cemetery, where they were buried with military honors.

Rev. SELLA MARTIN will speak this evening, at Cooper Institute, on the popular feeling of England toward America. The meeting will open at 8 o'clock. There will be no charge for admission.

Bishop POTTER, who was requested by the founders of the American Episcopal Church in Paris, to designate the clergyman to preach the dedication sermon of that church, in July next, has selected for that service the Rev. Dr. W. F. MORGAN, Rector of St. Thomas' Church, corner of Broadway and Houston-street; and yesterday the reverend gentleman, who leaves by the next steamer for Europe, preached a most effective and eloquent farewell discourse to the members of his church and congregation. During his absence, the pulpit which he has so ably and acceptably occupied, will be filled by eminent clergymen, who have cordially volunteered their services. The vestry and members of his church have presented him with a very handsome testimonial of their confidence and esteem.

The price of Gold fell on Saturday 5 ℔ cent. Money ruled at 6@7 ℔ cent. Stocks left off dull and lower than on Friday.

Breadstuffs were less active on Saturday; Flour and Oats were rather cheaper; prime Wheat was firm; Corn unsettled. An improved inquiry prevailed for Provisions, especially Pork, which was much dearer. Cotton was again decidedly higher and excited. Whisky, quiet and depressed. Groceries were in moderate demand. Freights, dull, with 635 vessels of all classes in port.

Dilemma of the Democrats.

Our Democratic brethren seem to be a good deal bewildered. They don't know whom it is best to nominate for the Presidency, and they are not quite sure it is best to nominate anybody just now. They are afraid to select a candidate as the representative of their principles, partly because they have no principles to speak of, and partly because they can't agree in regard to the few they have. So they have about come to the conclusion that they will be under the necessity of nominating a military candidate. But here also various difficulties confront them. Their favorite hitherto has been MCCLELLAN, rather on the score of what he might have done if things had gone differently than by reason of anything which he actually accomplished. But as time passes, public attention is turned rather to the men who do things than to those who might, could, would or should have done them: and there is some danger, that if nominated now Gen. MCCLELLAN might be forgotten before election day,—or his reputation utterly eclipsed by the exploits of some of his successors. So, on the whole, the Democrats are rather inclined to postpone their convention, and to wait for the very latest intelligence from the seat of war.

We are not sure but they are wise. There is a good deal of risk in their making too early a nomination. As they expect to carry the election, if they carry it at all, by a dashing charge on the strength of somebody's military renown, it is important that they should get the very freshest hero and give him no time to be superseded in public fame by another. Thus far their choice is restricted. MCCLELLAN and FREMONT seem to be the only military candidates for their suffrage, and they are running rather on the strength of what they have suffered, than of what they have done. Gen. JOHN COCHRANE expects a nomination at Chicago whether FREMONT gets it or not. JOHN thinks he has suffered enough in the field to qualify him for running on either ticket, or on both; and if scars on reputation are to be taken into the account, he is quite right. The Democracy apparently shrink a little from taking a ticket exclusively from the noble Army of Martyrs. The style of canvassing which such a ticket would render necessary is not quite to their taste. They prefer something a little more cheerful. They prefer hurrahs to howls, and could make a much livelier campaign by cheering over a General who has victories to glory in, than whining with one who lacks promotion.

So they are disposed to wait awhile and see if an available hero won't turn up from some unexpected quarter. They have hopes of GRANT, and are quite ready to take him provided he will take Richmond. It is about the first reward they have ever offered to induce one to serve the country,—but GRANT doesn't need it. He will take Richmond in due time we have not the slightest doubt. So far as that goes, if we were in want of a candidate we should be quite willing to take him on trust. But the Democrats evidently mean to make a sure thing of it;—they will nominate no man on the strength of what he is expected to do. We commend their prudence. We hope they will postpone their convention until Richmond is taken, the rebellion quelled, and the Union restored. Then perhaps they can unite their forces. The Peace Democrats, who think the war an infamous crime and demand that it be stopped, and the War Democrats who think it equally criminal and infamous, but demand that it be prosecuted with vigor, may possibly then unite upon some man who agrees with both. We trust they'll try.

Filling Up the Ranks—One-Year Men.

As we are again about to have some change in the Conscription Law, and there is talk of drafting men for one year only, it would be well to consider the propriety of adopting some rule that would insure to the United States a year's service of trained men, and not of raw recruits. If the draft is made for the purpose of filling up the ranks of regiments now in the field, and the conscripts are at once sent forward to the army, they will, of course, learn their work more rapidly than in camp at home; but under the best of circumstances this is a wasteful process. The battle-field is not the place to learn drill on; it is not the place to take undrilled men to. The presence of large bodies of raw recruits in a regiment is always a source of danger and embarrassment, let them be ever so brave naturally. In fact, the bravery of novices is apt to render them only an easier prey to a wary and seasoned enemy. And yet if the time during which they are to learn to manœuvre and handle their arms is to be taken out of twelve months, it will seriously curtail their term of actual service, and leave most regiments in a state of chronic disorganization.

It is worthy of consideration, therefore, whether it would not be well to make the year's term of service commence from the time when the recruit should be pronounced fit to join the army by an inspector. This would furnish a strong stimulus to acquiring a knowledge of drill and military habits, and furnish the Government with the equivalent of at least one-third more men than if it has to include the training period in the term. If it takes three months to convert a conscript into a soldier—and this is, perhaps, not too high an estimate, and these have to be counted in the term of service—the Government only gets two-thirds of a man, or, to put it in a more manageable shape, only gets two men where it should have three. The adoption of this rule, too, would furnish a strong inducement to persons already possessing some knowledge of military duties, or to old soldiers, to serve in person; and it would secure increased diligence and attention on the part of new recruits.

To the objection that it might also give worthless men a chance of feigning stupidity and spending their whole year in camp in learning the goose step, there is the obvious answer that some discretion in the matter would have to be lodged somewhere; that deliberate shamming of incompetency is easily detected by an experienced eye, and that it would be easy to fix a term after which men who appeared unable to get out of the awkward squad would be coverted into camp drudges, hewers of wood, drawers of water, and performers of all sorts of odious and unsavory tasks. The enlistment of men for so short a term as one year is, under the best of circumstances, condemned by the military experience of all other nations, and, if we resort to it, we should seek to deprive it of at least some of its drawbacks.

The New Strategy.

One fact strikes the public mind as in great contrast to nearly all former experience of the Army of the Potomac, and that is, the cessation of those remarkable "surprises," or those attacks in "overwhelming numbers," which used continually to afflict us. Under MCCLELLAN there was first the turning back of the retreating enemy, and of his falling upon our front corps near Williamsburgh, before the other portion of the line could be got forward in support—a battle which, with any decent generalship, ought to have been a decided victory for us with comparatively little loss. Then followed the surprise of Fair Oaks, where a corps thrown out in the air is overwhelmed, and our army, cut in two by a river, is attacked in detail; then the bold raid of STUART, and finally the flank attack by JACKSON, and the greater part of LEE's army on one wing of ours—the other wing remaining comparatively idle. And still further on, the bold rear assault by JACKSON on POPE's army, and the cutting up of portions of our forces again in detail. Then came the rebel escape from Antietam, which was equal almost to a defeat of our army; still later the surprise of the Eleventh Corps, badly placed in an exposed position at Chancellorsville, and HOOKER's retreat. And yet again, the escape of LEE from Gettysburgh.

We have now had for forty days nearly incessant fighting by our forces under Lieut.-Gen. GRANT, and yet we do not hear of one "surprise," or of any one instance where a corps placed in an exposed position has been overwhelmed by numbers, or of "unexpected" rear attacks or flank attacks, or of any successful raid on our communications or our supplies, or of any manœuvre of the enemy which has occasioned us much damage. And yet the enemy have tried over and over again their old dashing and vigorous movements; and that in a country which, above all, would favor and disguise them.

They have moved their different corps in the night, and have fallen "like a thunderbolt" now on this wing and now on that; they have attacked in the night and in the fog, at dusk and early in the morning; they have retreated in the front, and have sent troops, by a wide detour, to assault our communications; they have returned, over and over again, with the most determined valor, to attack important or weak positions in our line; and yet through all this our forces are never "surprised" or "overwhelmed." We lose not a baggage-wagon or cannon, and but few prisoners, and those only in the ardor of the assault. Our great losses in killed and wounded are mostly from our being compelled to assault fortified positions If this be not an indication of generalship, we do not know what evidence of it can be given.

The change is manifestly due to a great leading mind at the head of the army. There is an intellect there capable of grasping and managing the movements of immense masses of men; calculating mathematically on their rate of marching, and so separating and then uniting them many miles ahead; bringing corps to support corps; knowing as if by intuition where the enemy will be most likely to attack; seeing the different divisions and corps as so many pieces on the chess-board, and arranging so that any chance assault only reveals the strength of his position.

It should be remembered, also, that Gen. GRANT by no means confines himself to the old policy of defence. He attacks incessantly; when assaulted on one wing he advances with the other. His tactics would be thought to expose him to surprise far more than those hitherto adopted in this army. But the result is that our old situation is reversed, and it is we who surprise the enemy instead of being surprised by him, and it is we who make the raids and cut the communications, instead of suffering from these adventurous enterprises.

It is the consciousness of this intellectual guidance at the head of the army, which can indeed throw masses of men with tremendous energy upon a given point, but which never exposes life foolishly or without purpose, that inspires the common soldiers of the army to such heroic fighting and to such absolute obedience to their leader. They know that where they are called upon to make a dangerous assault, there is always a sufficient object; that they will be properly supported, and they will either be victorious or be withdrawn because the end is impossible to be attained. They see that mind rules this tremendous power of the army, and they have confidence in the ability and the intellect of their General.

This power of generalship, which has evidently been more and more developed through GRANT's whole career, is one great source of confidence that this difficult campaign will be brought to a victorious conclusion. If Gen. GRANT finds the lines of the Chickahominy too strong for assault, as is intimated by our correspondent, he will undoubtedly attack Richmond by some other line, and thus draw LEE from his intrenchments. His campaign against Vicksburgh showed how fertile in resources was his mind, and we must not be surprised if various means of attacking LEE, with varying success, are attempted, before the final and successful one. All the conditions of success are ours. A just cause, a most brave and enduring army, and a General of high military skill and great tenacity of purpose,—with these in view, we can afford to wait calmly for the future.

The Slavery-Exterminating Amendment.

Among the most gratifying developments of the Baltimore Convention was the unanimity exhibited in favor of a Constitutional amendment making a universal and perpetual end of Slavery. There was a time when such a proposition could not have been pressed without a great risk of making serious, if not fatal, discord in the Union party. We ourselves deprecated its premature agitation. Always recognizing that the unity of the Union party is the prime necessity, we have always been disposed to keep in the background all questions of minor concern calculated to breed strife. The progress of events was far more potent to settle them than any controversy could be. Experience has long since demonstrated that public opinion is shaped mainly by the inaudible and invisible teachings of the war, rather than by any appeals, however urgent, or by any arguments, however forcible.

So far as regards this subject of Slavery, it has been plain enough from the outset that the public mind was detaching itself from its old moorings, and yielding more and more to the Anti-slavery current. This, in fact, was a moral necessity. The rebellion sprang so directly from Slavery, and was so closely connected with Slavery in all of its objects and policies, that it was not possible to make war against the rebellion with a whole heart, and yet remain well affected toward Slavery. Border State influences, in the early stage of the war, did most to check the rising Anti-slavery spirit. All loyal men felt the importance of avoiding anything tending to impel these States to identify themselves with the "Confederacy." As these States became more settled in their position, the Anti-slavery influences of the war became more free to operate; and as the war went on, they continually gained power. They first secured popular sanction to the mere negative policy of not returning fugitive slaves who escaped to our lines; then to the positive confiscation, as "contrabands," of all slaves of rebel masters; then to the issue of an executive proclamation declaring free all slaves in the rebel States, whether belonging to rebel or loyal masters; then to an offer of compensation to the loyal border States as an inducement to emancipation; then to the plan of making negro soldiers, which contributed immensely to break up Slavery in the Border States; and finally they have now had their full consummation in this unanimous adoption by the Union party of the radical measure of making a complete and final extirpation of Slavery, through the whole length and breadth of the land, by a constitutional amendment. Thus the demonstrations against Slavery have all the while been growing stronger and stronger, and the unity of the Union party has at the same time remained unbroken. It is not the invocation of the President, nor debate in Congress, nor agitation by the press or by platform speakers, that has wrought these results, but the logic of the war itself, silent yet irresistible.

This amendment, now regularly adopted as one of the cardinal ends of the Union party, is the logical converse of the peace policy formed by the North before the war. As a last inducement to the leaders of the secession movement to abandon their wicked intent, Congress almost unanimously passed its resolution to submit to the people a constitutional amendment in these words:

> "No amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give Congress power to abolish or interfere, within any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or servitude by the laws of said State."

Nobody doubts that this amendment would have been ratified by every Northern State but for this rebellion. The conspirators did not choose to accept the offer to disable the free States forever from injuring Slavery. It is therefore peculiarly just that the power we offered to resign, if they would refrain from the rebellion, should be exercised in its fullest force against them as defiant rebels—that the Federal Constitution, which it was proposed should be, through all time, an impenetrable shield to Slavery, should be converted into a weapon to smite it from the face of the land forever.

The proposition to submit this amendment to the different States has been adopted by the Senate, but has yet to be acted upon by the House. No time should be lost in bringing the measure to a vote in that body. It has been doubted whether it can receive there the requisite two-thirds. Perhaps it will not, if the opponents of the Administration choose to vote in a body against it. This we do not believe they will dare to do. But if they see fit to commit such folly, it can only injure themselves. The amendment will be none the less sure to prevail in the end; while opposition to it by the Copperheads would only make them the more obnoxious to the great majority of the people than ever. Two-thirds of the next Congress are to be elected this Fall. There are already issues enough with the enemies of the Administration to insure their general defeat. But the addition of this, if the Copperheads so please, will do very good service in helping to make their overthrow all the more signal. By all means the matter should be pushed to a test vote in the House. President LINCOLN has already signified his hearty concurrence in the measure. Every loyal Legislature will unhesitatingly vote to consummate it. There is good reason to believe that the necessary three-fourths of the entire number of the States can be secured within the next twelve months. The Union party having formally committed itself to the movement at Baltimore are now bound to carry it through with the least possible delay. It will derive an honor from thus exterminating Slavery, second only to its immortal glory of saving the Union.

GRANT'S ARMY.—It is some ten days now since GRANT's army had a serious collision with the rebels; and though in the interval there has been more or less of brisk fighting almost every day, there has been no gain apparent from it. The public are, of course, perfectly well assured that GRANT is by no means idle. There have been rumors enough that he was steadily carrying on some work which would soon be productive, and we are satisfied that its character and aim will now very soon be seen by the whole country.

Celestial Neutrality.

The action of the Government of China in ordering that the *Alabama* and all other vessels which would prey upon American commerce, shall be excluded from all Chinese ports, is a matter of no small importance to us. Those Eastern seas are so far away that if these pirates were allowed to have as much assistance there as they have received in English ports, our vessels there would be almost at their mercy. Our readers will recollect the accounts which came from that quarter when the *Alabama* made her flying trip thither some months since, how all our vessels were immediately shut up as closely and with as much trepidation as chickens, when a hawk is in the air. But these rovers have never been able to keep the sea long without going into some port to refit, and this closing of the ports of China against them will make them chary of their visits to that part of the world.

The Celestials have set a good example in this proceeding of theirs to some of the "outside barbarians." Probably this is not due to any greater enlightenment of theirs upon the duties of one nation toward another, but rather to the circumstances in which they are placed, which give them a quickened sense of those duties. They have had a rebellion of their own upon their hands for some time now, and they could not but think how it would be if a vessel claimed to belong to the Taepings, though really built by American shipwrights, and paid for with American money, and manned with American seamen, should be turned loose to depredate upon their unarmed merchantmen. It is a great deal easier for two parties to do to each other as they would be done by, if they are both in the same situation. If the circumstances had been similar on this side of the globe, the same results would doubtless have followed. If Ireland had rebelled against England at the same time that our slaveholders rebelled, does any one believe that England would have been in such an indecent haste to recognize the latter as belligerents? If there had been any danger of a vessel built in our ports sweeping the seas, with the green flag flying above her, can any one doubt that the perceptions of the Custom-house officials at Liverpool would have been very much sharpened, and that the ladies who went with the *Alabama* on that trial trip of hers would have come back in her or have had to run the gauntlet of a frigate or two? Does any one doubt now that, if LOUIS NAPOLEON had not this Mexican elephant on his hands, if he did not feel that the escape of the vessels which the rebels are trying to procure from French shipbuilders might be followed by the putting to sea from some American port of a Mexican Alabama, the difficulties in the way of Mons. BRAVAY and his coadjutors would be immeasurably lessened?

John Chinaman saw the true bearings of the case at once, because his interest taught him. John Bull and Louis Crapaud did not see it so quick, because present interest weighed upon their eyelids, instead of tending to keep them open. But even they are learning, and we do not despair yet of seeing the day when Capt. SEMMES may come into an English port without receiving an ovation, and the *Florida* may even be forbidden to enter Nassau.

LIFE AND JOURNALISM IN TEXAS.—We have received a bundle of papers from Houston and Galveston, Texas—the Galveston *News*, weekly and tri-weekly, and the Houston daily *Telegraph*. The *News* comes down as late as May 6, but there is no news in it. One of its day's issues is printed on a sort of dingy white paper; another on paper the color of red clay; and a third is a kind of blue clay color. In regard to size and shape they are no more particular than as regards color. One number of the *News* is about 18 inches long by 12 wide, another about a foot long by 10 inches wide. None of them is more than a single leaf, or two pages. In one of the red-leaf issues, they put a blank space in the middle of the six columns, and thus provide for folding it as a quarto; but this makes it a foot and a half long and only half a foot wide, like an old-fashioned ledger.

All the issues are entirely occupied with war news, military orders, lists of killed and wounded, etc. The war news is in the usual style of Southern bombast and absurd exaggeration. The tone of it all, however, is like the printing of it, dreadfully dismal. There is a proclamation from fop MAGRUDER to the "Men of Texas," and he tells them that the "conscription will be enforced inexorably and immediately." There is a letter addressed by a father to his son, under the caption of "How to get on in the army," which may, for all we know, be intended as sarcasm. After maundering through an illegible column of very small type, and informing his son that some "scented soap" has been sent him, the "affectionate father" says:

> "And now, my dear son, do you apprehend the moral of this little history? It is that no man can successfully resist the powers that be. In civil life, the ruling power is public opinion—in the army, the will of the officer in command."

There is in one of the *Telegraph* issues a letter from LUBBOCK, late Governor of Texas, in which he denies that he ever "pledged himself to drink all the blood that would be shed in this war," or that he said he "could whip single-handed twenty Yankees." As LUBBOCK is known to be a great liar, we cannot accept his denial of these well-accredited statements. There is a paragraph announcing that letters will be carried from Texas to Tennessee at the rate of two dollars a piece. There is a news item setting forth that "gold is tumbling down by the run east of the river"—that whereas lately it was 32 for 1, it is now 17 to 20 for 1. Only once in these papers do we observe any attempt at being funny, and it takes the form of poetry. We quote it as a sample of the sanitary condition of the Confederate muse in Texas. The subject of the "pome" is Gen. STEELE, who, as our readers know, lately made a march from Little Rock in the direction of Texas.

> "Gen. FREDERICK STEELE comes stealing along,
> Stealing our hogs and stealing our corn,
> Stealing our sheep and stealing our cows,
> And stealing the steel from off our plows.
> Steal on, Gen. STEELE, ere long you may feel,
> The blighting effects of very cold steel."

Altogether, if we may judge by their newspapers, the rebels of Texas are rapidly carrying the State into a condition of semi-barbarism.

OLD ABE'S CHOICE.—A gentleman in conversation remarked to President LINCOLN on Friday that nothing could defeat him but GRANT's *capture of Richmond*, to be followed by his nomination at Chicago and acceptance. "Well," said the President, "I feel very much like the man who said he didn't want to die particularly, but if he had got to die, that was precisely the disease he would like to die of."

Louisiana.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE REBEL GOVERNOR.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
SHREVEPORT, La., April 2, 1864.

To the Citizens of Louisiana:

I have already made such disposition of the militia of the parishes adjacent to Red River as the times demand. I now, by this Proclamation, call on all men in the State who are able to bear arms, without regard to age, vocation, or condition, to come and aid in the defence of their homes and firesides.

The enemy is advancing. He comes to burn, to rob and to destroy. If he succeeds, your homes will be desolated, your negroes driven off into exile, and your wives and daughters basely insulted. Shall this be permitted? In God's name, no! We will meet him and drive him back.

Let every man who wishes to engage in this patriotic service come to me. Let those who are not in their places in the Confederate army, where the law has placed them and whither patriotism points them, do their duty and come without one moment's delay.

Come, then, as did the patriotic Greeks who defied the hosts of the Persian monarch. Come as did the heroes who left their ploughs standing in the field and gathered to the defence of Rome. Come as did the men of BRUCE at Bannockburn. Come as did the soldiers of Israel's King who met and conquered the Philistines. Come, oh! come, as freemen born—as freemen who intend to live—as freemen who are resolved to die!

The news from the East is most cheering. We have gained four victories within the last thirty days. The President of the Confederacy has assured you that our armies never were in a better condition. He has never deceived you about the actual condition of the country. These recent events attest his truth and candor.

Citizens of Louisiana! my heart warms to you all. I love every swamp and pine-clad hill in your now beleaguered State. Respond to this call. Our armies are marching—our troops are massing. Rally in defence of your wives and children, your homes and sacred altars, and all I will ask of you is to follow wher I shall lead.

Ladies of Louisiana! I appeal to you, by all you hold sacred in Heaven, or dear on earth, to urge every man who can fire a gun to respond to this call. The enemy must be met. We will conquer him, and you shall be free.

HENRY. W. ALLEN,
Governor of Louisiana and Commander-in-Chief.

THE LAST CANADIAN OUTRAGE.—MR. S. G. LEVEY, merchant of this city, who was arrested by the Federal authorities, on the arrival of the *Asia* at Boston, on Thursday week, without cause assigned; who was deprived of his papers and imprisoned in a cell, has sent the following telegram to a friend in Montreal, dated on Saturday:

NEW-YORK, June 4, 1864.

Just released. No charge against me. All well. Will write.
S. G. LEVEY.

This arrest and release can only be described as a monstrous outrage. It is a case which takes us back the days of King JOHN in England, before the Barons wrung from that monarch the Great Charter; which takes us to the rule of Russia in Poland, or Austria in Venetia; but which three or four short years ago we never could have thought could have come to pass among a people speaking the English language, and inheriting the traditions of British freedom.

Mr. LEVEY was imprisoned from Thursday, May 26, to Saturday, June 4, which is ten days, there being no charge against him, or even the shadow of one. He is a British subject and a British merchant, happening to touch the port of Boston in a British passenger steamship. We are assured, on the authority of his friends who know him well, that his opinions are not in favor of secession, but he is, on the contrary, a Northern sympathizer—*i. e.*, if reflection in the leisure of a Federal cell has not altered his views. The conclusion of the whole is that he is the victim of a rank and obnoxious spy system which has grown up on the grave of liberty, and which must have branches or ramifications on British soil.—*Montreal Gazette, June 6.*

THE ACCIDENT ON THE SIXTH-AVENUE RAILROAD—DEATH OF THE VICTIM.—JOHN TULLY, who was so badly injured on Saturday evening by being run over by a car of the Sixth-avenue railroad as reported in the TIMES of yesterday, died soon after being conveyed to the Hospital. Coroner RANNEY held an inquest and a verdict of accidental death was rendered. Deceased had been in the employ of the Company for the last 12 years.

THE BERKSHIRE CALAMITY.—Coroner RANNEY held an inquest yesterday at the corner of Ninth-avenue and Sixty-fourth-street, on the body of Miss JULIA O'SULLIVAN, who was drowned by jumping overboard from the steamboat *Berkshire*, at the time she was burned on the North River. Deceased was a passenger on the boat, and had been on an expedition of search for the body of her brother, who was drowned a day or two before by falling overboard from the steamer *Hendrick Hudson*. She was 23 years of age and a native of Ireland.

ATTEMPT AT SELF-DESTRUCTION.—MARGARET J. DRURY was found, late on Saturday night, at the corner of Third-avenue and Twenty-first-street, suffering from the effects of a dose of poison administered by herself for the purpose of self-destruction. She was conveyed the Bellevue Hospital by Officer HILL of the Eighteenth Precinct.

SHOT IN MERCER-STREET.—Late on Saturday night a young man named JOHN MULDOON became involved in a quarrel with a stranger at No. 83½ Mercer-street, and during the trouble MULDOON was shot in the thigh by a pistol in the hands of the unknown man. The latter immediately made his escape and has not been arrested. MULDOON, who resides at No. 265 Third-avenue, was conveyed to the New-York Hospital.

THE FIRST NEW-JERSEY REGIMENT.—The First New-Jersey Regiment, which returned home a few days since, will be mustered out of service to-day at Trenton. The members of Company I, residing in Hoboken, will receive a public reception some day this week.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. FLORENCE bring their Winter Garden engagement to an end this week. It has been and continues to be an extremely profitable one. A single fact will illustrate this more forcibly than any mere statement. During a period of seven months the "bill" has only been changed twice. The great attractions were the "Ticket-of-Leave Man" and "Fra Diavolo." The latter is still in the first flush of its popularity. It is to be withdrawn after the present week, simply on account of Mr. FLORENCE, who is troubled with a throat complaint that compels him to seek absolute rest. "Fra Diavolo" will be preceded by the farce of "Thrice Married."

"Captain Bland" will be repeated to-night at Wallack's. It is an excellently-written piece, although somewhat disappointing in its action. Mr. LESTER WALLACK and Miss MARY GANNON are seen to peculiar advantage in it. Mr. Moss' benefit, last week, was a great success. The pieces played ("Ernestine" and "A Pretty Piece of Business,") will be repeated on Friday.

There are no alterations at Niblo's or the Olympic. At the first-named house, "Bel Demonio;" at the second, "Aladdin." The Broadway Theatre prospers under the new *régime*. Mr. CHANFRAU still repeats his humorous performance of *Lord Dundreary* and *Brother Sam*, in "Our American Cousin at Home." At Barnum's Museum, the Irish drama of "Nora Creina" and the farce of "Boots at the Swan" are announced for this afternoon and evening.

The Medicine Men had a grand pow-wow at Irving Hall during the past week, and the representations of FALLON's Stereopticon had in consequence to be suspended until Friday evening, when a great gathering was in attendance to witness the new series of views. Another change will take place in the programme to-night. There is not a better or more instructive entertainment in the country.

Mr. STEPHEN MASSETT gave his entertainment before Mrs. LINCOLN and the President on Tuesday last.

Mr. ROBERT HELLER announces his second programme of magic to-night at the Salle Diabolique. Only one or two items of the first programme are preserved. The remaining tricks are new.

The HOLMAN opera troupe (children) announce an adaptation of BALFE's "Bohemian Girl," and a comicality called the "Old Folks," to-night at Hope Chapel.

Miss Major CUSHMAN, the "Union scout and spy," has received the masses at BARNUM's Museum during the past week—whenever the masses have felt disposed to be received. She is a charming and intelligent lady, with an earnest and persuasive manner of conversing, and an easy bearing before the audience. The matter of her discourse is not so good as its manner; she speaks repeatedly of the secret service of the United States, and it remains secret whilst she is speaking, but every one feels deeply interested in the obscure duties that so pretty a woman may have had to perform, and a good many buy books for further particulars. Miss CUSHMAN looks best in the dress that becomes her sex; in the bifurcated extremities of the regulation uniform she is baggy and incommodious. Admirers may procure *cartes de visite* in either costume. We state these facts for the benefit of those who think that patriotism is served by making a show of a patriot, and we may add for the enlightenment of the same small class, that Miss CUSHMAN "comes on" every afternoon and evening after the Albinos and Giants, and just before the Magic Fountain.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

THE COMMUTATION CLAUSE.

There is but little doubt that the commutation clause will be striken out by both Houses of Congress, in accordance with the recommendation of the President and the Secretary of War. The most strenuous opponents of the measure are beginning to open their eyes to its necessity.

NEW-YORK RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

ROBERT C. FENTON, Esq., has been appointed President of the New-York Relief Association here.

THE NINTH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT.

The Ninth Massachusetts Regiment, whose term of service has expired, passed through here this evening, en route for Boston.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, June 12.

COUPON BONDS.

Coupon bonds of 1881 for one thousand and five hundred dollars will be ready the 25th inst.; for one hundred and fifty dollars on the 30th. Registered bonds of the large denominations are expected to be ready on the 1st prox.

OFFICERS RETIRED.

Col. DULAND and Lieut.-Cols. MARSHON and REYNOLDS have been retired after forty-five years service. This leaves Major SEELIN the senior officer of the corps on the active list.

THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The subscriptions to the ten-forty loan last week amounted to nearly $3,000,000.

THE NINTH MASSACHUSETTS.

The Ninth Massachusetts returned here to-day on their way home, their term of service having expired.

NEW-YORK SOLDIERS' RELIEF.

An association for the relief of New-York soldiers has been organized, with Representative FENTON as its President. It is to act in conjunction with the State agency.

DR. BRECKINRIDGE IN THE HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Rev. Dr. BRECKINRIDGE preached to-day in the Hall of Representatives. His sermon was in no sense political, but altogether theological, to the evident disappointment of many who had been attracted thither. The President and several members of the Cabinet were among the dense auditory.

The Obsequies of Col. Orlando O. Morris.

The remains of Col. MORRIS, which arrived in this City from Bergen Point on Saturday evening, were conveyed, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, from the Governor's Room in the City Hall, where they had been lying in state, to Greenwood Cemetery. The escort consisted of a detachment of Regulars and the Twelfth Regiment N. Y. S. N. G., Col. WARD. The following gentlemen were pall bearers: Col. B. L. Trafford, Seventy-first New-York; Col. J. W. Mason, Sixth New-York; Col. J. Maidhoff, Eleventh New-York; Col. Lewis Burger, Fifth New-York; Col. J. M. Varian, Eighth New-York; Col. T. H. Mather, Second Illinois Artillery; Capt. Orville D. Jewett, and Messrs. F. Hischman, L. White, W. A. Ballentine, J. S. Merriam, and W. R. Hyslop. Rev. H. W. F. Jones, Rev. CHARLES PARKER, and Rev. T. DWIGHT, Chaplain of the Sixty-sixth New-York, conducted the funeral services. The body of the gallant officer was deposited with appropriate honors in Greenwood Cemetery.

Arrivals in the City.

Hon. A. B. Olin, Troy; Hon. J. S. Rollins, Mo.; A. Aston and F. W. Fairfield, U. S. N., and J. R. Gauley, Detroit, are at the Astor House.

W. C. Morrill, Florida; B. A. Brooks, St. Jago de Cuba; G. D. Smith, 45th U. S. Infantry; G. McDonald, Cal., and J. T. Cantwell and party, U. S. A., are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

W. S. Steward and lady, Memphis; Col. H. O. Kent, B. A. White and O. Chase, Washington; G. T. Knipping, Mexico; W. D. Miller, New-Orleans, and C. Clarke, Lockport, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Gov. C. J. Bayley and family, Nassau, N. P.; R. Williams, Toronto; Rev. W. T. Johnson, Baltimore, and A. T. Mahan, U. S. N., are at the Brevoort House.

The Throat.—Families would do well to keep always at home a box of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, a simple but most marvelously efficacious specific for affections of the throat, affording prompt relief in cases of coughs, colds, bronchial troubles, &c. Singers and public speakers will find them also excellent to clear the voice and render articulation wonderfully easy.—*Monthly Magazine.*

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c. PREPARED ONLY BY S. G. WELLING, NO. 611 BROADWAY, SECOND FLOOR. PRICE [illegible] A BOX. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A Card.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION, No. 22 Bond-st.

I have now administered the NITROUS OXIDE GAS, daily, for over one year to patients for the extraction of teeth, and have never had the slightest ill effects attend the operation. Whether we have drawn one or twenty teeth at a time, no patient has desired ever to lie down after having their teeth out. The patients, numbering thousands, have embraced some of the stoutest men, as well as the most delicate women and children, and yet I have never yet failed to produce the anæsthetic sleep and insensibility to pain in a single instance.

In consequence of this success OVER THIRTY of the most prominent DENTISTS of this City and Brooklyn now regularly send us their patients who require an anæsthetic for teeth extraction. I make the gas myself, use it only when fresh, and never administer it to others until after I have breathed it myself. This is my daily practice.

Those who desire to take an anæsthetic are invited to call and look over the long list of names of those who have given us certificates that their teeth have been extracted without pain, and that the effect of the gas was pleasant.

Dr. P. H. VANDER WEYDE, Professor of Chemistry in the New-York Medical College, writes to me:

"The difference between the nitrous oxide and ether and chloroform is, that the first, being a supporter of combustion and respiration, stimulates the nervous system and produces an increase of vitality, while the two others, ether and chloroform, being non-supporters of combustion and respiration, depresses the nervous system and brings vitality below the standard, though with the same final result, *perfect unconsciousness*; the difference only is, that the unconsciousness produced by the increase of vital action by the nitrous oxide is harmless, and the same result produced by the depression of vital action by ether or chloroform is injurious, and may prove fatal." * * * * * * * "The fact that you have administered it [the gas] to about 20,000 persons without a single fatal result, is an unanswerable proof of its safety as an anæsthetic."

We guarantee, not only entire insensibility to pain, but that patients shall feel as well after as before inhaling the gas.

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Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

BURNS—MCKIBBIN.—At St. Paul's Church, Detroit, on Wednesday, June 8, by Right Rev. S. McCoskry, J. DAVIDSON BURNS, of Kalamazoo, Mich., and MARGARET, daughter of Alexander McKibbin, Esq.

FLEMING—THOMPSON.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on Tuesday, June 7, by Rev. J. C. K. Milligan, Mr. SAMUEL J. FLEMING, of Burnside, Orange Co., N. Y., and Miss MARY McF. THOMPSON, of this City.

FULLER—MCINTOSH.—At Honesdale, Penn., on Thursday, June 9, by Rev. H. Gray, WM. J. FULLER and SUSAN A., daughter of John McIntosh, Esq.

DIED.

ADAMS.—In New-Orleans, on the 1st inst., MARGARET M. PIERREPONT, wife of Thomas A. Adams, formerly of Portsmouth, N. H.

BENHAM.—On Sunday, June 12, Mrs. ADELIA A. BENHAM, widow of the late Lieut. Cortland Benham, U. S. Navy, and daughter of Newton Hayes, of New-Brighton, S. I.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 12 o'clock. The New-Brighton boats leave Pier No. 19 North River at 11 o'clock.

BRODHEAD.—On Friday, June 10, at the house of Hon. J. E. Brady, in Washington, Lieut. DANIEL M. BRODHEAD, Jr., of the 14th U. S. Infantry, of a mortal wound received on the 5th of May at the battle of the Wilderness, in bravely endeavoring to rescue a wounded brother officer.

His friends are invited to attend his funeral at Port Jervis, Orange Co., N. Y., on Tuesday morning next.

BANTA.—At English Neighborhood, N. J., on Saturday morning, June 11, Mrs. JANE BANTA, widow of the late Cornelius Banta, in the 96th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Reformed Dutch Church at that place, at 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, 14th inst., without further invitation. Northern Railroad cars leave Jersey City at 2:15 P. M., returning at 4:45 P. M. from Hackensack Junction, near the church.

GILL.—In Belvidere, N. J., on Sunday, June 5, of consumption, Miss MARY H. GILL, daughter of the late Bennington Gill, of Philadelphia, and sister-in-law of Rev. Dr. Wilson, of Newark, N. J.

Her remains were deposited in Laurel Hill Cemetery, near Philadelphia.

HASELTINE.—On Saturday morning, June 11, HELEN LANE, wife of William S. Haseltine.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 7 University-place, on Monday morning, the 13th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

☞ Boston and Philadelphia papers please copy.

HOLMES.—At West Farms, N. Y., on Saturday, June 11, JOHN HOLMES, aged 57 years.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, 14th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from his late residence.

HORNBLOWER.—At Newark, N. J., on Saturday, June 11, Hon. J. C. HORNBLOWER, late Chief-Justice of New-Jersey, in the 88th year of his age.

Funeral at the late residence of deceased, No. 8 Park-place, Newark, on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 2 P. M. Services at the First Presbyterian Church at 3 P. M.

JARVIS.—On Saturday morning, June 11, GEORGE JARVIS, only son of George A. Jarvis, in the 12th year of his age.

Funeral this (Monday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 337 Henry-st., Brooklyn. His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

JONES.—Suddenly, on Friday, June 10, LOUISA F. JONES, of Brooklyn, widow of the late Wm. J. Jones.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, Washington-av., near Park-av., Brooklyn, this day, (Monday,) 13th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

KITTLE.—At Elizabeth, N. J., on Saturday, June 11, Rev. ANDREW N. KITTLE, aged 78 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his son-in-law, Alfred DeWitt, on Wednesday, June 15, at 12 o'clock, without further invitation. Car-boat leaves foot of Cortlandt-st. at 10 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Elizabeth Depot. His remains will be taken to Stuyvesant, Columbia County, for interment, on Thursday.

LYON.—At Beaufort, S. C., on Sunday, June 5, of wounds received at the battle of Olustee, Fla., Sergt. LORENZO E. LYON, Co. F, 48th N. Y. Vols.

The body was embalmed, and will be brought home for interment hereafter.

MORGAN.—After a short illness, JOHN W. MORGAN, aged 54 years.

His friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 155 Oxford-st., Brooklyn, on Monday, June 13, without further invitation.

SCOTT.—In Attica, N. Y., on Sunday, June 5, after a lingering illness, DAVID SCOTT, aged 69 years.

SNEDEN.—In this City, on Saturday, June 11, after a protracted illness, SARAH, wife of Samuel Sneden.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. [illegible] West 47th-st.

UNDERHILL.—At New-Orleans, on Friday, June 3, of typhoid fever, FRANCIS LA CROIX, son of the late George M. K. Underhill, of New-York.

WENDOVER.—On Thursday, June 9, SUSAN ANN, wife of Joseph R. Wendover, of St. Louis, and daughter of Peter Luyster, of Newtown, L. I.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, from her father's residence, without further notice. The remains will be taken to Newtown Village for interment.

WESTLAKE.—Killed on Thursday, June 2, near Cold Harbor, Va., Capt. OSCAR WESTLAKE, Co. I, 3d New-Jersey Vols., son of Cornelius J. and Abigail M. Westlake, of Brooklyn, in the 25th year of his age.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 375.—June 11, 1864.
72, 75, 28, 31, 3, 54, 41, 22, 35, 38, 62, 56, 14.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 376.—June 11, 1864.
24, 32, 23, 43, 72, 6, 21, 51, 50, 25, 3, 45, 10.

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CLASS 280.—June 11, 1864.
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THIS LOAN IS AUTHORIZED by Act of Congress of March 8, 1864, which provides for its REDEMPTION IN COIN, at any period not less than ten or more than forty years from its date, at the pleasure of the Government.

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AS A RULE, the five per cent. specie securities of all solvent Governments are always at par or above, and currency now funded in the National Loan will be worth its face in gold, besides paying a regular and liberal per centage to the holder.

THE AUTHORIZED AMOUNT of this loan is two Hundred Million Dollars. The amount of subscriptions reported to the Treasury at Washington has been

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First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
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Fourth National Bank of New-York, 27 and 29 Pine-st.
Fifth National Bank of New-York, No. 338 3d-av.
Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.
Ninth National Bank of New-York, No. 363 Broadway.
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SUMMER GOODS AT OLD PRICES.
DEVLIN & CO.,
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Manufacturers of
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Pearl Mottled, Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet, and other Soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

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CHOICE HOT-HOUSE GRAPES,
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And also other choice Fruits of the season, at lowest market prices, at
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"HER MAJESTY" CHAMPAGNE.—THE Royal Wine of England. 1,000 cases for sale at $20 per case, of quarts.
WM. HENRY WARD,
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DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.
And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
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DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

No. 816
BROADWAY.
OPINIONS OF THE NEW-YORK PRESS:
From the Journal of Commerce.
CATARRH CURED.
THE CASE OF HUTCHINGS, THE "LIGHTNING CALCULATOR."

There was published in these columns a few days since the remarkable cure of Hutchings, the "Lightning Calculator," so well known to the public during the many years he exhibited his wonderful arithmetical powers at Barnum's Museum, by the celebrated Oculist and Aurist, Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Hutchings is represented to have been at the point of death, and but for the timely interference of the Doctor, would now be resting in his grave. This is a remarkable case, and worthy of the attention of persons similarly afflicted.

We think it is but just to Doctor Von Eisenberg to call public attention to this case. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, who, like the "Lightning Calculator," if not actually praying for death, are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is within his power to make them whole or not.

DEAFNESS CURED.
From the Tribune.
EARS TO THE DEAF.

Every man, and especially every woman, believes in his or her physician. There are philosophical minds which hold to an abstract faith in Allopathy, or Homeopathy, or Hydropathy, or some other form of scientific cure; but with the world at large the belief is not in the system, but in the doctor. Especially is this true as regards aurists and oculists. The patient who has recovered his sight or his hearing is sure that the blessing could have been restored to him by no other practitioner than that particular one by whom his eyes or ears were opened. Dr. Von Eisenberg is among our best-known aurists. He has not lent us ears as a brother practitioner has eyes, and in whose skill, therefore, we believe above all others. But we hear of him from those who esteem him not merely as a surgeon, but as a benefactor. A recent case has been related to us, for the truthfulness of which we can vouch, though we can name no names. The patient was a lady who had been deaf from infancy, as a consequence of some of the ailments to which children are liable. Latterly the disease had taken an acute form, and the patient was subject to intense suffering. The deafness was rapidly becoming complete, and the general health breaking down under the physical exhaustion attendant upon constant pain. Ordinary remedies and ordinary advice were useless, and Dr. Von Eisenberg was called in. We need not repeat his diagnosis, for that would be only a list of hard names to the general reader. But he detected at sight the seat of disease, first in one portion of the organism, then in another, and with manipulation as skillful as his insight was accurate, he removed the causes, and she who, from infancy, had heard with difficulty, and latterly hardly at all, was restored first to perfect hearing and then to perfect health. Dr. Von Eisenberg's advertisement reminds us of this case, which we thus briefly relate, though not at his solicitation. Let him that hath not ears, hear.

From the Christian Times.
SIGHT RESTORED.
CONCERNING EYES AND OCULISTS.

Of the five senses, that which we call seeing is the most important and most valued. In proportion as this sense fails us, we are reduced to helplessness. If entirely destitute of sight, how slow would be our progress in knowledge, and how limited our sphere of action and usefulness. Endowed with it, the universe becomes a new creation, clothed with beauty and diversified by that infinite variety which never fails to attract the mind and heart.

For several months past this has been a practical subject to us. An inflamed condition of the eyelids communicating itself to the pupil, rendered the discharge of daily duties not only painful, but dangerous. Attributing it to the effect of a cold, we endured it through the Spring, with the hope that with the return of warm weather it would entirely disappear. But in this we were doomed to disappointment. Summer returned, but not our wonted sight. What might have been the result, either of further neglect or of incompetent treatment, we cannot say.

Stating our case to a friend, he assured us that a similar one in his own family had recently been treated with entire success by Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Satisfying ourselves by more particular inquiries that the doctor is no empiric, but a scientific oculist and aurist, we concluded to seek the benefits of his treatment, which we have now reason to acknowledge is very great. Though but a few weeks under his care, the appearance of our eyes has totally changed. The pupil is now full and clear, and the lids are entirely free from inflammation. The doctor says that the optic nerve has been weakened and the retina assumed a chronic inflammatory state, affecting more or less all the other tissues, and threatening, if neglected, to end in Amaurosis. Opthalmitis, is the term we believe, which oculists apply to eyes affected as were ours. Having obtained the much desired relief, we take great pleasure in acknowledging our indebtedness to the talent of Dr. Von Eisenberg, and of calling to it the attention of others who may be suffering from a similar or even worse condition of their eyes. It is said that Providence provides an antidote for every bane. It is certain that the eye is, in these times, subject to severer trials than formerly. Let us be thankful, then, that as we increase the tendencies which destroy the organ of vision, the progress of science keeps pace with these tendencies, if not in advance of them.

OFFICE NO. 816 BROADWAY.

SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.

This great remedy has increased in demand so rapidly that it is impossible for Dr. Schenck to fill the orders. Every druggist thinks his orders should be filled first. The same way with Schenck's Mandrake Pills. Go where you will, city or country, East or West, you will find Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These medicines are suited to every one and should be in every family. One dissolves the food in the stomach, the other assists nature in carrying off the morbid matter. The Seaweed Tonic brings up the tone of the stomach and creates at once an appetite. A little taken before breakfast will create an appetite. After eating a hearty dinner, a wine-glassfull of it will digest the food and prevent any unpleasant feeling of fullness.

It is perfectly harmless, and very agreeable to the taste. The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills have done more to promote the health of the army than any other medicines before the public. In Louisville, Ky., alone are thousands of dollars worth shipped weekly. By reading the following the public may be able to judge of the effects of these medicines.

The Seaweed Tonic is a compound extract, carefully distilled from a common weed growing on the sea-shore. It converts the food into chyme. It contains no corn whisky, or alcohol, but its stimulating properties are as pure as the best French brandy.

THE REMARKABLE CASE OF MRS. ELIZABETH WILSON.

This lady resides at No. 1,933 Ellsworth-st., Philadelphia. On the 24th of January last, she came for advice to Dr. Schenck, complained of pains in every part of her body; her stomach was much swollen, her bowels costive; the pain in her right side was excruciating; she was stupefied and unable to go up stairs. According to Dr. Schenck's advice, she commenced with the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. Her bowels were so obstinately costive that it required eight or ten pills every night to produce a passage, though one pill within twenty-four hours is sufficient in ordinary bilious cases.

After a few days, to her great surprise, she began to pass pieces of tape-worm, each piece from two to ten inches in length; and she has since passed great numbers of similar pieces, and sometimes long ropes of slime or mucous. She was at Dr. SCHENCK'S office on Saturday last, and could scarcely be recognized as the same person. She says that she feels like a new being; she is free from pain and has perfectly recovered the use of her limbs and all her faculties; in fact, she is as healthy and active as she ever was at any former period of her life. She declares that she scarcely knows how to feel grateful enough to Dr. SCHENCK, to whose advice and medicine she ascribes her restoration to health, and her deliverance from a state of suffering which human nature could not have long sustained. She professes her willingness to give any information relative to her cure to persons similarly afflicted, and they are requested to call on her for that purpose. Dr. SCHENCK is quite certain that if Mrs. Wilson had not speedily obtained relief her case must have terminated in paralysis.

ANOTHER SINGULAR CASE.

A lady came to Dr. SCHENCK at the Marlborough Hotel, Boston. She was supposed by her physician to be afflicted with tapeworm. She had severe pains and sensation of something moving and twisting inside of her. These feelings, at times, almost threw her into convulsions. It would creep up into her throat and appear to bite. The only way to quiet it was to drink milk, when it would settle down and go to sleep. She would have to take a quart to bed with her every night for that purpose. She was very costive, skin yellow and dried up to a mere shadow. Dr. SCHENCK gave her four MANDRAKE PILLS every night for a week, and the SEAWEED TONIC according to directions, which only moved the bowels slightly once a day, and which in ordinary persons would have physicked severely; but it sickened the animal, and she found she did not crave any more milk.

At the end of a week Dr. SCHENCK gave her a double dose, say eight or ten MANDRAKE PILLS, and soon after she passed a large quantity of mucous and slime, in which was embedded a large lizard. From that time she began to recover, and is now perfectly well. This shows what can be done with proper medicine and proper treatment. Any person that imagines that they have got tape-worm or any other kind of worms, if they will take sufficient MANDRAKE PILLS every day for a week or ten days, to relax the secretions, but not to purge, then take a large dose, enough to physic severely, it will carry off all morbid matter in the system; and if nothing of the kind should be there, it will cleanse the system and leave the patient in a healthy condition.

AND STILL ANOTHER.

A gentleman of Camden, N. J., certifies that he had all the most distressing symptoms of liver complaint and dyspepsia. He applied to Dr. Schenck, and after taking the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills for several weeks, he passed a surprising number of worms, some of which were three to five inches in length. The cause of his disease having been removed, he speedily recovered his health. His appetite now is remarkably good, and his digestion excellent. This gentleman's name may be seen at Dr. Schenk's office, and all who may wish to have a confirmation of the fact from his own lips, will be directed to his place of residence.

Such cases continually present themselves to Dr. Schenck. Only last Tuesday a lady came to Dr. Schenck, at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, and said she was awakened a few nights before by something choking her, and, to her great surprise, found a worm crawling out of her throat, about ten inches long. At this season of the year, when almost every one is complaining more or less with torpid liver and disordered stomach, if they would try one bottle of Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and one box of Schenck's Mandrake Pills, both together costing only $1 25, it would be sufficient to satisfy any one of their good effect, and that alone may prevent a long intermittent bilious attack, and in many cases pulmonary consumption.

Please read the following certificates:

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19, 1862.

DR. SCHENCK—*Dear Sir*: I take great pleasure in sending you a certificate in addition to many you have already received from suffering humanity. I can scarcely find language sufficiently strong to express my heartfelt gratification at the wonderful cures your Mandrake Pills and Seaweed Tonic have effected in the cure of one of the most stubborn cases of the affection of the liver. For three years I suffered beyond description; all my friends, as well as myself, came to the conclusion that my time in this life was short. Such was the terrible condition to which I was reduced that life to me had become a burden; my whole system was in a state of inflammation; I could not eat; I could not sleep; my whole body was filled with pain; swellings would arise in my wrists and ankles, rendering them totally useless. On several occasions I was attacked with a rush of blood to the head which would fell me to the ground, and I would be carried away for dead. I applied to several eminent physicians of our city, who administered all the medicines that they thought would reach the case, but of no avail. One of them said he could do no more for me, and advised me, as the last resort, to drink cod liver oil. Not relishing the horrid trash, I declined to take it. Accident put your advertisement in my hands. I called on you. You examined me and told me what was the nature of my disease. You then ordered me to take the Pills and Tonic, with an observance of diet, pledging your word that in one week I would find myself another man. I followed your advice; and, as you predicted, an astonishing cure was effected. I continued your Pills and Tonic for some time; and now, thank God for His great goodness and your valuable medicine, I am once more restored to perfect health. I most earnestly recommend all those who are suffering from an affection of the liver to give your Pills and Tonic a fair trial, and a cure will be effected. I have sent many persons to you, and they have all been cured. Any information my fellow-citizens may further require will be freely given by the subscriber, at his residence, No. 812 Federal-st., between 8th-st. and Passyunk-road.

CHARLES JOHNSON, Sr.,
Formerly Printing-Ink Manufacturer.

LYNN, Mass., Jan. 19, 1863.

DR. SCHENCK—*Dear Sir*: I meant to call on you when you were in Boston, to make an acknowledgment to you for the great good I have derived from the use of your SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS. I called on you in May last. I thought I had Consumption, but you said it was Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia; and recommended the SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS. I suppose you have forgotten me, but I will try to explain the case, and I think you will recollect me. I had to wait some time for my turn. Your rooms were full. I got to sleep on the sofa. I felt so dull that when I would sit down in the daytime I would fall asleep, but could not sleep at night. I think if I had not come to you I would have been in my grave by this time. Now, I will try and relate how I was then, and how I am now; and if it can be of use to you, you may publish it. For three years before I came to you I had a pain in my right side and shoulder blades, low-spirited, bowels costive, skin yellow, tongue coated, breath bad, appetite all gone; I think I could go a week without eating, and not be hungry; and if I did eat, it would fill me full of wind. I would often get nervous spells at night, and think that I could not live until morning.

I had a little cough and have spit a quart of blood at a time, and felt sure, until you examined me, that I had consumption. I have taken in all seven bottles of the Seaweed Tonic and three boxes of Mandrake Pills, and they have cured me. The pills took hold of my liver, and the tonic of my stomach. For nine days I think I felt worse, for everything appeared alive in me, and I was sure I was full of worms; but in a few days things started, and no one would believe what quantities of black bile, slime and corruption passed my bowels, but I saw no worms. I wish the world knew the effect of that Seaweed Tonic. It is a good medicine, and it will bring up the appetite if anything in the world will. I do not believe you will know me for I am so changed, but I am bound to see you the next time you come to Boston. As I said before, I am now a well man. My skin is as clear and my tongue as clean as yours. I have gained seventeen pounds in flesh, and solid at that. I can eat as much as any man in Lynn. I am in the shoe business, and everybody knows me here, and I am well known in Boston and New-York. I am always talking about you and your medicine, and suppose have been the means of selling many dollars' worth already.

Yours respectfully, JAMES T. JONES.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 15, 1862.

DR. SCHENCK—*Dear Sir*: This is to certify that your Mandrake Pills and Seaweed Tonic has completely cured my wife of a Congested Liver of long standing, during which time she was visited almost daily by our family physician, and the only thing he would prescribe for her was powerful emetics until her system was completely worn out by continued vomiting. Everything we would hear of we tried, but all to no purpose; and finally my wife saw your advertisement in the paper, and concluded to go and see you, although she had little, if any confidence in any doctors after the experience she went through.

She has taken about four bottles of Tonic and three boxes of Pills, and now can boast of as good health as she ever enjoyed in her life. I think this one of the most remarkable cures on record, and if publishing these lines will benefit the sick or afflicted, you are at liberty to do so.

CHARLES NEILL,
No. 190 7th-av., cor. 23d st.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., Oct. 2, 1862.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—*Dear Sir*: I have been for some time going to give you a certificate or statement of the great benefit I have derived from your SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS. I suppose I may say that I was ten years laboring—a great deal of the time—under what no one seemingly could live through. My disease was liver complaint and dyspepsia; my liver was so diseased that it stopped my blood from circulating, and I would get stupid spells, something like apoplexy. I tried every doctor I could hear of, and tried all the medicines I thought suited my case, and calomel pills without number. I have been confined to my bed [illegible] months at a time; my appetite was all gone, and what I would eat would lay in my stomach for days, and give me the most excruciating pains. My bowels were costive. One doctor put a seton in my arm, which I wore for several years, until I commenced with your medicine. I commenced with the SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS, and took them as directed, and now I suppose what I am going to say can hardly be believed. I am an old woman, and wish to tell nothing but the truth.

About nine days after I commenced taking the medicine a great change came over my whole body; my liver began to relax, and, it is true, for several days I was frightened, and was afraid I would physic myself to death, but fortunately you came to Washington just at this time, and told me to keep on taking the Tonic and Pills, as it was not a regular diarrhœa, but the morbid matter passing from my system; and so it turned out. They cured me, and I feel better to-day, while I am writing this certificate, than I have for ten years. My appetite is good, my food digests well, my bowels are regular, my skin looks clear; I sleep well; in fact, I feel as though I had fallen asleep, and awoke up twenty-five years back. I want every one that feels I did to come and see me, for I talk better than I can write. I reside at No. 375 West 3d-st., Washington City.

JANE BARBER.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 23, 1863.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, Philadelphia, Penn.

Dear Sir: I wish to add to your list of certificates my name. It may induce some sufferer to try your Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. I have been for several years complaining with a dull, heavy, languid feeling—not sick enough to lay by, and yet hardly able to attend to my household duties. I had pains all over me, sick headache, low spirits, bowels costive, skin yellow, no appetite, belching up wind and throwing off bile continually. Nothing would digest, but lay on my stomach, giving me pain and filling me full of wind. I was all this time taking medicine, but nothing seemed to reach my case until I commenced with your Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. I have taken five bottles of the Tonic and three boxes of the Pills, and feel like a new being. I live at No. 447 Harrison-av., Boston, and if any one will take the trouble to call on me I will explain more explicitly.

MRS. JANE HUNTER.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK has a large suite of rooms at No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, where he can be found every Tuesday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

He keeps a large supply of medicines at his rooms, which can be had at all times. Those wishing advice or an examination of the lungs will do well to call on him as above. He makes no charge for advice, but for a thorough examination with his respirometer his price is $3.

Many persons are afraid to have their lungs examined by Dr. SCHENCK, for fear they will be found incurable, and by that means it is put off until it is too late. How much better it would be to know their condition at once, as, by abundance of evidence, Dr. S. has shown sufficient certificates in this City that he has cured advanced stages of consumption.

Dr. SCHENCK'S principal office is No. 39 North 6th-st., Philadelphia, Penn., where letters for advice should always be directed.

Price for Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, $1 25 per bottle, or $6 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

For sale by druggists generally.

DEMAS BARNES & Co., No. 21 Park-row, Agents.

THE REMEDY OF THE AGE.
THE CELEBRATED
TROPICAL BALSAM,
PREPARED BY CARRENO BROTHERS & CO.
Known as INFALLIBLE for the speedy cure of
PHTHISIS, CROUP,
and all other affections of the
CHEST AND THROAT.
Affections resulting from
FALLS, BLOWS OR BRUISES,
HEMORRHAGES,
WOUNDS,
CONTUSIONS,
ULCERS,
PILES,
FELONS,
BURNS,
CHAPPED LIPS, HANDS, &c.,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
EARACHE,
AND ALL OTHER
NEURALGIC, RHEUMATIC, and
SPASMODIC PAINS

Valuable letters, certifying to the wonderful cures effected by this precious medicine, are published in the TRIBUNE, the INDEPENDENT, and the COURRIER DES ETATS-UNIS.

Full directions for use are around each bottle, and circulars containing said directions and a large number of testimonial letters, can be had at the General Depot, and will be sent to private residences on request.

Heads of families are advised to keep always this Balsam by them, in order to use it in time in cases of WOUNDS, HEMORRHAGES, BURNS, BRUISES, &c., thus obtaining an immediate cure, and saving time, sufferings, and money; also, those who are devoted to such occupations as expose them to danger, or require the use of instruments wherewith they may be injured in any way.

Price of bottles, 37 cents, and $1.

General Depot at WM. E. SIBELL'S, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York. Retailed at the drug-stores in New-York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

OAK ORCHARD SPRING WATER.—THE GREAT REMEDY of Nature for DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA and Affection of the Kidneys and Bladder; also for General Debility. Pamphlets furnished containing Reports from United States Hospitals and other testimonials of the highest medical authority, attesting the rare medicinal virtue of this water. Ample accommodations for invalids in the vicinity of the Springs.

Sold by the bottle or case. GEO. W. GLAZE, General Agent, No. 514 Broadway, Metropolitan Hotel Building.

A PROCLAMATION.

And it came to pass in the reign of Abraham, whose surname was Lincoln, in the eighty and sixth year of the Independence of the States of America, that a mighty rebellion arose in that land.

And Abraham said unto Simon from the Keystone State, "Be thou my armor-bearer."

And Simon did as he was commanded, and marshaled immense hosts of young and valiant warriors from the East, even from the Kennebec; from across the great River Mississippi, and from beyond the Rocky Mountains—from every State called he some. And being of the kind whose hair curled not a little, they said:

"Those who have risen against us are cowards, and when they behold our banners they will surely run"—but they didn't.

And it came to pass these two mighty armies went forth to fight on the plains of Manassas.

And Simon's men, though valiant and brave, were smote hip and thigh, even so much that they hurried brilliantly back to lean on Abraham's bosom.

And many were slain, but more were wounded.

Then there was great commotion throughout the land. And Abraham called aloud upon the wise men and men of skill to save the sick and give new strength unto the wounded.

And, lo! there arose in the North one Drake, cunning in medicine, but of exceeding modesty.

And when Abraham and the people beheld the wonderful cures which were wrought by Drake, Abraham said: "My children must not suffer; give me thy drink to drink, and I will give it a name."

And so Abraham drank, and said there was nothing like it, not even in Sangamon County; that it was bitter to the lips yet good for the stomach; and because these were bitter times in fighting the masters of the plantations, it shall for evermore be called Plantation Bitters, and so it has been.

And the wonderful work which it has performed is witnessed at this day in every town, parish, village and hamlet, where the habits of civilization produce dyspepsia, where war creates accidents, and where climate or exposure destroys strength and appetite.

And he said: "Let it be proclaimed throughout the length and breadth of the land, from the valleys and mountain-tops, that all who suffer from fevers, dyspepsia, weakness, loss of appetite, nervous headache and mental despondency will find relief through the Plantation Bitters. They add tone to the stomach and brilliancy to the mind, of which I, O people, am a living example."

And Drake did as he was commanded, and got him a place in the great City of New-York. And as many as came in unto him were healed and went on their way rejoicing.

HUGE SALE OF GENTS' LINEN COLLARS
AT RETAIL.
P. F. SMITH & BLAKE, NO. 379 BROADWAY, are now receiving from the celebrated TROY COLLAR WORKS, OVER SEVEN THOUSAND DOZEN Gent's 3 and 4-ply LINEN COLLARS, of superior quality and finish, to be closed out at the extraordinary low price of
TWO DOLLARS PER DOZEN.
Six collars for one dollar; three collars for 50 cents.
A SINGLE COLLAR TO TRY, 20 CENTS.
These goods are all of the latest styles in "turn-down" and "garrote," and are the *quality* usually retailed at $3 per dozen. *Every collar warranted.*
THE LARGE STORE CORNER OF WHITE-STREET.

THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.
CAPITAL FULLY PAID UP, $500,000.
Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.
This Bank has on hand for immediate delivery Ten-Forty Bonds of all denominations. Usual commission allowed.
Will receive and forward bids for the new $75,000,000 6 per cent. Loan.
C. V. CULVER, President.
J. WYMAN JONES, Vice-President.
C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, CHOLERA MORBUS, &c.—Certain and immediate cure. HEGEMAN & CO.'S celebrated Diarrhœa Remedy has been used with unfailing success since the Cholera season of 1832. A single dose will usually check the diarrhœa in a few hours. Prepared only by HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists and Druggists, New-York. Sold by all the principal Druggists in the United States.

IVORY BROOCHES, EAR-RINGS, COMBS, Hair-Pins, Sleeve-Buttons, &c., at WELLING'S, No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

FOR SALE.

TO LET—A WELL-LIGHTED [illegible] ROOM, near Broadway, with steam power. Also a basement. Inquire of [illegible] INSLEY,
Engineer's office, No. 102 Walker-st.

FOR SALE AT POUGHKEEPSIE,
A country place containing 13 acres of choice land, on the south side, and just beyond the city limits of the City of Poughkeepsie; the house is large, 2½ stories high; has water, billiard-room, &c., a piazza in front, 75 by 12 feet, [illegible] view of the Hudson River, [illegible] and Catskill Mountains, and the adjacent scenery; the gardens are very productive, the place well stocked with fruit and shade trees and shrubbery, and the stables, &c., new and commodious; 9 additional acres of land will be sold with the place, if desired; for further particulars inquire of
DE WITT CLINTON JONES, No. 25 Pine-st.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No 3 Pine-st., or of
HENRY W. SHAW, Market-st., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE LOT OF GROUND AT THE corner of Stuyvesant and 9th sts.; its dimensions are as follows: 75 feet on Stuyvesant-st., 65 feet on 9th-st., 24 feet on the corner, and about 65 feet from Stuyvesant-st. to 9th-st.; a very prominent situation, upon a great thoroughfare; this lot would be an excellent position for a savings' bank or other institution for the accommodation of an industrious and thriving community. Apply to TATHAM & BROTHERS, No. 82 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A HANDsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, 1½ miles from railroad depot. On the premises are a double house, with kitchen wing attached, furnished with hot-air furnace, bath-room, range, &c.; a large barn, with cellar, hen-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings, all nearly new and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, evergreens and shrubbery, grounds bounded by water on one side. Apply on the premises to J. N. IRELAND, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS, DESIROUS OF CHANGING LOCATION OR STARTING ANEW.—Your attention is called to Elizabethport, New-Jersey, as being the best point near New-York, on account of the low cost of coal, iron and lumber, low taxes, and offering all the advantages of the City. Please examine the place before locating elsewhere. Lots for sale on very favorable terms. For particulars apply to COOLEY & HEIDRITTER, Agents, Elizabethport, or E. R. KELLOGG, 139 Pearl-st., N. Y.

HOUSE AND STABLE FOR SALE—NO. 129 West 18th-st., 75 feet west of 7th-av.; lot 25 feet by half the block, and stable on rear, approachable by alley; house high-stoop, brick, three-story, and in good order. This is suitable, by alteration, for a gentleman's private stable—the house being a good one, and abundant room on rear of lot to enlarge the stable, as well as alley-way on side; or the house, lot and stable are admirably adapted for a carman, being occupied by such a party at this time. Price $7,250. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—20,000 ACRES IOWA LANDS OF THE Dubuque and Pacific grant, lying between Fort Dodge and the Mississippi River. A premium was paid for the privilege of selecting these lands. They are of the best quality, and adjacent to the Dubuque and Pacific Road. To farmers or others wishing to emigrate West, they will be sold for approved securities, on very favorable terms and on long time, or will be exchanged for first-class property near New-York.
W. L. BARNES, Agent, No. 362 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT FLATbush, Long Island. Gothic house, with all the modern improvements, together with fourteen acres of land, ornamental and fruit trees, grapery, greenhouse, &c. The above-named property is very desirable, being only 2¾ miles from Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn City railroad cars passing the premises; also having a front on the new City Park. For particulars, inquire of
JOHN LEFFERTS, Flatbush.

FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN, CONN.—A beautiful country seat, with four acres of land, one and a half miles from the centre of the City. The house is new, and contains all modern conveniences; size 48x50, with an addition 45x17, with stable, ice-house, &c. It is delightfully situated on high land, west of Whitney-av., and commands a fine view. Terms reasonable. Apply to ELI WHITNEY.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY ON THE SOUTH-east corner of Greenwich and Dey sts., having a front of about 45 feet on Greenwich and 78 feet on Dey-st.; the building is very substantial, has heavy walls, with fire and burglar-proof stone vaults, and is very desirable either for a Bank or Insurance Company. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

HANDSOME RESIDENCE FOR SALE, 1½ MILES FROM PATTERSON, N. J.—House equal to 60 feet square, two stories high, with tower three stories high, with conservatory, two bath-rooms, hot and cold water; greenhouse heated by steam; grounds finely laid out; 3½ acres. Fine views of the surrounding country. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

$7,000.—GOOD MODERN TWO AND HALF story residence, 16 rooms, marble mantles, good out-buildings, gardener's house, 28 acres excellent land, well fruited, shaded, &c., desirable location, high ground, near depot, 15 miles in New-Jersey.
W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—AT MORRISTOWN, N. J, A BEAUtifully-located country seat, consisting of a good house and out-buildings, 20 acres of land, choice fruit, &c.; distant about 1½ miles from depot. Also, a large modern house and 3 acres, near depot. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story brick house No. 166 Washington-st.; situated on high ground, convenient to the ferries, containing bath, stationary tubs, range, water-closets, &c., all in perfect order. For terms, &c., apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES, WITH NICE BUILDINGS, fine water, small and large fruits in excess, 30 minutes from the City, in Boiling Spring, N. J., on Erie Railway; 12 trains each way daily; $5,000.
D. B. IVISON, No. 48 Walker-st.

$5,000. WILL BUY A FARM OF 25 acres in South Oysterbay, L. I.; good large house, great abundance of fruit, wood and water; lays near the depot; will take part cash. Apply at No. 170 Chatham-st., Room No. 3.

FOR SALE—ON FIFTH-AVENUE, A FIRST-class house of extra size, with stable and lot on the rear; one of the finest locations on the avenue. Will be sold with or without the furniture. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, at White Plains, New-York, a double two-story and attic frame house, carriage-house, &c. Apply to E. B. LITTLE & CO., No. 114 Warren-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A COUNTRY residence, with about four acres, on the east bank of the Hudson, an hour's ride from the City. A very desirable place in every respect. Apply at No. 11 College-place, front office, up stairs.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY, HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone house in 34th-st.; one in 48th-st. one in 28th-st.; one in 22d-st.; one in Waverley-place. S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 11.

LEASE FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS OFFICE for a banker or broker, on Wall-st., between Nassau and Broadway, can be had on favorable terms, by addressing immediately, Box No. 5,008 Post-office.

AT SOUTH NORWALK, CONN.—THREE boarding houses for City boarders; also, farms and village property for sale of all descriptions. Address J. FERRIS, Ely's Block.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT room and bedroom attached, also a single room, to let to single gentlemen, with or without partial board, at No. 283 4th-av.

NO. 72 WEST 40TH-ST.—THE DE LANEAU House; large and commodious suites of rooms, elegantly furnished; this house is most delightfully located, fronting the Reservoir Park, 5th-av., making it a very cool and airy summer location, both for permanent or transient boarders; table d'hote.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—IN A PRIVATE family, may be had for a single gentleman, or gentleman and lady, with large room and closet attached, bath, gas, &c.; situation, half a mile from Wall-st. Ferry. Address, with real name and place of business, C., Box 455 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A HOME with a private family in the City, not above 34th-st.; will give as reference the family with whom he has lived about seven years. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 2,394 General Post-office.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR FAMILIES or single gentlemen, with board, private tables, if desired, at No. 450 West 23d-st. The location is unsurpassed, combining advantages of both City and country.

DESIRABLE SUMMER ROOMS, WITH or without board, single or en suite, can be found corner of Broadway and 25th-st.; entrance No. 7 West 25th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH partial board. Apply at No. 176 East 14th-st. Location good. References exchanged.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD—ON THE HUDSON; mountain air, salt-water bathing, river view, beautiful drives, delicious fruits; no musquitoes; stabling and carriage room; at Nyack; accessible by steamboat and railway. Apply to Capt. BARNARD, Willow-place, South Nyack. Reference, T. J. Crowen, Nos. 19 and 21 Broad-st., and Nos. 55 and 57 Exchange-place.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FAMILY OF FIVE OR six persons can obtain board for the Summer in a pleasant village in Orange County, N. Y., two miles from railroad, in a small family where there are no other boarders. Terms moderate. For particulars, address W. J. W., No. 74 Murray-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD, with delightful rooms, overlooking the bay and river, may be obtained upon reasonable terms by applying to Mrs. J. M. HOTALING, Bridge-st., (near the steamboat landing.) Flushing, L. I.

DESIRABLE SUMMER BOARD CAN BE procured by families at the country residence of the advertiser; pleasant location, comfortable rooms, liberal table; plenty of fresh fruit and vegetables. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

WANTED—BOARD IN A FARM-HOUSE, IN A pleasant mountainous country, for an invalid gentleman and servant. Address Box No. 1,424 New-York Post-office.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

KENTUCKY BOURBON WHISKY.
One hundred barrels Kentucky Bourbon Whisky on consignment and for sale by SNODDY & HOWARD, No. 71 Broad-st.

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT NORTH Orange, New-Jersey, 13 miles from New-York, and within ten minutes' walk of the depot. The house is 43x38 feet, with a large kitchen and laundry extension in the rear. It is completely furnished; has bath-room and water closet, and contains 14 rooms. On the premises, which comprise 2½ acres, are a barn and carriage house, with stalls for five horses, and room for six carriages. The garden is large, stocked with fruit and vegetables, and there is a pasture lot in the rear for the cow; lowest rent $300 per month, for two or three months from the 1st of July. Address O., Box No. 1,555 Post-office.

TO RENT—THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK HOUSES IN BROOKLYN.—Three of the six new houses, with every modern convenience, including bathing tubs, on the corner of Park-av. and Canton-st., fronting on City Park; there is an iron fence now being built around the Park; rent to private families only $500. Apply at office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, from 11 to 1 o'clock, or on the premises, to JOHN VOORHEES.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED COUNTRY seat to rent at Hastings, large stone house, with 40 acres of land, beautifully laid out, adjoining the country seat of Robert B. Minturn, Esq. House built in the most substantial manner, and is handsomely furnished; coach-house, barn, stable, carpenter shop, &c., all in the best order. Apply for rent to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A NEW house, never occupied, now ready, delightfully situated, in an inclosure of 40 acres, with two other dwellings, beautifully finished, and walks and drives of a mile on the premises; sea water bathing, boating and fishing connected with the property; house has 14 large rooms; is distant one hour from the city by New-Haven Railroad. Rent $800. Address K. Box No. 4,616 New-York P. O.

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE AT Yonkers, within a few minutes' walk of the Glenwood or Yonker's Station, a large garden well stocked with fruit and vegetables; also a good barn. Apply to EDGAR STRANG, on the premises, or of JAMES SUYDAM, No. 39 Nassau-st. Some of the furniture can be had with the house.

TO LET—A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE just built, situated in the Village of Long Branch, New-Jersey; contains 8 rooms; $150 for the season. Inquire of or address ROBERT E. SMITH, Nos. 15 and 16 Fulton Market, or of GILBERT WHITE, Long Branch, New-Jersey.

TO LET—AT CORNWALL, FOR THE SEASON, furnished, a fine country seat, directly on the river bank; house large and fully furnished; fruit garden and grounds complete; will be let low to a careful family. Apply to WILLIAM F. WARING, Office Security Life Ins. Co., No. 31 Pine-st.

TO RENT.—COUNTRY SEATS AT FLUSHING, Newtown, Jamaica, and Manhasset, Long Island; abundance of fruits; possession immediately. Also, several fine situations for sale.
S. F. IRELAND.
No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 11.

STORE TO LET—NO. 242 CANAL-ST., NEAR Centre—Two years' unexpired lease. Size of store and basement, 53x22. In the store is steam power, if wanted. Counters and shelving for sale. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE ON STATEN Island, from July 1 to September 10. On the water, five minutes' walk from Long Harbor Landing. Address Miss MOASE, North Shore, Staten Island, or inquire at the landing.

BUILDINGS AND LOTS TO RENT—SUITable for manufacturing purposes, convenient to Hamilton-av. Ferry, Brooklyn. Inquire of C. KELSEY, office on Sedgwick-st., or at his residence, 19 Strong-place

A FURNISHED HOUSE, ALL QUITE new and first-class, to let for the balance of the year; situate on 34th-st.; rent about $2,000 the year. Apply to J. S. MOON, No. 292½ 4th-av.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, WITH STAble, fine garden with fruit, &c., on the Hudson, a few miles from the City. Address A. Box 119 *Times* Office.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED TO HIRE—A PLACE IN THE COUNtry, with 3 or 4 acres of land, and a house suitable for a gentleman's family of five persons, within one hours' ride of New-York; terms must be moderate. Address R. J. SPINK, No. 5 Beekman-st.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A SMALL FIRST-class house, in an unexceptionable neighborhood, between 4th and 7th avs., and above 20th-st. Address L. B. R., Box No. 2,149 New-York Post-office, stating location and price.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NOSTRAND HOUSE, SAND'S POINT, Long Island, on Long Island Sound, will open on June 25. Is now ready for the reception of transient guests and those wishing to make arrangements for the Summer. Is 1¾ hours' sail per steamer *Arrowsmith*, leaving Peck Slip at 4 P. M., returning at 9 A. M. A furnished cottage of five rooms to let.
B. B. NOSTRAND.

CLIFF HOUSE, RYE.—THIS FAVORITE Summer resort, beautifully located on the shore of the Sound, fine bathing beach, fishing, together with ample accommodation for horses and carriages, having changed hands since last season, it is now open for the reception of guests. For particulars, apply at No. 9 Great Jones-st., or at the above hotel.

POWELTON HOUSE, NEWBURGH, N.Y. will be opened for the reception of guests JUNE 25
H. BLAKE, Proprietor.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, LONG BRANCH, N. J., is now open for the reception of visitors. Address B. A. SHOEMAKER, Proprietor.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INS. CO.,
No. 114 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 31, 1864.

☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a SCRIP DIVIDEND of FIFTY PER CENT. on the earned premiums of all policies entitled to participate in the profits of the Company's business for the year ending May 1, 1864, certificates for which will be issued on and after the 10th day of August next.

Also, a semi-annual cash dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT., (free of government tax,) payable to the stockholders on demand.

SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST, in cash, was also ordered to be paid on the outstanding certificates of profits for the years 1861, '62 and '63, on presentation of certificates, on and after the 10th day of August next.
R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND NO. 2,
NEW-YORK, June 5, 1864.
The trustees of the Briggs Gold Company have declared a dividend of one per cent. of the net earnings of the company for the month of May, payable at the office of the company, No. 81 John-st., New-York, June 16, 1864, to shareholders of record, at close of business, this day.
WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Trustees of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, have, by a resolution, ordered a Dividend of five per cent. to be paid on account of the principal of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Registered Bonds. The payment of the Dividend will be made by the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, at his office, No. 54 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on and after the 1st day of July, 1864. The bonds must be presented to the Treasurer, the day before the time of payment, in order that said payment may be stamped thereon.
WM. H. SWIFT, } Trustees
HENRY GRINNELL, } I. & M. Canal.
May 28, 1864.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 185 CHATHAM-SQUARE.
OPEN DAILY.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOS. P. COOPER, Secretary.

N. B.—Until the alterations in the Banking Room are completed, the Bank will occupy the basement of the above premises.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 427 and 429 CANAL-ST., corner VARICK.
ASSETS—$1,175,275 59.
OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on sums of $500 and under, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger sums.
EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

INSURANCE.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.—At an election for Directors of this company, held on Monday, 6th inst., the following gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:

JACOB BROUWER,	P. L. FOULKE,
RUSSELL STEBBINS,	G. C. SATTERLEE,
M. L. MARSH,	JOSEPH JAMISON,
WM. WHEELWRIGHT,	JOHN D. WARD,
JAMES THOMPSON,	CHAS. H. CLAYTON,
THEOPHILUS ANTHONY	F. A. THOMPSON,
GEO. B. SATTERLEE,	LIVINGS'N SATTERLEE,
NEHEMIAH McKNIGHT,	JOHN McLAREN,
J. C. CHARDAVOYNE,	NEILSON RUNYON,
JOHN H. TALMAN,	EDWARD OOTHOUT,
ROBERT S. BERDELL.	

At a meeting of the Directors held 9th inst., JACOB BROUWER, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President of the company for the ensuing year.
NEW-YORK, June 8, 1864.
H. C. BEACH, Secretary.

P. S.—The holders of certificates of stock in the Ætna Fire Insurance Company, dated before March 23, 1863, are requested to call at the office, No. 170 Broadway, and exchange them for new certificates dated as above.

STATIONERY.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St. For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally.
JESSE G. KEYS.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.
Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

U. S. FIVE PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.
We keep on hand, for immediate delivery, an assortment of Bonds of this new Loan.
VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

BONDS OF THE STATE OF NEW-JERSEY.
Public notice is hereby given that Bonds, to the amount of four hundred thousand dollars, will be issued in pursuance of the second section of an act, approved March 24, 1863, entitled "Supplement to an act entitled an Act authorizing a loan for the purposes of war, to repel invasion and suppress insurrection, and appropriating the same and providing for the payment thereof," approved May 10, 1861.

These Bonds will be issued of the denomination of $1,000, $500 and $100, with coupons attached, or registered bonds of the denomination of $1,000, to suit bidders. The Bonds will be redeemable as follows, viz.:
$100,000 on the 1st January, A. D., 1887.
$100,000 on the 1st January, A. D., 1888.
$100,000 on the 1st January, A. D., 1889.
$100,000 on the 1st January, A. D., 1890.

Bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, and are exempt by law from taxation.

Proposals in writing for the whole or any part of these Bonds will be received by the subscriber, at his office, in the city of Trenton, State of New-Jersey, at any time before 2 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of June, A. D., 1864, on which day and hour the Governor and Treasurer will be in attendance at the State House to open and decide bids. The bonds will bear date July 1, 1864. The right to reject bids is reserved.
R. M. SMITH, Treasurer.
Dated May 5, A. D., 1864.

ROBINSON & OGDEN,
(Late with Fisk & Hatch.)
COMMISSION BROKERS,
No. 4 Broad-street,
Two doors from Wall.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.
Quartermasters Checks and Government Vouchers bought, sold, and negotiated.
Subscriptions received for the New National 10-40 Loan.
Particular attention given to the collection of U. S. one year six per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness, and to the conversion of 7 3-10 Treasury Notes into U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canadas, with prompt returns.
ARTHUR ROBINSON, I. G. OGDEN, Jr.

REFERENCES:

NEW-YORK:	BOSTON:
Fisk & Hatch, Bankers.	Hon. S. H. Walley, President of the Revere Bank
Bank of the Commonwealth	Brewster, Sweet, & Co., Bankers.
PHILADELPHIA:	
Jay Cooke, & Co., Bankers.	
E. S. Whelen & Co., Bankers.	

WASHINGTON:
Hon. L. E. Chittenden, Register of the Treasury.
J. B. Hutchinson & Co., Bankers.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Subscriptions received to the NATIONAL 10-40 LOAN.
All the various denominations on hand ready for immediate delivery. One-eighth commission allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.
U. S. SECURITIES of all descriptions purchased and for sale.
COLLECTIONS made on Washington and on all other points of the United States and Canada, at low rates and quick returns.
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
Converted into 1881 Bonds.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS
made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

THE
THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK
Is now open for business at
NO. 5 NASSAU-ST., NEAR WALL-ST.
This bank will receive subscriptions for the
TEN-FORTY LOAN,
principal and interest payable in GOLD.
The usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent. allowed to banks, bankers and brokers. Special attention given to the conversion of 7-30s into Government six per cent. bonds. Bills on all National Banks received on deposit at par, and uncurrent moneys at the usual rate of discount.
C. V. CULVER, President.
J. WYMAN JONES, Vice-President.
C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS
and
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
and
U. S. LOAN AGENTS.
NO. 38 WALL-STREET,
receive subscriptions to the NEW U. S. 10-40 LOAN, allowing the usual commission to BANKERS and DEALERS.
Also,
BUY and SELL all classes of U. S. SECURITIES at market rates.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881, on favorable terms.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
BY
H. J. MESSENGER, Banker,
No. 139 BROADWAY, New-York.
¼ Commission allowed to Banks and Bankers.
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. 6s of 1881, and all other U. S. SECURITIES bought and sold, and furnished to order.
STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.
Accounts received from Banks, Bankers, and individuals.
Four per cent interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Designated as a depository and financial agent of the United States,
Nos. 27 and 29 PINE-ST.,
two doors below the Sub-Treasury,
Have on hand and receive subscriptions for the 10-40 bonds, convert the 7.30s into 1881 bonds, and attend to all business connected with the Government Loans. Parties can avoid the inconvenience of addressing Government by applying to this Bank.
MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given to the subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, that a call for a further payment of Ten Per Cent. upon the amount of their subscriptions has been made this day, payable at the office of the Company, No. 13 William-st., New-York, on or before the 20th of June next.
NEW-YORK, May 10, 1864.
By order of the Executive Committee.
JOHN A. DIX, President.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.
CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 34 Wall-st.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS
for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions, BOUGHT AND SOLD.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

TEN-FORTY GOVERNMENT BONDS.
TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 Broadway,
Has on hand for immediate delivery, an assortment of these Bonds. One-eighth of one per cent allowed buyers.
This Bank receives all National Bank money on deposit, and checks on City banks in payment for Government Bonds.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS
STOCKS
bought and sold by
W. O. RUGGLES,
"Wells, Fargo & Co." Express Stock. } 18 Wall-st., N.Y.
Independent Telegraph Stock. } for sale.
United States Telegraph Stock.
"American Express" wanted.

TEN-FORTY GOVERNMENT BONDS.
Subscriptions received by
SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
and
Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
HENRY A. HURLBUT,
President.
A. G. ALLEN, Cashier.

THE LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 7, 1864.
AT AN ANNUAL ELECTION HELD AT the banking rooms on Monday, the 6th inst., the following-named persons were elected Directors of this bank for the term of four years ending on the first Monday in June, 1868:
JAMES MEINELL,
RUDOLPH A. WITTHAUS,
H. WINTHROP GRAY.
And for Inspectors of the next ensuing election.
RICHARD STOUT,
PAUL SPOFFORD,
GEORGE A. ROBBINS.
N. F. PALMER, Cashier.

MINING STOCKS.
as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

FINANCIAL

PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 6, 1864.
To insure the greatest possible vigor in the operations of the armies now moving against the insurgents, under brave and skillful Generals, upon a vast theatre of operations, expenditures have been increased beyond receipts from revenue and ordinary subscriptions to the National Loan.

Sealed offers will therefore be received at this Department, under the act of March 3, 1863, until noon of WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of June, 1864, for bonds of the United States to the amount of seventy-five millions of dollars, bearing an annual interest of six per centum, payable semi-annually in coin on the first days of July and January each year, and redeemable after the 30th of June, 1881.

Each offer must be for fifty or one hundred dollars, or some multiple of one hundred dollars, and must state the sum, including premium, offered for each hundred dollars in bonds, or for fifty, when the offer is for no more than fifty. Two per cent. of the principal, excluding premium, of the whole amount offered must be deposited, as guarantee for payment of subscription if accepted, with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, or with the Assistant Treasurer at New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, or St. Louis; or with the Designated Depositary at Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit, or Buffalo; or with any National Banking Association authorized to receive deposits which may consent to transact the business without charge. Duplicate certificates of deposits will be issued to depositors by the officer or association receiving them; the originals of which must be forwarded with the offers to the department. All deposits should be made in time for advice of offers with certificates to reach Washington not later than the morning of June 15. No offer not accompanied by its proper certificate of deposit will be considered.

The Coupon and Registered Bonds issued will be of the denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1,000. Registered Bonds of $5,000 and $10,000 will also be issued if required.

All offers received will be opened on Wednesday, the 15th of June, by the secretary or one of the assistant secretaries, and notice of acceptance or declination will be immediately given to the respective offerers; and, in case of acceptance, bonds of the descriptions and denominations preferred will be sent to the subscribers at the cost of the department, on final payment of installments. The original deposit of two per cent. will be reckoned in the last installment paid by successful offerers, and will be immediately returned to those whose offers may not be accepted.

The amount of accepted offers must be deposited with the Treasurer or other officer or association authorized to act under this notice on advice of acceptance of offer, as follows: One-third on or before the 20th; one-third on or before the 25th; and the balance, including the premium and original two per cent. deposit, on or before the 30th of June. Interest to the 1st of July on the several deposits will be paid in coin on the 30th of June, and interest on bonds will begin July 1, 1864.

Offers under this notice should be indorsed "Offer for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The right to decline all offers not considered advantageous is reserved to the Government.
S. P. CHASE, Secretary of the Treasury.

CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY
SEVEN PER CENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
The Subscribers now offer for sale the remainder of the issue of Seven per cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, appropriated to the construction of their road from Chicago to La Crosse, Indiana.
The rails have all been purchased for the completion of the entire line, much below the present market value, and are now going forward to Chicago. The work is rapidly progressing, and the Company expect to open the road for traffic early the ensuing Fall, forming a new and very short trunk line from Chicago to the Eastern markets.
The interest payable during construction has been provided, and is now on deposit with the Bankers of the Company. Apply to
SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD,
No. 21 Nassau-st.,
M. MORGAN'S SONS,
No. 37 William-st.
NEW-YORK, May 21, 1864.

BURRALL, ADAMS & CO., BROKERS,
No. 30 Wall-st., New-York, May 2, 1864.
F. A. BURRALL, member of the Stock Exchange for 25 years, J. D. ADAMS, late Cashier of the Pittsfield Bank, Mass., and J. D. ADAMS, Jr., having formed a copartnership under the name and firm of BURRALL, ADAMS & CO., and taken the office recently occupied by John J. Cisco, Esq., Assistant Treasurer United States, are prepared to transact a general brokerage business.
United States Securities of every description, Gold, Stocks and Bonds of all kinds, bought and sold on commission. Yours, respectfully,
BURRALL, ADAMS & CO.

NORTH CARBONDALE COAL COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of five directors, and for the transacting of such other business as may lawfully come before it, will be held on MONDAY, June 13, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York. (No. 24 William-st.) The polls will close at 3 P. M. Transfer books closed June 1. By order of the Directors,
W. F. KINTZING, Secretary.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,
issue circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

NOTICE.
Persons owning University Bonds of the State of Minnesota will please call upon the subscriber, who is prepared to pay cash for same.
R. B. GRAVES,
JUNE 9, 1864. No. 153 Chambers-st.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, April 16, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Eighth National Bank, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.

Now, therefore I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

Seal of the Comptroller of the Currency.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this sixteenth day of April, 1864.
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 8 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 3, 1864.
HOLDERS OF THE CAPITAL STOCK of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company are hereby notified that, by the terms of consolidation of that company with the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, their stock is to be exchanged for stock of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, as follows: One share of the Chicago and Northwestern preferred stock and one share of the Chicago and Northwestern common, with three dollars in cash, for each share of the Galena and Chicago Union.
Exchange may be made, and the money received at once, at the office of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company.
H. H. BOODY, Agent.

OFFICE OF MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 24 Wall-st.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT AT the drawing this day had of twenty-five bonds of this company for redemption out of the sinking fund, the following were drawn, viz.: Nos. 13, 53, 63, 83, 88, 95, 99, 129, 168, 216, 234, 429, 458, 494, 594, 637, 772, 816, 891, 1,068, 1,187, 1,335, 1,357, 1,364, 1,489, and that the same will be paid in gold on the 1st day of July next, on presentation at the office of the company. Bonds must be presented for payment within ten days after the 1st day of July next, under penalty of forfeiture of the right of redemption under this drawing.
JOHN WATT, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, June 6, 1864.

NORICE.—THE BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTION to the capital stock of one million dollars, in shares of one hundred dollars, of The Union Trust Company of New-York, will be opened on MONDAY, the 20th day of June, inst., at the Shoe and Leather Bank, in the City of New-York, at 10 o'clock A. M., and continue open for that and the following day only. Ten per cent. to be paid on subscribing. Dated June 3, 1864.
GEORGE W. CUYLER,
E. RIGGS,
A. V. STOUT, } Committee.
FRANCIS SKIDDY,
PETER CAGGER.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, April 28, 1864.
WE ARE PREPARED TO ISSUE, FOR MESSRS. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., TRAVELING CREDITS available in all the PRINCIPAL CITIES OF GREAT BRITAIN, the CONTINENT and the EAST.
BILLS ON LONDON at three days' sight, sixty days' sight, or seventy-five days' date, for sale in sums to suit purchasers.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

SARATOGA AND WHITEHALL RAILROAD,
SARATOGA SPRINGS, May 27, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Company and Inspectors for the election next ensuing will be held at the office of the Company, in Saratoga Springs, on the 14th day of June next. The polls will be open at 10 o'clock A. M., and continue open one hour.
WM. H. WARREN, Secretary.

CENTRAL MILITARY TRACT RAILROAD BONDS.—The First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, payable July 1, 1864, with their coupons, will be paid at the Bank of Commerce, in New-York. Bond holders can be paid there at once, by discounting interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum for the unexpired time.
AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer
Chicago Burlington and Quincy Railroad Co.
CHICAGO, June 1, 1864.

PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NEW-YORK, June 8, 1864.
NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of the People's Fire Insurance Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office, No. 393 Canal-st., on TUESDAY, the 21st June.
The poll will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
WM. S. MARTIN, Secretary.

BROADWAY BANK, June 1, 1864.
ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this bank for the ensuing year, and for Inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at the banking house on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June proximo, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 11, 1864.
AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, GEORGE H. QUINTARD, Esq., was unanimously elected a Director, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of David Cotheal.
E. P. PERRIN, Cashier.

$350.—THE ADVERTISER (HIGHLY respectable and responsible) would like to loan this amount, giving ample security and bonus. Any one able to accommodate, will confer a lasting favor. Address SAFETY, Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

FINANCIAL.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
COLUMBIA GOLD MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO.
CAPITAL 120,000 SHARES.
NOMINAL PAR $10 EACH.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $5 PER SHARE.
STOCK FULL PAID AND NOT LIABLE TO ASSESSMENT. LODES, THE CELEBRATED BOBTAIL, FISK AND other well-known claims, including also a TUNNEL CLAIM of 5,000 consecutive feet, or nearly a mile in length, directly on the Fisk Lode, commencing immediately opposite Black Hawk Point, at Black Hawk City, the whole property embracing 8,700 feet, of which 1,900 feet are developed claims and 1,800 feet opened and 5,000 feet tunnel claim, with a valuable quartz mill now running and in successful operation. The Bobtail and Fisk Lodes are considered the richest and best in the Territory, having yielded larger amounts of gold than any others in Colorado, which the following assay shows, made by Edward N. Kent, Esq., chemist, United States Assay Office, New-York: Mint value per ton of 2,000 pounds, Bobtail Lode, $744 46; is equal to $5,735 68 per cord; Fisk Lode, $341 21; is equal to $2,729 68 per cord. Beside the above the company own 467 feet of valuable water power, having 21 feet fall in North Clear Creek, half a mile below Black Hawk City. The great advantage possessed by this company is in having a mill now in successful operation, and at present producing from $1,000 to $1,500 per day, and in a short time the company will have additional improved machinery in full operation, capable of working 48 tons or six cords of ore per day from the BOBTAIL AND FISK LODES, which are yielding from $600 to $1,200 per cord, uniformly amounting from $4,800 to $7,200 per day. The company confidently expect to commence paying their first regular monthly dividend of ONE PER CENT. IN GOLD in October next, which is equal to 24 per cent. per annum, with gold at PAR upon the subscription price of $5 per share. The stock can only be had for a limited PERIOD at the first subscription price, and judging from the constant demand to obtain it for investment, it must RAPIDLY RISE IN VALUE. The attention of capitalists and others is called to this company, believing that no stock has been offered in the market that possesses more intrinsic MERIT, or is entitled to greater confidence in the community for a profitable, safe and permanent investment. For further information see the prospectus of the company.

Subscription books for only a limited number of shares will be opened at the office of ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Esq., No. 52 William-st., WEDNESDAY, June 15, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the price of $5 per share, $3 to be paid at the time of subscription and the balance ($2) is payable on call, when the certificates of stock are ready to be delivered by the company, or the whole amount can be paid at the time of subscription, at the option of the subscriber to the stock.

BALTIMORE AND MARYLAND FUNDS at low rates; New-Orleans Bank Notes also purchased at best price
WM. H. MARSTON & CO.,
Bankers, No. 17 Wall-st.

PROPOSALS.

[No. 126.]
ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 1, 1864.
PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, June 15, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing this department (by contract) with the following books:
Company Order Books—Army standard.
Company Clothing Books—Army standard.
Company Descriptive Books—Army standard.
Company Morning Report Books—Army standard.
Post Order Books—Army standard.
Post Letter Books—Army standard.
Post Guard Report Books—Army standard.
Regimental Order Books—Army standard.
Regimental Descriptive Books—Army standard.
Regimental Index Books—Army standard.
Regimental Order Books—Army standard.
Samples of which may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids, the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, June 15, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Thursday, June 16, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contracts will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON, Captain and A. Q. M.

[No. 127.]
ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 1, 1864.
PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE UNdersigned until FRIDAY, June 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing this department (by contract) with
Uniform Coats—Infantry;
Uniform Coats—Artillery,
Forage Caps.
Samples of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this City.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse in this City, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal, and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be in every respect equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Friday, June 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Saturday, June 18.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOS. SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON, Captain and A. Q. M.

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, June 6, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until MONDAY next, the 13th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for supplying the Schuylkill Arsenal with the following articles, required in LARGE quantities, viz:
Felling Axes, army standard.
Felling Ax Handles, army standard.
Spades, army standard.
Shovels, army standard.
Pick-axes, army standard.
Pick-ax Handles, army standard.
Samples can be seen at this office. Bidders must state in their proposals the price, which must be given in *writing*, as well as in figures, the quantity bid for, and *time of delivery*. Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the proposal. Bids from defaulting contractors will not be received. Blank forms for proposals can be had on application at this office, and each bid must be indorsed with the name of the particular article or articles bid for.
G. H. CROSMAN,
Asst. Q. M. Gen'l U. S. A.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, June 4, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office, No. 51 Walker-st., until the 14th inst., at 12 M., for the manufacture and delivery of the following articles of uniform clothing for the National Guard, State of New-York:
Five thousand dark blue jackets.
Five thousand light blue kersey trousers, pairs.
Five thousand fatigue caps, pompons, &c.
To be for infantry and artillery and of material and style of the patterns in this office, where the samples and specifications may be inspected.
The bids will state the price at which each article will be furnished.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids which may be made.
The successful bidder will be required to give bonds, with approved sureties, for the faithful performance of the contract.
S. V. TALCOTT,
Quartermaster-General, S. N. Y.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.
PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

CONTRACT FOR WATER-WORKS IN PORTO RICO.—An aqueduct to be constructed in the Island of Porto Rico, through the capital. Those who wish to take part in the plan of its construction, are requested to present themselves at this consulate, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M., to take note of the conditions which are here kept for that purpose. Consulate of Spain, No. 17 Broadway, New-York, June 10, 1864. By order of the Vice-Consul of Spain. ANTO. M. DE ZEA.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.—THE SARATOGA AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY will receive proposals until June 25, 1864, for the grading and masonry of about thirteen miles of their road, extending from Athens, in Greene County, to the south line of Albany County.
The line will be ready for examination after June 18. Full information will be given at the Engineer's office in the village of Athens.
THOS. HASSARD, Engineer.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 17 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 10, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M., TUESDAY, June 14, for the erection of buildings on the Battery.
The plans and specifications can be seen, and all necessary information obtained, by calling at this office.
Maj. STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, June 9, 1864.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE, hospital stores, bedding, &c., &c., are invited to submit their quotations to the Army Medical Purveyor, at his office, No. 466 Broome-st., for his information and guidance in the purchase of supplies.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, June 3, 1864.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. on TUESDAY, the 14th of June next, for furnishing by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City,
FELLING AXES,
samples of which can be seen at this office. Bidders will state the quantity they wish to furnish, and how soon they can make delivery of the quantity they bid for.
They will submit with their proposals a sample of the article they propose to furnish. A proper guarantee must accompany the bids for the faithful performance of a contract.
The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.
Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Axes," and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General, U. S. A.

TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed proposals will be received by the Utica and Waterville Railroad Company at their office in Utica, until June 20, at 2 P. M., for constructing about eighteen miles of road; the plans and specifications will be ready for examination June 16. Contractors are invited to examine the ground and propose for the work; the Company reserve the privilege to reject any proposal they deem not for the interest of the Company to accept.
JOHN BUTTERFIELD,
UTICA, May 30, 1864. President.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, May 25, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at this office until TUESDAY, the 14th day of June, 1864, for 8-inch Columbiad Shot and 8-inch Mortar Shell, to be delivered in the following quantities, at the undernamed arsenals, viz.:
8-INCH COLUMBIAD SHOT.
At the Watertown Arsenal, Massachusetts, 4,000.
At the Watervleit Arsenal, New-York, 4,000.
At the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island, New-York, 6,000.
At the Alleghany Arsenal, Pittsburgh, 4,000.
At the St. Louis Arsenals, Missouri, 2,000.
8-INCH MORTAR SHELL.
At the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island, New-York, 20,000.
At the Watervleit Arsenal, New-York, 5,000.
These projectiles are to be made of the kind of metal, and inspected after the rules laid down in the Ordnance Manual, the tensile strength of the iron for columbiad shot to be not less than 25,000 lbs. per square inch, and for mortar shells not less than 14,000 lbs. per square inch. Drawings can be seen at any of the United States Arsenals. The projectiles are to be inspected at the foundry when cast, and are to be delivered at the Arsenals free of charge for transportation or handling.
Deliveries must be made at the rate of not less than one-tenth (1-10th) of the whole amount contracted for per week; the first delivery to be made on the 28th day of June, 1864.
Failure to make deliveries at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.
Separate proposals must be made for shot and shell.
Bidders will state explicitly the arsenal or arsenals where they propose to deliver, and the number of projectiles they propose to deliver at each place, if for more than one.
No bids will be considered from parties other than regular founders, or proprietors of works who are known to this department to be capable of executing the work proposed for. Should any party obtaining a contract offer shot or shell other than those cast in his own foundry, they will be rejected, and the contract rendered null and void.
Bidders will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties over their own signatures.
Each party obtaining a contract will be obliged to enter into bond with approved sureties for its faithful execution.
Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified and furnished with forms of contract and bonds.
The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if not deemed satisfactory.
Proposals will be addressed to "Brig.-Gen. George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and indorsed "Proposals for 8-inch columbiad shot," and "Proposals for 8-inch mortar shell."
GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brig.-Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 17 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 9, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until 12 M. Monday, the 13th inst., for furnishing this Department with the following articles, viz.:
50 Smith's Bellows, 38 to 40 inch.
779,000 Carriage Bolts, assorted, from 1½x¾ inch to 8x⅜ inch.
19,000 Fire Bolts, assorted, from 1½x3-16 inch to 2½x⅜ inch.
3,000 Horse Brushes, wood backs, first-rate article.
Corn Brooms.
Stable Brooms, rattan, hard wood back.
10 gross Blued Buckles, 1½ and 1¼ inch.
50 gross Roller Buckles, ¾ and ⅞ inch.
80 gross Wire Buckles, horse-shoe, assorted, ¾ to 1⅛ inch.
1,500 Horse Collars, from 17 to 22 inches.
2,500 Mule Collars, from 15 to 17 inches.
5,000 yards Canvas Duck, 10 oz., 28½ and 30 inches wide. Nos. 10, 12 and 13.
50 boxes Window Glass, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, 12x18.
4 gross pairs Brass Hinges, 1 to 2 inch, assorted.
3,000 pairs Strap Hinges, 7 to 12 inch, assorted.
1,600 pairs "T" Hinges, 6 to 10 inch assorted.
1,505 pounds Hog's Hair.
5,000 pounds Iron Nuts, from ¼ to ⅝ in. hole, assorted.
1,000 pounds Copper Rivets and Burrs, ¾ to 1 inch, assorted, 1 pound papers
McClellan Saddles.
Buckskins, oil tanned, for thongs.
20 gross Brass Screws, ½ to 1 inch, assorted. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.
3,760 gross Iron Screws, ¼ to 1¼ inch, assorted. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14.
100 steel-bladed Grain Shovels.
10 tons Toe Caulk, steel, ⅝x⅝, ½x⅜, assorted.
10 tons Tire Steel, 1x¼ and 1½x¼.
2,500 papers Cut Tacks, 4 to 16 oz., assorted.
10,000 pounds Bolt Washers, ⅛, ⅜, ¼, ⅜, 5-16 inch, assorted.
8,500 pounds Manila Rope, ¾, 1¼, 3 inch, assorted
Each article to be of the best quality of its kind—all to be inspected before shipment. Goods to be packed and delivered free of expense to the Government.
Persons may offer for any article of the list, and will furnish samples, as far as practicable, of those they propose for. The privilege is reserved of rejecting any proposal not deemed advantageous.
Offerings should be indorsed "Proposals for Quartermaster's Stores," and addressed to
Major STEWART VAN VLIET,
Quartermaster, U. S. A.

[No. 125.]
ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, OHIO, May 26, 1864.
PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, until MONDAY, June 13, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with:
ARMY BLANKETS, wool, gray, (with the letters U. S., in black, 4 inches long, in the center,) to be 7 feet long and 5 feet 6 inches wide, to weigh 5 pounds each, of domestic manufacture.
To be delivered free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.
Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids, the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.
Samples when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.
A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.
Bids will be opened on Monday, June 13th, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.
Awards will be made on Tuesday, June 14, 1864.
Bonds will be required that the contracts will be faithfully fulfilled.
Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.
Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.
The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.
By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON, Captain and A. Q. M.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.
WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.
CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER,
No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, June 10, 1864.
I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.
Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and fifty ($150) each.
GEO. S. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

FOR SALE.—ONE PAIR EXTRA WELL MATCHED HORSES, 16¼ hands high, 6 years old, and no more; browns. One pair browns, 15.3 in height, splendid drivers, 5 years old. Three sorrel mares, well matched, 16 hands high, 6 and 7 years old; would make excellent coupé horses. Also, two pairs of bays, 1 pair of black, and 5 good single horses. These horses will be sold 20 per cent. lower than City prices, if applied for before being brought to the unhealthy sale stables in the City. Apply to A. B. MILLER, Halsey-st. stables, Newark, New-Jersey.

FOR SALE—HORSE, WAGON AND HARNESS, lady's saddle horse, bay, 6 years old, 15½ hands, sound, kind and gentle every way; a Miner & Stevens park phaeton, with shifting-top and turn-over seat. To be seen at No. 1 East 21st-st., corner 5th-av.

FOR SALE.—A VERY FINE FAMILY LIGHT coach, built expressly for a private family, nearly new, will be sold cheap. Inquire at No. 336 East 13th-st., Stage office.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, FOR CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—LOUISA RIELL against ROBERT B. RIELL.—Summons for Relief—(Com. not served.)—United States Revenue Stamp, 50 cents.—To the above defendant, ROBERT B. RIELL: You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of June, 1864, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office No. 10 Broadway, in said City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New-York, June 9, 1864.
J. M. BUCKINGHAM,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
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RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

TO CONEY ISLAND BY STEAM.

The Brooklyn, Bath and Coney Island Railroad is now open for through travel. Cars will run until further notice, at intervals of one hour. Special trains as required. The first train from Brooklyn depot, (on 36th-st., near 5th-av.,) leaves at 8 A. M., and the last, 8 P. M. The first train from Coney Island leaves at 7:10 A. M., and the last, 7:10 P. M. All cars to Greenwood connect with this route. Thirty-five minutes from Greenwood to Coney Island, including intermediate stoppages.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7½.
Leave Flushing at 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, ,5, 6 and 7½ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M. Sunday trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4 and 6 P. M. Leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5 and 7 P. M.

JOHN S. BATTORFF, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yapbank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M. 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.

Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
9 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River, and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M.

W. F. GRIFFITH, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

BROOKLYN CENTRAL AND JAMAICA RAILROAD.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—For Jamaica, 8 and 10:15 A. M. 1, 3:15, 4:15, 5:45 and 6:45 P. M. For Hempstead, 8 and 10:15 A. M., and 3:15 and 4:15 P. M. For Syosset, 10:15 A. M., and 4:15 P. M. For North Islip and Greenport, 8 A. M. and 3:15 P. M. Leave Jamaica, 6, 8, 9:30 and 10:30 A. M., and 1, 3:30, 4:30, 6 and 7 P. M. Sunday trains leave hourly from East New-York.

L. O. RICHARDSON, Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M. 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M., and 5 P. M. Sunday train, 5 P. M.

MEDICAL.

DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES

have been ten years before the public, and are used by thousands of families, and are everywhere commended for their simplicity, economy, and great curative value. A full case, with 35 large vials and book of directions is sold for $8, or sent to any address, free of charge, by express, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS, office and depot, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 60 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, whose valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family, with full instructions for restoring the monthly sickness. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by E. WARNER, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) No. 18 Ann-st. and No. 13 Court-st., Boston.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP CURES CERtain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is one dollar a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. A book that treats of the dreadful effects of early abuse. Two hundred pages. Sent by mail for ten three-cent stamps. Male and Female Preventive, five dollars.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,369 N. Y. Post-office.

DR. COBBETT, NO. 20 CENTRE-ST., BEtween Chambers and Reade sts., can be consulted with confidence on diseases of a private character. A practice of thirty-four years, three of which have been in the hospitals of New-York and London, enables him to treat with success nervous and general debility. The victims of imposition can call on him with the certainty of being radically cured, or no charge. N. B.—See Dr. Cobbett's diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London.

BOWYER'S SPIKENARD OINTMENT—is the best remedy known for piles. Students and others of sedentary habits, so often afflicted with this troublesome disease, should at once send for a box. It needs only to be tested to be universally adopted. This ointment also cures, burns, scalds, eruptions or skin diseases, inflammatory rheumatism, and all kindred complaints. Put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes. Depot No. 476 Broadway, N. Y. For sale by all druggists and J. SWORDS, No. 53 Dey-st. Depot No. 476 Broadway.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

DENTISTRY.

ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE.

Teeth extracted during a quiet sleep, positively without pain or injurious results. To accommodate the large number of persons requiring his professional services, Dr. HOYT has removed to the four-story building No. 678 Broadway, near 18th-st.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION HAVE extracted teeth daily for one year by the Nitrous Oxide Gas, without a single instance of failure or unpleasant effects. Office, No. 22 Bond-st.

SHIPPING.

STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900 H. P.
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900 H. P.
EUGENIE	(Afloat)	900 H. P.
FRANCE	(Building)	900 H. P.
NAPOLEON III	(Building)	1,100 H. P.

Until the completion of the entire list, the departures will be monthly, beginning with the
WASHINGTON,
Capt. A. DUCHESNE.
From Havre on WEDNESDAY, 15th June.
From New-York, on WEDNESDAY, 6th July.
Rates of passage-money, including table-wine:

From Havre to New-York:

First Cabin	700 F.
Second Cabin	400 F.

From New-York to Havre:

First Cabin	$135
Second Cabin	$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN—building	3,612	
ERIN—building	3,215	
ONTARIO—building	3,212	
HELVETIA—building	3,209	
LOUISIANA	2,166	Smellie.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Grace.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 48, East River, as follows:
VIRGINIA, GRACE ... Saturday, June 18.
PENNSYLVANIA, BROOKING ... Saturday, July 2.
LOUISIANA, PROUSE ... Saturday, July 16.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $65 in gold; Steerage, $35, currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 21st of May,
SATURDAY, 18th of June.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The U. S. mail steamship
YAZOO,
GEO. W. COUCH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, June 15, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.
No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP AUSTRALASIAN.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The Australasian, T. COOK, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 15th instant.

A steamboat will ply between the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, and the Australasian from 10 to 11 A. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board.

None but passengers can be taken on board.

The Scotia will sail 29th instant.

E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
EDINBURGH ... Saturday ... June 18
CITY OF WASHINGTON ... Saturday ... June 25
CITY OF MANCHESTER ... Saturday ... July 2
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE

TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA PANAMA.
The steamship
ILLINOIS OR GOLDEN RULE,
SATURDAY, JUNE 25, AT NOON,
from Pier No. 29, North River, foot of Warren-st. For passage, apply at the office, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren, to D. N. CARRINGTON.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new United States Mail steamship
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
Capt. GAGER, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, June 18, at 3 P. M. Passage, first-class, $60. For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

STEAMBOATS.

MORNING BOATS FOR ALBANY.—CHANGE OF PIER.—The DANIEL DREW, Capt. JOHN F. TALLMAN, will leave from Desbrosses-st. at 7 A. M., stopping for passengers at 30th-st., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson.

The ARMENIA will run on alternate days with the DREW, forming a daily line. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked to points West and North.

FOR HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD, NORTHampton, Brattleboro and the White Mountains. The first-class steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE leave New-York, from Peck-slip, East River, for Hartford, at 4 P. M., daily, arriving in time for early trains for Springfield and the North. Cabin fare to Hartford, $1 75; deck, $1 25. The cheapest and pleasantest route.
SAXTON & SEABURY, Agents, No. 112 South-st.

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Elmores. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE.—THE Steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 26 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock, noon, arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Housatonic, Saugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads; also, the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London. Freight taken to Bridgeport and all stations on the Saugatuck Railroad.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains.

CONEY ISLAND FERRY.—THE REGULAR trips of this ferry will be commenced for the season on WEDNESDAY the 15th inst., by the steamboat NAUSHON.

FOR NEWBURGH, CORNWALL, WEST Point, Poughkeepsie and Rondout.—The steamer Mary Powell leaves Jay-st. Pier every afternoon at 3½.

EXCURSIONS.

TO THE COAL FIELDS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Passing through Water Gap, Scranton, Wyoming Valley, Harrisburgh, Reading, Mauch Chunk, Bethlehem, Easton, &c.

Tickets for these excursions are now for sale at the office of the Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey, foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York.

For description of the routes and further information apply at office foot of Cortlandt-st., or of H. P. BALDWIN, General Ticket Agent, No. 69 Wall-st.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR WEST POINT AND NEWBURGH.—The new steamer THOS. COLLYER will make an excursion to Newburgh every SUNDAY MORNING, leaving from pier foot of Jay-st. at 7 o'clock, landing at 30th-st., Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Cold Spring and New-Cornwall. Returning, leave Newburgh at 1 o'clock.

NOTICE.—THE NEW STEAMER THOMAS COLLYER will discontinue running to Newburgh and Poughkeepsie for a few days.

TO LET—FOR EXCURSION AND PICNIC PARTIES, a large side-wheel steamboat, with saloons—The new and powerful steamer MARTHA WASHINGTON, and large and new barges WALTER SANDS and MAYFLOWER; also, Newark Bay Grove; at Saltersville, the new and beautiful grove near Chelsea, Staten Island. Apply to W. & E. MYERS & CO., foot of Morton-st.

ICE CREAM.—STRAWBERRY FESTIVALS, Sunday School excursions, pic-nics, gardens, saloons, steamboats, &c., supplied as usual with ice cream. On account of the increased demand, orders are requested to be given a few days in advance, at "HALL'S Steam Ice Cream Co.," No. 190 Chatham-square, New-York.

TO LET FOR EXCURSIONS—STEAMboats, barges and groves. Apply to W. & E. MYERS & CO., foot of Morton-st. (office removed from Vestry-st.

PRINTING.

HATCH & CO.,
PRACTICAL
LITHOGRAPHERS,
ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS,
No. 111 BROADWAY,
Trinity Buildings,
Have largely increased their ability and facilities for executing lithography in all its various branches, in the most finished style of the art.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

THE TURF.

FASHION PLEASURE GROUNDS, L. I.

UNPRECEDENTED CONTESTS
ON THE MODERN TROTTING TURF.
WEDNESDAY, June 15,
AND
WEDNESDAY, June 22,
THE TWO GREATEST TROTS
OF THE SEASON, OF THE SEASON,
BETWEEN THOSE
WORLD-FAMED TROTTING CHAMPIONS AND RIVALS FOR SUPREMACY,
ROBERT FILLINGHAM,
JOHN MORGAN,
and GEN. BUTLER,
For $3,500. For $3,500.
First Trot—Mile heats, 3 in 5, in harness.
Second Trot—Mile heats, 3 in 5, to wagon.
THESE HORSES
are known to have proved themselves the fastest public trotters now living in this or any other country, and intense interest is naturally manifested in their meeting in these two
GRAND DECISIVE CONTESTS.

These matches are made play or pay, hence they must trot or forfeit, which neither of the three will do; and all three of these great trotting champions will undoubtedly be found at the score on the day:
ROBERT FILLINGHAM, JOHN MORGAN, GEN. BUTLER.

The most ample provisions will be made for the accommodation of the crowds of visitors who are expected to be present on these two great occasions. A large police force will maintain order, and all the vast resources of the Fashion Pleasure Grounds will be employed in administering to the comfort of the visitors.

The boats will leave Thirty-fourth-street Ferry, East River, every five minutes throughout the forenoon and afternoon.

SPECIAL TRAINS will be run at 11½ and 1½, from Hunter's Point, and
THE LAST SPECIAL TRAIN
in time to reach the course in season for the trot will leave James' Slip, foot of New Chambers-street, at 2 P. M., connecting with the train direct to the course, at 2½ P. M., from Hunter's Point, returning immediately after the trot.

JOSEPH CROCHERON, Manager.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE—Fifth District, New-York—Seventh, Tenth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards of the City of New-York. In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 of the act of July, 1862, entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt," notice is hereby given that the lists containing the assessments, valuations and enumerations made and taken within the above-named district (of incomes and articles in Schedule A for 1863, and of Licenses for 1864-5,) will be, and remain open for examination during the space of fifteen days from the date hereof, at the office of the Assessor, No. 563 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and that the Assessor will attend at his office from and after the expiration of said fifteen days, during the space of fifteen days, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., for the purpose of hearing and determining appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations or enumerations by the Assistant Assessors. And that the proceedings of the Assistant Assessors, and the lists aforesaid will, during the time for hearing appeals, be submitted to the inspection of any person or persons who may apply for that purpose, and that the Assessor will hear and determine in a summary way, according to law and right, any and all appeals which may be submitted against the proceedings of said Assistant Assessors. Provided that the question to be determined by the Assessor or an appeal respecting the valuation or enumeration of property or objects liable to taxation shall be, whether the valuation complained of be or be not correct, and all appeals to the Assessor as aforesaid shall be made in writing, and shall specify the particular cause, matter or thing complained of.
Dated at No. 563 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, June 9, 1864.
GEORGE F. BELLOWS, Assessor.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE TAX NOTICE.—In accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government and to pay interest on the Public Debt, approved July 1, 1862, and of the amendments thereof, notice is hereby given that the assessment rolls of the Eighth Collection District, comprising the lists, valuations and enumerations of the Assistant Assessors for the Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Wards of the City of New-York, including Income Tax for 1863, will be open for examination at this office, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., for fifteen days from the date hereof, and that for five days thereafter appeals will be received and determined by me at this office daily, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., relative to any erroneous or excessive valuation or property, or objects liable to duty or taxation. All appeals must be in writing and specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and must state the ground or principle of irregularity or error complained of.—Dated at Nos. 239 and 241 4th-av., New-York City, this 9th day of June, 1864.
A. J. BLEECKER,
United States Assessor, Eighth District, New-York.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart from the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. 8 City Hall.
JOHN HARDY, Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—NOTICE IS hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims or demands against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, late of Albany, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, the administrators of the goods, chattels and credits of said deceased, at the office of JOHN TAYLOR'S SONS, No. 133 Broadway, Albany, or No. 334 Greenwich-st., New-York, on or before the 1st day of November next.—Dated Albany, this 29th day of April, A. D., 1864.
E. E. TAYLOR,
J. B. TAYLOR, } Administrators.
May 2-law6m.Mo. WM. H. TAYLOR,

THE COMMITTEE ON REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES OF THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN will meet on MONDAY, the 13th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties having business before the committee are invited to attend.
VALENTINE COOK,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
GEORGE McGRATH,
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
JOHN HEALY,
Committee on Repairs and Supplies.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.
SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE, } Roads.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864.

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and seventy dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

SOLDIERS KILLED OR WOUNDED IN BATTLE. WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO COLLECT $100 bounty, pension and arrears of pay for soldiers discharged for wounds received in battle or for the relatives of those killed. Letters containing Post-office stamp answered and all information given without charge.
ALLEN, VAN BUREN & LUCKEY,
Bankers, No. 243 Broadway.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS CAN HAVE THEIR $100 bounty promptly paid them; widows and heirs of deceased soldiers can have the pay and bounty collected and pensions procured; sailors can receive their prize-money; all can receive information and instructions, by applying to RICHARD C. ELLIOTT, U. S. Army and Navy Office, No. 67 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—AT THE OFFICE NO. 87 WEST-ST., corner of Albany, men for substitutes in the army and navy, short whaling voyages to South Sea, and merchant ships. Call before engaging elsewhere and see for yourselves.
H. JAMES, Agent.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Commences 7¾; concludes 10:40.
Lessee and Manager ... WM. H. WHEATLEY.
THE SUMMER THEATRE OF THE CITY.
THE ILLUMINATED GARDEN OPEN EVERY EVENING.
MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1864.
TWENTY-FIFTH APPEARANCE,
AND UNDIMINISHED APPROBATION,
of the celebrated lyric artiste Mlle.
VESTVALI,
in John Brougham's grand romantic drama in five tableaux, entitled
BEL
DEMONIO,
which continues its highly flattering and
BRILLIANT CAREER,
as the most
ATTRACTIVE SPECTACULAR DRAMA OF THE DAY,
warranting the announcement of its repetition for
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
ANGELO, with the songs, "You are the Star," (words by S. R. Fiske, Esq.,) and "The Brave Marco,"
MLLE. VESTVALI,
supported in the principal roles by Messrs. J. C. Nunan, J. W. Collier, J. F. Hagan, J. G. Burnett, J. W. Blaisdell, E. B. Holmes, Haupt, Rendle, Styles, &c.; Misses Rose Etynge, M. Wells, Skerrett, Moore, &c.
THE GRAND TARANTELLA,
by Miles. Katrina, Ella, Kruger, Rosina, and a
FULL AND EFFICIENT BALLET
Musical Conductor ... Harvey B. Dodworth
ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY, COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS,
by Messrs. Willard, Maeder, Phillips and Wallis.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Lessee and Directress ... Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager ... J. H. SELWYN
ABSOLUTE AND INDISPUTABLE SUCCESS
of the grand romantic and spectacular drama, entitled
ALADDIN,
or the
WONDERFUL LAMP,
THIS EVENING,
and EVERY EVENING till further notice,
MRS. JOHN WOOD as ALADDIN,
supported by
A POWERFUL CAST.
Those celebrated artists,
Mlle. ANNETTI GALLETTI and Mons. TOPHOFF,
have been expressly engaged for this piece, and will appear in TWO of THEIR CELEBRATED DANCES.
NEW and BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, by HAYES,
introducing
EFFECTS NEVER ATTEMPTED AT THIS THEATRE,
THE MUSIC ENTIRELY NEW,
Composed by THOS. BAKER.
Entirely new machinery, properties and appointments, entirely new and elaborate costumes, all combining to render the representation
MOST COMPLETE AND PERFECT,
and worthy the high encomiums bestowed on it
BY PRESS AND PUBLIC.
Doors open at 7½; performances commence at 8 o'clock.
Seats secured three days in advance.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT,

AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
ON
TUESDAY EVENING, June 14,
at 7¾ o'clock,
BY THE
ASSOCIATED CHOIRS
OF THE
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Tickets, 50 cents; children under 14 years, 25 cents; to be had at the door on the evening of the Concert.

It is intended to make this Concert one of the best of the kind ever given in this City, and will consist of a number of new as well as standard sacred choruses, interspersed with solos, quartettes and semi-choruses. Some two hundred vocal and fifty instrumental performers will take part in it.

CHILDREN'S FESTIVAL AT CLINTON HALL.

The festival of the Cottage-place Industrial School will take place THIS EVENING at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, exercises commencing at 7¾ o'clock.

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.,

By virtue of orders of sale to me directed by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at
PUBLIC AUCTION, FROM
PINTO'S (late Laimbeer's) STORES,
Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn,
On TUESDAY, June 14, 1864,
At 12 o'clock, noon:
CARGO PRIZE SCHOONER OSCAR.
25 bales Upland Cotton.
2 bales old Bagging.
CARGO PRIZE SLOOP NEPTUNE.
11 square bales Upland Cotton.
45 round bales Upland Cotton, damaged.
9 round bales Sea Island Cotton.
Captured by United States steamship *Sagamore*.
121 packages Upland and Sea Island Cotton.
At store No. 109 Wall-st.
$7,860 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company Script r 1863.
Catalogues and samples of Cotton at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st., three days before sale.
JAMES C. CLAPP,
United States Marshal, Southern District Florida.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON TUESDAY, JUNE 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, to close an estate:

The elegant country residence, formerly owned and occupied by the late Samuel P. Ayres, situated about ½ of a mile from the depot at New-Rochelle, Westchester Co., with 10 acres of fine land.

The house is two-story, frame, about 36x42, with large extension, beautifully situated. There is a large garden, green-house, gardener's house, carriage-house and stable. The whole property is in perfect order.

HARLEM LOTS.—Three lots, west side of 5th-av., southwest corner of 133d-st., 25x110.

One lot on rear of the above, south side of 133d-st., 25 x99 feet 11 inches.

Also, at the same time and place:

BROOKLYN PROPERTY.—The very valuable corner lot southwest corner of Fort Greene-place and Lafayette-av., 20x85. Has large court-yard and party wall.

A very desirable country residence at New-Rochelle, four minutes from the depot. The dwelling is modern and first-class; has ranges and furnaces, gas and all the improvements. There is five acres of fine land, plenty of shade, carriage-house, barn, and more than 175 fruit trees of different kinds.

The valuable four-story brown-stone house and lot known as No. 23 9th-st., New-York, 16x54, lot 16x92 feet 3 inches.

A neat place at Rosedale, Westchester Co., with 7 acres of land, three miles from the depot at Mamaroneck, and three from White Plains depot.

For maps, &c., apply to the Auctioneer's office, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY ON LISPENARD-ST. AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, June 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

LISPENARD-ST.—The two valuable lots with the two-story and attic brick houses, Nos. 22 and 24 Lispenard-st., south side, between Church-st. and West Broadway; each lot 19 by 93 feet.

This property is very desirable for business purposes, being in an improving neighborhood.

For maps and particulars apply at the office of the auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway, New-York.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer—Office No. 8 Pine-st.

AUCTION SALE OF BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY AT CHATSWORTH, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.—A. JOURNEAY will sell on THURSDAY, June 23, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, 400 acres of land at Chatsworth. This valuable property, formerly owned by P. H. Munroe, Esq., and Hon. J. Roosevelt, situated between New-Rochelle and Mamaroneck, on the line of the New-Haven Railroad, will be offered for sale in plots of three to ten acres or more. It has several miles of road laid out, well worked, a depot built, at which the trains will stop when business warrants. Its close proximity to the City, (being only twenty miles from City Hall, with the New-Haven Railroad running through it,) and the numerous commanding building sites, with a view of the Long Island Sound and the Palisades, make it a desirable investment for parties wishing to get a choice location and have control of surrounding improvements. Maps and further particulars at the office of the auctioneer, A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT ON PRESIDENT-ST., BROOKLYN, AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, June 15, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of the executor of James Segoine, deceased:

PRESIDENT-STREET.—The valuable three-story brick dwelling-house and lot of ground known as No. 90 President-st., south side, 230 feet west of Hicks-st. The house has provision for water and gas. Lot 20 feet front and rear by 100 feet deep.

Terms cash on delivery of the deed.
THOMAS STANDERWICK, Executor.
For maps and particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway, N. Y.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF SILK MACHINERY, TOOLS, &c.—E. R. OGDEN will sell by auction without reserve, by order of "GURNEY & CO.," on TUESDAY, June 14, at 10½ o'clock, on the premises, the whole of the machinery adapted for the manufacture of SILK TRIMMINGS, contained in their Factory, No. 156 Bank-st., Newark, N. J., consisting of power and engine looms, single-hand looms, warping frames, winding engines, twisting mills, 124 braiding machines, (round, square and flat,) with tables and driving gear, felling and gimp wheels, jocks, gimp machines, &c., together with a full assortment of tools and implements used in the trade. Also a lot of cotton and mohair; fixtures, stoves, shafting, pullies, belting, lathes, vice, benches, &c. Catalogues can be obtained of the Auctioneer, No. 297 Broad-st., Newark, or of GURNEY & Co., No. 34 Church-st., New-York. Terms—under $100 cash—over $100; approved indorsed notes at 90 days.

FIREWORKS.

REMOVAL.

EXCELSIOR FIREWORK, FLAG AND LANTERN DEPOT, FUNSTON & SCOFIELD, removed from John-st. to No. 9 Dey-st., near Broadway.

DEPOT FOR J. W. HADFIELD'S FIRST-PREMIUM FIREWORKS.—A full assortment of the best quality and at the lowest prices. Dealers are respectfully invited to call. R. FOULDS, No. 39 John-st.

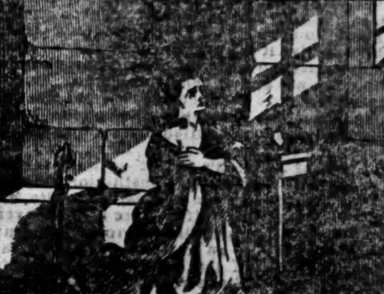
FIREWORKS.—A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF plain and colored fireworks, and of the best quality, for sale by BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO.,
No. 227 Washington-st.

HADFIELD'S FIRST PREMIUM FIREWORKS, and Waugh's celebrated Nonpariel Torpedoes, sold wholesale at his up-town depot, Nos. 200 and 202 9th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

ATTRACTIONS NEVER EQUALED.
ATTRACTIONS NEVER EQUALED.
"RALLY ROUND THE FLAG, BOYS."
IMMENSE CROWDS! IMMENSE CROWDS!
DO HOMAGE
TO THE
BRAVE AND TRUE-HEARTED
MISS MAJOR PAULINE CUSHMAN!
MISS MAJOR PAULINE CUSHMAN!
THE FAMOUS
UNION SPY AND SCOUT,
UNION SPY AND SCOUT,
the HEROIC AND BEAUTIFUL GIRL, of whose glorious courage, personal sacrifices, and wonderful exploits, the country has been ringing for a year past.
Who was tried and
SENTENCED TO DEATH,
SENTENCED TO DEATH
by the Rebel Gen. BRAGG, as a Spy, and rescued by Gens. GORDON GRANGER, MITCHELL, and STANLEY, under command of Gen. ROSECRANS.



MISS MAJOR CUSHMAN IN PRISON.
AVOID THE CROWDS, AVOID THE CROWDS.
MORNING APPEARANCE AT 11 O'CLOCK,
when the LECTURE-ROOM will be opened WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE, and
MISS MAJOR CUSHMAN
will appear upon the stage and give an account of her
STARTLING ADVENTURES while in the
SECRET SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.
SECRET SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.
An intermission of a few minutes will be given, to allow Miss Major Cushman to make a change of costume, when she will reappear, and complete her story.
IN MAJOR'S UNIFORM!
IN MAJOR'S UNIFORM!
She will also appear upon the stage each AFTERNOON and EVENING, between the plays, in her parlor costume and in MAJOR'S UNIFORM, and relate her EXTRAORDINARY EXPLOITS and ADVENTURES, more briefly than in the morning.
☞ Although Miss Major Cushman accepted the polite invitation of His Honor the Mayor, to visit him and other distinguished personages at the City Hall, on Friday, the manager begs to state that her arduous duties at the Museum prevents her going out, except to take her usual equestrian exercises in Central Park.
MLLE. ERNESTEIN,
MLLE. ERNESTEIN,
MLLE. ERNESTEIN,
the beautiful and graceful danseuse, and
MLLE. LOUISE!
NEW AND ELEGANT DANCES.
ILLUMINATED FOUNTAIN OF REAL WATER,
CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE.
CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE.
THE IRISH DOMESTIC DRAMA,
NORAH CREINA,
NORAH CREINA,
NORAH CREINA,
and the elegant Comedietta,
BOOTS AT THE SWAN.
BOOTS AT THE SWAN.
Afternoon and Evening at 3 and 7½ o'clock.
THE GREAT GIANT GIRL,
from Nova Scotia, and the
COLOSSAL FRENCH GIANT,
THE TWO SMALLEST DWARFS LIVING.
THE THREE ALBINO CHILDREN,
BEAUTIFUL AQUARIA.
Phrenological Examinations by
PROF. LIVINGSTON,
A JAPANESE MASKIN-HOG,
MINIATURE SKATING-POND,
THREE TABLEAUX OF MOVING WAX FIGURES.
THE GEN. TOM THUMB BRIDAL GROUP,
TWO LIVING PRAIRIE-DOGS.
HOUDIN'S AUTOMATON-WRITER.
THREE FOUR-POUND BROOK TROUT.
THE MUSICALLY-EDUCATED SEAL,
MONSTER SERPENTS AND OTHER CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 25 cents; Children under ten, 15 cents.

BROADWAY

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Late Hope Chapel, opposite the New-York Hotel.
MONDAY EVENING, June 13, 1864,
will be given, adapted for the HOLMAN TROUPE, Balfe's celebrated opera, in three acts, of the
BOHEMIAN GIRL, BOHEMIAN GIRL,
BOHEMIAN GIRL,
together with a new burlesque, written by Father Reed for the HOLMAN TROUPE, the
OLD FOLKS, OLD FOLKS, OLD FOLKS.
Matinée WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS. Tickets to Matinée—children, 15 cts.; adults 25 cts.

INSTRUCTION.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC TAUGHT FOR $10.—PAINE'S experiment of giving three months' instruction in commercial branches for $10, and allowing all pupils individual instruction, induce hundreds to attend No. 283 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. New-York College, 62 Bowery, corner Canal.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, ARITHMETIC, &c.—DOLBEAR'S Commercial Academy, No. 609 Broadway, will be kept open all Summer, to prepare boys practically for Fall business. Gentlemen can secure private rooms.

TEACHERS.

TO PRINCIPALS—A PRACTICAL TEACHER, of ten years' experience, wants to buy, rent, or become a partner in a boys' boarding-school already established. Address, with particulars, (confidential,) REX, Box No. 176 *Times* Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

$2,000 REWARD.—LOST OR STOLEN—ON the morning of June 8, in the neighborhood of 3d and Arch sts., Philadelphia, TEN U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS for $1,000 each. Three of them are drawn to J. G. Watmough or E. P. Powell, Nos. 115,704, 115,705 and 115,706. Seven of them are numbered from 115,376 to 115,382. The two following numbers may be among the seven lost: 115,383, 115,384. As the U. S. Treasury Department at Washington has been notified of this loss, and payment of the certificates stopped, all persons are hereby cautioned against receiving or negotiating the same.

The reward named will be paid on return of the above described certificates, or any information leading to their recovery, on application to
BENJ. FRANKLIN, Chief Detective Police,
Mayor's Office, Philadelphia.

LOST OR MISLAID—CERTIFICATE NO. 3,396, for one hundred shares ILLINOIS CENTRAL SCRIP STOCK, dated Aug. 12, 1863, in the name of Camman & Co.
The transfer has been stopped, and all persons are notified not to negotiate the certificate.
Application will be made for a new certificate.
The finder is requested to return the same to
WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORISON,
No. 29 William-st.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 2,236, FOR SIXTY-FOUR shares of the Capital Stock of the Mechanics' Banking Association, issued to Mrs. Hetty Strong. The transfer has been stopped, and all persons are notified not to negotiate the certificate. Application will be made for a new certificate. O. S. STRONG, No. 516 Broadway.

STOLEN.—MISSOURI SIX PER CENT. STATE Bonds; No. 1,586, $1,000 Hannibal & St. Joseph Issue Coupons, due July 1, 1864; No. 2,551, $1,000, North Missouri Railroad Issue Six Coupons, due July 1, 1864.
P. D. HALL, No. 16 West 39th-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Waldo, Barry & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the undersigned will sign the name of the firm in liquidation.
SAMUEL F. BARRY,
HORACE WALDO, JR.
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The subscribers have this day formed a copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a dry goods commission business, under the firm of BARRYS & WALDO, at No. 46 Murray-st.
SAMUEL F. BARRY,
HORACE WALDO, JR.,
W. FREDERICK BARRY.
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1864.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name of L. S. LAWRENCE & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. CHARLES FARRAR having retired from the business. Mr. L. S. LAWRENCE is authorized to settle and close all matters pertaining thereto.
LUTHER S. LAWRENCE.
CHARLES FARRAR.
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1864.

The undersigned have this day formed a new copartnership, under the name of L. S. LAWRENCE & CO., and will continue the business of the old firm of that name at the same place.
LUTHER S. LAWRENCE.
CHARLES FRAZIER.
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1864.

MESSRS. H. M. NEVERS AND ALFRED SOPER withdraw this day from the firm of DE LAUNAY, CLARKE & CO., by mutual consent.
DE LAUNAY, CLARKE & CO.
NEW-YORK, June 11, 1864.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City to purchase cheap and well-finished mantels is at A. KLABER'S Mantel Manufactory, No. 169 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

The management has to regret being obliged to announce the present as
THE LAST WEEK
OF
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
who will then have completed a period of performances unprecedented for a star attraction on the New-York stage, having played at this theatre with only
TWO CHANGES OF PROGRAMME
for over
SEVEN MONTHS.
The present week must bring to a close their brilliant career of this season. The public are invited to take advantage of the few remaining opportunities of seeing those delightful artists in their charming entertainments of
VAUDEVILLE and BURLESQUE.
To-night, and every night this week, they will appear in Byron's great burlesque of
FRA DIAVOLO,
nightly received with
ACCLAMATIONS OF DELIGHT.
Fra Diavolo, alias the Marquis di Centre Market.
Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE
Beppo ... Mr. W. J. FLORENCE
Supported by Messrs. Vining Bowers, A. H. Davenport, T. E. Morris, Eberle, Risly, Dennison, Mrs. Chanfrau and Mrs. Floyd.
MUSIC INCIDENTAL:
Opening Chorus, "Faust"
Lorenzo, Matteo and Carbineers.
Descriptive Song and Chorus, "There's a monster who lives" ... Lorenzo and Chorus
Aria, "I'm in a dreadful state of mind." ... Zerlina
Drinking Song, from Puritan's Daughter ... Fra Diavolo
Duet, "On yonder rock reclining,"
Fra Diavolo and Zerlina.
Song, "Ah Key Lay." ... Giacomo
Song, "Gentle Zerlina." ... Zerlina
Concerted Piece, "Hoopen De dooden do."
Zerlina, Diavolo, Beppo
Grand Chorus, "La Kermesse," Faust
Song, "Dark girl dressed in blue." ... Fra Diavolo
Song, "Let me kiss him, Yankee Doodle." ... Lorenzo
Finale—U. S. G ... Everybody
The performances will commence with
THRICE MARRIED.
Mrs. FLORENCE as ... Carlotta, a Bal Masque Costumer
With songs—"Captain with his Whiskers"
and "Young Recruit."
Mr. FLORENCE ... as ... VIVIAN RIPPLE
FRIDAY, June 17,
FAREWELL BENEFIT OF
MR. W. J. FLORENCE.
Doors open at 7¼; performance commences at 7¾.
Carriages may be ordered at 10½ o'clock.

WALLACK'S,

MONDAY.
Doors open at 7:30; overture commences at 7:45; curtain rises at its conclusion.
FIFTH NIGHT
of the entirely original drama, of novel construction and peculiar effects, in three acts, written by G. H. Lewes, Esq., entitled
CAPTAIN BLAND,
with new scenery, costumes and appointments, incidental music, dance and most excellent cast.

Captain Bland	Mr. Lester Wallack
Peter Perkins, a lawyer	Mr. Young
The Earl of Chillingham	Mr. Daly
Surly Joe	Mr. Norton
Lieutenant Blake	Mr. Pope
Jacob	Mr. Harris
Nathaniel	Mr. Thorne
Mrs. Bluster	Miss Mary Gannon
Margaret Leigh	Miss Madeline Henriques
Mary	Miss Mary Barrett

Tuesday—(Last time this season)—LOVE AND MONEY.
Wednesday—BENEFIT OF MISS JANE COOMBS, (first time here,) THE HUNCHBACK.
Thursday—ROSEDALE.
Friday—(last time)—ERNESTINE and A PRETTY PIECE OF BUSINESS.
Saturday—(last time)—SPEED THE PLOW.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

(Late Wallack's.)
Broadway, corner of Broome-st.
FOURTH WEEK
OF MR. F. S. CHANFRAU.
FOURTH WEEK
OF OUR
AMERICAN COUSIN AT HOME.
CHANFRAU AS BROTHER SAM.
CHANFRAU AS LORD DUNDREARY.
CHANFRAU ENACTS BOTH CHARACTERS.
SCENES ENCORED NIGHTLY.
ENTIRE NEW SCENERY.
TWO HOURS OF MIRTH.
Songs by Miss MARIE BONIFACE
and Mr. A. SEYMOUR.
MONDAY, June 13, at 8 o'clock,
and EVERY EVENING.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN AT HOME.
Seats may be secured three days in advance.

IRVING HALL.

FALLON'S STEREOPTICON.
Fifth week of this truly great magical and scientific wonder.
Fifth entire new programme.
All the world and its beauties and the home of Shakespeare reproduced with stereoscopic effects, covering a surface of 600 square feet. Every night at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. Family tickets, admitting six persons, one dollar.

WALLACK'S.

BENEFIT
OF
MISS JANE COOMBS,
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15,
(First time here,)
THE HUNCHBACK.
Box-book now open.

LADIES' ENTERTAINMENT

IN BEHALF OF WHITE REFUGEES,
City Assembly Rooms, 13th, 14th and 15th inst.
Tickets, including strawberries and ice cream, 50 cents.
Music by Dodworth's Band.

WHITE REFUGEES AND FREEDMEN.—A Strawberry Festival will be held by the ladies of New-York, in aid of the destitute refugees and freedmen, in the City Assembly Rooms, No. 446 Broadway, the 13th, 14th and 15th insts. Open from 3 to 10 P. M. Tickets at Messrs. Hall's and Waters' music-stores, and at the door. Donations of money sent to the Treasurer, No. 1 Mercer-st.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

BRADBURY'S

GOLD MEDAL
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTES,
after thorough and repeated tests by GOTTSCHALK, MASON, MILLS, SANDERSON, FRADEL, MORGAN, HELLER, TIMM, PATTERSON, and many others of the most competent judges, are pronounced "superior in power, purity, richness and quality of tone and thoroughness of workmanship." See their letter in my last circular. Seven First Premiums, including two Gold Medals, were received by Mr. Bradbury within four weeks, at the State fairs; and at the American Institute of 1863, "for the BEST PIANO-FORTE, A GOLD MEDAL." Warerooms No. 427 Broome-st., one block east of Broadway.
WM. B. BRADBURY.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

HAINES BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.
Warerooms No. 758 Broadway.
PIANOS TO LET AND FOR SALE
ON INSTALLMENTS.

RAVEN & BACON,

Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Wareroom, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our well known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS FOR FAMILIES, CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS.—Recognized by the musical profession as greatly superior to Harmoniums, Melodeons and all other small organs. [See our illustrated catalogue for explicit testimony to their superiority, from a majority of the most eminent organists in America.] Prices, $85 to $500 each.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.—The great reputation which our Cabinet Organs have obtained, and the extensive demand for them, have induced dealers to advertise, in some cases, quite different instruments as Cabinet Organs, and in others to represent to purchasers that Harmoniums and other reed organs are the same thing. This is not true. The excellences of our Cabinet Organs, which have given them their high reputation, are the result not merely of the superiority of their workmanship, but also, in large measure, of essential differences in construction, which, being patented, cannot be imitated by other makers. From these arise their better quality and volume of tone and unrivaled capacity for expression. Warerooms in New-York, No. 7 Mercer-st.
MASON BROTHERS.

100 NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS, melodeons, Alexandre and cabinet organs to let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at great bargains for cash; prices from $60 to $200. New seven-octave pianos, at $225, $250, $275, $300, and up to $700. One seven-octave second-hand grand piano, price $700 new, will be sold for $300, or rented for $10 per month. 10,000 sheets of music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS, MELODEONS, both new and second-hand. Agents for Hallett & Cumston's celebrated Boston pianos, S. D. & H. W. Smith's Boston harmoniums, Taylor & Farley's boudoir organs. Pianos to rent. Payment received in installments if desired. H. B. BAILEY & CO., No. 603 Broadway.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS WITH patent improvements, found in no others, giving wonderful power and sweetness of tone. Also, pianos and melodeons. G. G. SAXE, No. 37 Park-row, N. Y.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, N. Y. Peloubet's superior Harmoniums, $100 and $125; with pedals, $200 to $500. Instruments to let, or sold on installments.

J. F. REICHENBACH, PIANO FORTE TUNER and repairer, No. 15 West Houston-st., near Broadway, New-York. New and second-hand pianos for sale and to let.

OUR NASHVILLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Tennessee Union State Convention—Delegates for Baltimore—Resolutions—Ecclesiastical Unionism—Prospective Welding of the Sundered Parts—Dr. Breckinridge and Kentucky.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 7, 1864.

One of the marked events of the past week has been the meeting of the Tennessee Union State Convention, held, pursuant to a call of the Union State Executive Committee, in the Capitol, on Monday last. Representatives were present from thirty-three counties. The specific object of the meeting was to appoint delegates to represent Tennessee in the Baltimore National Convention, to be held on the 7th inst. The Representatives' Hall was well filled on the occasion by an audience more than four-fifths of whom were Tennessee soldiers, who showed as they felt, no doubt, a profound interest in the proceedings.

Gen. SAMUEL MILLIGAN, of Greene, was called to preside over the meeting both as temporary and permanent chairman. His remarks on taking the chair, were pertinent, earnest and deeply patriotic. Several addresses were made breathing a similar spirit, while the convention was awaiting the reports of committees who had retired. The meeting was characterized by a spirit at once hopeful and happy, and all present seemed to feel rejoicingly, that the day of Tennessee's deliverance from a yoke made unendurably galling by rebel tyranny and irresponsible brute violence, had fully dawned at last.

The names of the delegates at large, to represent the State in the Baltimore Convention, were reported by the committee. They were Judge M. M. BRIEN, of Davidson, and DAVID T. PATTERSON, Esq., of Greene, their alternates being JOHN TRIMBLE and R. C. CRAWFORD. When the Union delegates assemble at Baltimore to renominate Mr. LINCOLN, these delegates will be there to show what the sentiment of Tennessee is in regard to electing to the Presidential chair for a second term a man whose singleness of purpose, lofty integrity and sterling qualities as a reliable pilot in the storms which are rocking the land, have no more ardent admirers than among the staunch Union men of rebel-ridden Tennessee.

The resolutions of the convention have the right ring. They are Liberty and Union through and through. Were I to transcribe them all, they would well repay perusal not only, but the space they could fill. I will venture to give only the third and the fifth, as significant of the popular temper and spirit of the State.

3. *Resolved*, As African Slavery was the fruitful cause of all our ruin, and experience has demonstrated that its existence is incompatible with the perpetuity of free and republican institutions; and, as it has now been strangled in the house of its own friends, we declare our purpose not again to resurrect it, and hereby pledge ourselves to use all fair and honorable means to secure the election of such delegates to the convention, when called, as will forever prohibit its existence in the State.

5. *Resolved*, That while we deplore the further effusion of blood, and anxiously await the return of peace and the restoration of the Union, we are left by the relentless cruelty and unjustifiable pertinacity of the enemies of our common country, no alternative but to oppose force to force, until the banner of Freedom shall wave in triumph over every inch of soil in every rebellious State, and the supremacy of the Constitution, and the laws and proclamations made in assurance thereof, stand vindicated and faithfully enforced therein.

We, therefore, endorse the administration and war policy of President LINCOLN, and pledge our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honors to defend and sustain them, as the only means of our future security, happiness and freedom; and therefore recommend his renomination by the Baltimore Convention for the Presidency of the United States.

The sixth resolution is commendatory of ANDY JOHNSON's administration of affairs as Military Governor of the State, sets forth the high regard in which he is held by all loyal people of Tennessee, and warmly recommends his nomination by the Baltimore Convention as Vice-President of the United States. The seventh resolution speaks of the recent completion of the Northwestern Railroad from Nashville to the Tennessee River, making the line continuous from Knoxville to the Western Tennessee, via Chattanooga and Nashville. This line, completed in troublous times, may well be called a stupendous enterprise. Like the calm and energetic prosecution of the enlargement of the Treasury buildings, and of the unfinished work upon the National Capitol, while the mightiest war in history is straining the resources of the country to their utmost tension, it proclaims to the world the majestic confidence of the Government in its own strength and durability. The rebellion, bloody and terrible as it is, is only a ripple on the surface of the Commonwealth, as it were—nothing in it to cause unnerving terror, or interrupt great projects for the country's weal. In a little while all will be serene and unruffled as before. We like this calm, courageous, self-confiding look in the Government that protects and guides us. It begets a kindred confidence far and wide in the popular mind.

The Unionism of Tennessee is beginning to pronounce itself ecclesiastically. An initiatory movement has taken place on the part of one religious body at least, toward a resumption of former time-honored associations. The Presbytery of Nashville, in August, 1861, in an evil hour and hot haste, broke asunder the bonds which till then had bound its churches to the Old School General Assembly. They piously resolved to join the General Assembly of the Confederate States, provided such body should have not only a "name," but a "local habitation." The stress and constant crisis of Southern affairs have made such General Assembly *as yet*, little better than an "airy nothing;" nor has the most piercing eye, in the finest "frenzy rolling," been able to body it forth in any substantial form and proportions. No meeting of Presbytery has been held since Donelson fell.

The churches of the body were drooping, wo-begone, without coherence, without vitality, formless and void. It was found that its only hope of resuscitation was to undo the evil it had done, and renew fealty to man and to God, by renewing its former connection. A meeting of Presbytery was called accordingly, in proper form. The churches, some 12 or 15, were notified with scrupulous care. The majority refused to appear by their representatives, but a constitutional quorum was present. The meeting was duly organized according to Presbyterial forms; and the former action, swinging the Presbytery off into the deadly embrace of rebeldom, was solemnly and decisively rescinded. The Presbytery now stands where it always stood, until the poisonous breath of secession blowing upon it, withered its beauty and sapped its vital strength. It will be sure to revive now. Returning loyalty and good faith is a potent remedy for a "mind diseased" as well as a body. The cause of the malady in either case being—rebellion.

Humble as this movement may be, it is yet deeply significant. It is the herald of other similar movements, on a larger scale, among religious bodies, which the frightfully disorganizing question of Slavery caused one by one to sunder violently the bands of Christian fellowship which had long held them together. When CALHOUN pointed out in the Senate, many years ago, these mournful disruptions, and announced the fact in a tone of exultation, as evincing a radical antagonism between North and South, and the approaching separation between them as inevitable—and when it came, final—had some seer announced to him that the broken parts, after a brief experiment of separation, would weld themselves together from necessity, and the Union prove thenceforth stronger and less liable than ever before to be dissolved, he would have regarded said seer as a fool or a madman. And yet this very result is likely, nay, is well nigh certain, to come to pass. Only let the Government be maintained, as it will be, and the religious bodies will regulate themselves accordingly. The rebellion crushed, and Slavery with it, as is no longer doubtful, what becomes of the Presbyterian and Methodist Church North, and the Presbyterian and Methodist Church South? Their alienation, the cause of it destroyed, is not possible. They must fraternize and embrace—a little coldly and reluctantly, it may be, at first, but warmly and heartily in the end. It will be a curious and striking but cheering spectacle to see ecclesiastical animosities, commonly thought the bitterest to thaw and dissolve, in the freshly kindled flame of a national fellowship and unity, founded on faith, justice, truth, right, God's fear, and therefore fitted and destined to endure.

Dr. ROBERT J. BRECKINRIDGE is doing a good work for reunionism and freedom in Kentucky. His reputation is not confined to his own State, and wherever he is known he is respected for high ability, staunch honesty and manly directness as well of speech as of action. His influence is wide in his State, and his utterances of late have been particularly pointed and impressive in their bearing on the great issues of the times. In the Kentucky Union Convention held at Louisville on the 25th ult., he was called on for a speech, and gave one with great force and effect. Knowing how tremblingly Conservative Kentucky is, and how strongly hostile to the Administration in general, and to Mr. LINCOLN in particular, the bulk of its presses and a large proportion of its people are, I was a little surprised to find Dr. BRECKINRIDGE, in the speech referred to, give utterance to the following emphatic words:

"It is my honest conviction that ABRAHAM LINCOLN is not only the man we ought to nominate, but he is the only man in the United States that there is any certainty Kentucky can unite upon. [Great applause.] I will go further, and say, that if I shall be a representative in that convention, it is not clear in my own mind that I would be willing to vote in that body for divers of those who have been nominated in the papers. I would be glad to feel authorized to vote for him all the time and for nobody else. I believe we can give the State of Kentucky for Mr. LINCOLN, [applause,] but have grave doubts whether we can give it to anybody else. I even doubt whether we ought to give it to anybody else."

He then proceeds to speak of Slavery, proclaiming himself then, as always, an emancipationist; but favoring gradual and compensated emancipation, rather than that which Mr. SUMNER and others of his class ceaselessly advocate, often with officious and most injudicious energy and zeal. He notices with approval REVERDY JOHNSON's recent argument in the Senate, in favor of altering the Constitution, in order to put away Slavery by the highest authority, and announces his faith thus: "If I were a Pro-Slavery man I would say, 'Put back the negro to his former position.' But as I am an Anti-Slavery man, I say, 'Use the whole power of the Government to extinguish the institution of Slavery, root and branch.'"

The conclusion of Dr. BRECKINRIDGE's speech is in the following words, which, as no report of the address has appeared in the TIMES, I am sure some of your readers will be gratified to see:

"We are in great peril in Kentucky. The State is divided into three equal parts. About one-third are Secessionists; one-third are loyal and may be relied upon to the last extremity; the other third are more dangerous than rebels, for if they can make a combination with the Secessionists, and are allowed to vote, they will beat us. If those who are disfranchised by law are prevented from voting, we shall beat them. I am in favor of allowing every man to vote who is entitled to, but no others. They have another Governor and another Congress. They had a son of mine sitting in their Congress, the meanest thing, I think, he ever did. Let them go there; they have no business voting for our Governor or members of Congress.

In conclusion, I do not intend to live, and, if I can help myself, will not die in any other Government than that of the United States; and as long as a party one-half as large as yours appears to exist in Kentucky, I believe she will remain there also."

The confidence which Dr. BRECKINRIDGE seems to feel that Kentucky can be given to Mr. LINCOLN in the coming election will probably not be widely shared. This noble State is too closely joined to its idols yet, to expect so speedy and radical a revolution. It is certain, however, that the wedge of a sentiment more liberal and true in regard to the "peculiar institution," has entered there, is being driven home, splitting as it goes the gnarled and knotty wood of hoary prejudice and error asunder. Kentucky can no more resist the majestic impetuosity of the great liberal current of the age, than the merest cockle-shell can resist the tremendous sweep of waters above Niagara. She will not struggle or wish to resist it long. Her true interests will demand, even if the sense of right and duty do not urge and constrain, that her bondmen be made free. The consummation, destined soon to come, will not only cheer the friends of humanity throughout the land, but open a fresh career of grandeur and prosperity to a State whose past history and present sacrifices entitle her to high honor among her sisterhood of States.

C. V. S.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

THE DAVENPORT BROTHERS OUTDONE.—There was quite an excitement on the Battery grounds yesterday, occasioned by the queer antics of two mysterious individuals, who were at first thought to be insane. Attention was attracted to the parties by their suddenly doffing their coats, and apparently, as if by magic, putting them on again. It was evident their performances were for their own amusement, as, upon a near approach, they quietly seated themselves upon the grass and began to converse in a foreign language. Quite a crowd assembled about the men, who, upon being made aware that their feats were objects of attraction, renewed their "manipulations." The gratuitous entertainment consisted of mysterious contortions, instantaneous removal of portions of their wardrobe, and particularly of their coats, which they took off and put on without the slightest apparent muscular action. Everything was done in the most mysterious manner possible, and the whole affair ended, much to the mystification of about one hundred people, in less than ten minutes. One of the men said his name was ZAN-ZAN, and that his companion was his mate.

RUTGER'S FEMALE INSTITUTE.—The graduates, former teachers and trustees of this venerable institution of learning, are invited to participate in a social reunion at the Institute, on the evening of commencement day, in commemoration of its twenty-fifth anniversary. Dr. FERRIS, Chancellor of the New-York University, will preside, and Dr. CHARLES E. WEST will deliver a historical sketch. Mr. HENRY M. PIERCE, the President, requests those designated in this commencement, to apply personally at the Institute, or by letter, for tickets of admission.

HELLER AND THE SPIRITS.—At the Salle Diabolique, on Broadway, Mr. ROBERT HELLER will commence this evening a new programme of illusion, music and mystery. Amongst other things which he promises to do, will be the Davenport business in a new form. He says he means to besiege the Spiritualists in their own citadel and with their own weapons. For this purpose he has constructed an enchanted closet, within which the deeds of diablerie are to be effected on an extensive scale.

FIRE IN FOURTEENTH-STREET—FOUR HORSES BURNED.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in the basement of building No. 210 East Fourteenth-street, occupied as a stable. Four horses, owned by as many different persons, and valued in all at $450, were burned to death. The damage to the building is about $100. It is owned by CHARLES SMITH and is fully insured. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

PIC-NIC IN AID OF THE GERMAN HOSPITAL FUND.—A mammoth pic-nic, gotten up by the Germans of the Eastern District, in aid of the German Hospital Fund, will take place this morning at SCHACK's Myrtle-avenue Park. Twenty-three societies, including six military companies, will join in the procession, which will start at half-past eight o'clock, from the corner of Montrose-avenue and Leonard-street, and, after marching through several streets, will proceed to the grounds to spend the day. A concert will be given by several singing societies. The Turner's Society will also perform gymnastic feats, and MYERS' brass band will furnish the music. The ladies of the Williamsburgh Hospital Association will have charge of the refreshment stands. The committee having the matter in charge will use every effort to make this a grand and successful affair.

NEW-JERSEY.

ACCIDENT ON THE RAILROAD.—About 10 o'clock on Saturday night, a United States marine, while walking along the railroad between Prospect and Warren streets, Jersey City, was struck on the head by a passing train of cars and seriously injured. He was observed by the engineer, who blew the whistle and applied the brakes, but the fellow seemed to take no heed of the warning. The injured man was conveyed to the Almshouse Hospital in an insensible condition, and was attended by a physician. His injuries are probably not of a fatal character.

THE HOBOKEN CONSCRIPTS.—Up to the present time the Hoboken conscripts have furnished the Government with twenty substitutes.

CHICAGO, Saturday, June 11.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT very dull, opening at $1 37@$1 37½ for No. 1; $1 31½@$1 32 for No. 2; sales to-night at $1 34@$1 34½ for No. 1; $1 28½@$1 29 for No. 2. CORN dull at $1 14@$1 14½ for No. 1; $1 10@$1 10½ for No. 2. OATS quiet at 70c.@71c. The *Journal* this evening says OATS are sustained under a strong combination to keep the price up until Government contracts, which, speculators are advised, will be advertised before long, at Cairo and St. Louis. This combination has operators in New-York and Buffalo to keep up prices of those markets. HIGHWINES from $1 24½@$1 25. PROVISIONS active. FREIGHTS unchanged. *Receipts*—6,000 bbls. Flour, 62,000 bushels Wheat, 100,000 bushels Corn, 34,000 bushels Oats. *Shipments*—4,800 bbls. Flour, 114,500 bushels Wheat, 101,000 bushels Corn, 49,000 bushels Oats.

MISS CUMMINS' NEW BOOK.—The press generally speak very highly of *Haunted Hearts*.

It is superior to her *Lamplighter* in plot, in language and dramatic effect. The *Lamplighter* sold in this country nearly one hundred thousand, and was, we believe, translated into several languages, beside an immense sale in England. Messrs. SAMSON, LOW & Co. have published already *Haunted Hearts* in England in two volumes at $4 gold.—*Boston Traveler*.

[Advertisement.]

FIREWORKS—FIREWORKS—REMOVAL.—Excelsior Fireworks, Flags and Lanterns—depot removed from John-st. to No. 9 Dey-st., near Broadway. Public and private exhibitions. FUNSTON & SCOFIELD, No. 9 Dey-st.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

WHAT CAN I DO BEST?—It is by the organization, Phrenology and Physiology, that this question may be answered. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, make examinations and give full written descriptions of character daily.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

THE JAPANESE POLISH.—Every lady who desires to keep her Balmorals bright, in keeping with the season, should not fail to use this article. It is easily applied, and is unquestionably superior to any other blacking in use. It can be obtained at all the principal shoe dealers, and wholesale at the agency, No. 75 William-st.

Passengers Sailed.

JUNE 11—*In steamship Etna, for Liverpool.*—Miss Maria Craig, Mrs. Jamieson, Miss M. J. Heath, of Cincinnati; Miss Grace Gaddes, of Boston; Mrs. Garner, Miss E. M. Gove, Mrs. Mary M. Dunn, Henry C. Wysham, wife and child, of Baltimore; Mrs. Woodville, Mrs. Rockville, Willie and Thomas Rockville, Miss E. Taylor, Geo. Gucutah, Mr. Ewaitt, Wm. Benson, James Warnock, Capt. Stewart and lady, Mrs. Saxton, daughter and son, John Holland, C. D. Gildersleeve, D. McCaw, T. M. Weeks, T. H. Jones, J. D. Taylor, A. F. Forrest, Mr. Walton, Mr. Brasier, M. Holywood, J. Wrigley, John J. Thompson and lady, E. G. McDowell, Mrs. McDowell and Miss H. McDowell, of Baltimore; W. G. Hall, Mr. Le Brun, Capt. Steele, Rev. J. Brash, Jas. McHenry, Wm. S. Peterkin, Hon. Charles Gamble and lady, of Toronto; Mr. De Belott, French Consul, St. Salvador; R. Kelley, T. Garnar, New-York; Miss Maggie Thompson, Arthur Skiff and Dr. Henry Skiff, P. J. Pavy, of New-Orleans; L. Bach, Mr. Rowhard, Mr. O'Donnell, of New-York; Mrs. Berger and 3 daughters, Wm. H. Rodden, of Toronto; Jacob Blun, James Page, Major-Gen. Havelock, England; Capt. Raisbeck, T. Whitehead, F. Rieu and family, E. Dimpsey and wife, A. Roberts, Wm. Sterling, C. Laffitte and lady, of New-Orleans; Col. Geddis and lady, British Army; C. H. Ingalls, Henry N. Wells, Mr. Simrall, Mr. Green, H. A. Avery and lady, David Douglass, wife and 4 children, S. Mares, U. St. Marc, Richard Brown, Mr. Peters, John O. Strasseri, H. T. Johnson, F. Riew, wife, 4 children and 2 ladies, and others in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 4 28 | Sun Sets.... 7 31 | Moon sets...12 17

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 1 31 | Gov. Island.. 2 20 | Hell Gate... 3 42

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, June 12.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Haze, Bolger, Washington, D. C., 48 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 11th inst., 7 P. M., passed a steamer with a monitor in tow.

U. S. steam transport Louisa Moore, Winters, Washington, D. C., 50 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steam transport El Cid, Hobart, Fortress Monroe 36 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steam transport Sentinel, Taylor, Fortress Monroe 36 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Falcon, Carr, Providence, with mdse. to Edwin Bynner.

Steamer Warrior, Mott, Providence, with mdse. to Wm. P. Williams.

Steamer Empire, Hunter, Washington, D. C., with mdse. and spars to James Hand.

Ship Cultivator, Russell, Liverpool April 26, with mdse. and 740 passengers to Williams & Guion. Had 1 birth and 9 deaths on the passage. Experienced continual westerly winds and calms. 10th inst., off Barnegat, took pilot from boat Jas. M. Waterbury, No. 10.

Bark Barnstable, Sheppard, New-Bedford 2 ds., in ballast, for Elizabethport.

Brig Pauline, (Pruss.,) Brockhusen, Cette 92 ds., with wine, etc., to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig Carrie Estelle, Harlow, Machias 8 ds., with spars to C. L. Snow.

Schr. H. R. Barnes, Barnes, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Wentworth, (Br.,) Crane, Windsor, N. S., 15 ds., with plaster to D. R. De Wolff.

Schr. Advance, Layton, Cherryfield 7 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. A. Kelly, Prince, Beaufort, N. C., with naval stores to master.

Schr. Isle of Pines, French, Georgetown, D. C., coal.

Schr. Benj. Brown, Ingraham, Warren, for Port Ewen.

Schr. Express, Dix, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Union, Denison, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Henry Gibbs, Snow, New-Bedford, with oil.

Schr. Ellen Rodman, Bowman, New-Bedford, with oil.

Schr. C. S. Watson, Biggs, Providence.

Schr. Ligure, Robbins, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Leader, Allen, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Hurd, Snow, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. L. A. Edwards, Lines, Providence.

Schr. John Manlove, Arnold, Apponaug, R. I.

Schr. Avail, Carter, Providence.

Schr. Geo. W. Glover, Holbrook, Providence.

Schr. Corvo, Holbrook, Providence.

Schr. Cohannet, Carlow, Providence.

WIND—At sunset, light from S.

Sailed.

June 11—Steamers Nightingale, Carolina, Whirlwind, Edward Hawkins.

Ship Francis B. Cutting.

Barks Albertina, Sol Wildes, Investigator, Ariadne, Glugino, Eagle, Braggio.

Brigs Venus, Naiad, Mary Cobb, A. B. Cook, Saxon.

Schooners Elva, Deerford, Maryland.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, June 12—Arr. brig Monte Christo, Port Prais May 14; schr. C. M. Nevius, New-Orleans May 19; bark Oak, Philadelphia; U. S. steamer Ticonderoga, from Fortress Monroe June 9. Below, 2 ships and 2 barks.

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GOLDEN BITTERS,

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CURES WEAKNESS,

CURES DEBILITY.

GIVES APPETITE,

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☞ Positively the largest assortment of first-class furniture in the City, comprising new and elegant designs in parlor, library, dining and bedroom furniture.

Every description of furniture manufactured to order. Goods packed and shipped to all parts of the world. All orders promptly executed.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

SALE OF CARRARA MARBLE STATUARY VASES, ALABASTER GROUPS, FIGURES, COLUMNS AND PEDESTALS, MOSAIC INLAID TABLES, &c., &c. SUITABLE FOR HOUSE OR GARDEN DECORATIONS.—MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, TUESDAY, 14th, and WEDNESDAY, 15th June, at 11 o'clock each day, at their salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., a large and beautiful assortment of Italian marble, just received from Italy, and never before exposed for sale or exhibition, consisting of as follows: About 40 fine groups, figures and busts of statuary Carrara marble, among which are originals, and copies from the finest artists of Italy. Also, garden vases, alabaster groups and figures from the best studios of Florence, embracing new literary, classical and historical subjects; marble and alabaster vases, varying in size, from two to seven feet in height, beautifully carved, embracing Roman, Etruscan, Egyptian, Florentine, antique and other styles. Also, groups of animals, tazias, card receivers, Mosaic inlaid tables, &c., &c. The attention of the public is requested to this sale, as it is positively the last and most important sale of the season, and offers unusual opportunities for the purchase of the beautiful and rare goods. They will be on exhibition Monday, the 13th inst. Purchasers residing out of the City can have the goods packed in their original Italian cases by the importer, at a small expense.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.
Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

UNITED STATES QUARTERMASTER'S SALE OF CONDEMNED GOODS.—MINER & SOMERVILLE, will sell at auction on FRIDAY, 17th at 12 o'clock M., at No. 40 Vesey-st. Condemned clothing, woolen and rubber blankets, knapsacks, canteens, grain bags, tents, haversacks, boots, tinware, &c., by command of Maj.-Gen. DIX.
T. P. McELRAITH, Assistant Quartermaster.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as nurse and seamstress; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; can come recommended, and is a Protestant. Call at No. 87½ Laurens-st., near Spring.

CATARRH

NOISES IN THE HEAD,

DISEASES OF THE

EYE, EAR & THROAT,

DEAFNESS CURED,

BY

Dr. Von Eisenberg.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1863.

Dr. Von Eisenberg:

DEAR SIR: Without recapitulating the numerous benefits I have received through your wonderful cure of the deafness I have labored under many years, the blessings I enjoy will convince the most skeptical.

I have tried many aurists, in Europe and America, without success. I was still deaf as a post.

Three years ago I entered your office, underwent one operation, hoping, yet doubting, I should receive any relief, but was agreeably disappointed in finding the genius of your profession.

The innate skill you possess cured my deafness in one almost painless operation.

The joy I experienced was indescribable; 'twas a new life to me.

My hearing is perfect to this day.

I strongly advise all who are suffering under a difficulty of hearing, or total deafness, to consult you immediately, as I also personally recommend all who apply to me. The numerous calls trespass on my time and patience, yet, remembering my own long, weary affliction causes me to pity them.

This is not written to advertise your well-known, unrivaled reputation—that would be peurile; but as a measure of precaution, to induce all to call on you at once, without troubling me; yet I do not refuse to see any one who comes to me. This is the only way I can show my gratitude.

I also call the attention of those who are suffering from Catarrh, which disease I have labored under one year or more.

I experienced difficulty in breathing, langour, heaviness over the eyes, a sense of tightness on the brain, and copious expectorations of a hard and viscid nature. Accompanying this is a "polypus," quite filling the right nostril. On the 25th ult. you operated on both, killing the polypus, which is gradually passing away, and giving me great relief from the Catarrh. One more operation will effectually cure.

This testimonial brings with it my unalloyed and grateful thanks, with but a poor delineation of your wondrous skill as an Aurist,

I am, Sir, yours very gratefully,
EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

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Patented

French Yoke

SHIRTS.

Warranted to FIT, and to be

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for the same qualities and make than those of any other Shirt House in this city.

Circular containing drawings and prices sent free.

For sale by all the principal dealers throughout the United States.

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Molded Collars

Are not simply flat pieces of paper cut in the form of a Collar, but are *Molded and Shaped to fit the Neck*, having a perfect curve *free from angles or breaks*, which is obtained by our patented process, which also secures another *advantage possessed by no other Collar*—viz: *Space for the Cravat* in the Turn-down style, the INSIDE OF WHICH IS PERFECTLY SMOOTH AND FREE FROM PUCKERS, making this Collar, for ease, neatness, and durability, unequaled.

They are made in Turn-down style in sizes from 12 to 17, and in Garrotte from 13 to 17 inches, and packed in neat *blue* boxes of 100 each; also in smaller ones of 10 each—the latter a very handy package for travelers, army and navy officers.

EVERY COLLAR is stamped
"GRAY'S PATENT MOLDED COLLAR."

Sold by all dealers in Men's Furnishing Goods. The Trade only supplied at Manufacturers' prices, by

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Perfect Fitting

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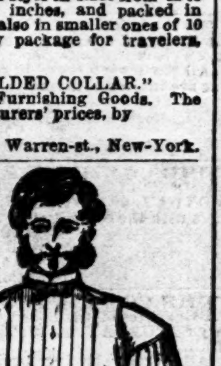

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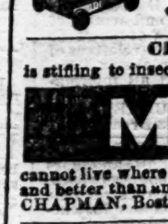

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"GOD SAVE THE UNION"

is the title of a picture painted by Prof. Carl Hubner, of Dusseldorf, and is one of 200 contributions made by foreign artists to the Metropolitan Fair. They are now on free exhibition, DAY AND EVENING, at the old Dusseldorf Gallery, No. 548 Broadway, and will be sold in aid of the Sanitary Fund on the evenings of WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY of this week, by H. H. LEEDS and MINER, who have gratuitously offered their services. Members of the committee will be in attendance on Monday and Tuesday evenings to show the splendid Albums.

J. F. KENSETT,
Chairman Art Committee Metropolitan Fair.

TESTIMONIALS

Of Remarkable

CURES,

—OF—

DEAFNESS,

CATARRH,

And diseases of the

Eye, Ear and Throat,

Performed by

Drs. LIGHTHILL,

Authors of "A Popular Treatise on Deafness," "Letters on Catarrh," &c., &c.,

Office, No. 34 St. Marks Place,

(Eighth St., betw. 2d and 3d Avenues,)

Consultations from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M.

Among other parties of the highest respectability who have been benefited by their treatment, Drs. LIGHTHILL are permitted to refer to

A. C. MORRIS, ESQ.,

Counselor-at-Law, No. 46 Pine-st., who has been cured by them of partial deafness of long standing, to

MAJOR ALVIN WALKER,

Paymaster in the United States Army, No. 33 West 22d-st., who has been successfully treated for an obstinate case of catarrh of many years' duration, and to

JOHN S. BEECHER, Esq.,

No. 98 Front-st.,

and to

B. H. BIXBY, ESQ.,

No. 56 Greenwich-st.,

for successful treatment of Catarrh and Throat affection

FROM THE HOME JOURNAL, JUNE 4, 1864.

In every business or profession, indeed, in every department of science or skill, there is always some acknowledged head—some one who stands out in bold relief among his fellows, as a sort of leader. In the study and treatment of deafness and catarrh, as special diseases, Dr. E. B. LIGHTHILL, of this City, occupies just the position above described. He has devoted years of labor to this specialty, and is now reaping the reward of his industry. The editorial columns of the *Tribune*, of a recent date, bear witness to the doctor's success in this department of medicine. We quote the paragraph:

"CURE OF A DEAF MUTE.—Louis Loewelnstein, a lad 14 years of age, born in Germany, came to this City when he was about two years old. Soon after his arrival here he was taken sick and lost his hearing. By degrees he became first deaf, and then dumb. For nearly ten years he was a mute, unable to hear the loudest voice, or to articulate a word. About one year ago he was place by his parents in the hands of Dr. LIGHTHILL, who has so far succeeded in restoring to him his lost powers of hearing and utterance that he can converse with those who speak to him distinctly and deliberately. During the past four or five months he has been under the tuition of Mr. Bennecke, and has made considerable progress in reading and arithmetic."

Having been supplied with the lad's address, we further investigated the matter, and discovered that, previous to calling on Dr. LIGHTHILL, the youth's case was considered hopeless, and he was for two years an inmate of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum. The Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady, in a published letter, tenders his gratitude to Dr. LIGHTHILL for treating successfully his case of deafness. Rev. Fred. S. Jewell, Professor of the State Normal School at Albany, also testifies to having been cured of catarrh. Dr. LIGHTHILL possesses other written testimonials and tributes to his talent from some of our wealthiest and most prominent and respected citizens, which may be seen on application. It would be difficult to speak in any but terms of praise of his treatment, in the face of these many proofs and facts testifying to his success.

CATARRH CURED.

FROM REV. FRED. S. JEWELL.

PROFESSOR OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ALBANY, N. Y.

This may certify that I have been, since 1844, subject to violent periodical attacks of catarrh, marked by a highly inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the cavities of the head, producing a most distressing species of headache, for days at a time, wholly incapacitating me from business, and, during the paroxysms, confining me to the bed. In some instances the inflammation has extended to the teeth, occasioning toothache; to the throat, producing hoarseness and partial loss of voice; and twice it has so affected the left eye as to confine me for a month or more to a darkened room. These attacks have been accompanied by strong febrile symptoms; by stoppage of the head, and in the first stages by watery discharges from the nose, and subsequently becoming acrid and yellow, and, toward the close of the attack, becoming bloody and purulent. I have tried medicines of almost every kind; external applications to the head, such as camphor, ginger, hot vinegar, snuffs of some half dozen kinds, and other catarrhal preparations, together with internal remedies, such as alteratives, cathartics and emetics. These have produced no change in the occurrence or character of the disease, and, in most cases with little or no temporary relief. I had come, at length, to believe the disease to be practically beyond either cure or material alleviation.

Under these circumstances, I was led, some five months ago, to make a trial of Dr. Lighthill's treatment. His method at once approved itself to my judgment as simple, philosophical, and likely to be effective. Notwithstanding the disadvantages under which he labored in dealing with a disease of such long standing, aggravated by nervous debility and dyspepsia, and constantly induced by the accidents of my professional labor, I found the treatment reaching the disease as it had never been reached before, and producing such a modification and alleviation of its character as I had supposed impossible. I chronicle the result thus:

Although I have been situated several times so that I should formerly have believed a severe attack of my catarrh inevitable, I have escaped thus far; the symptoms of threatened attack have been very light, and have yielded to the remedies employed by Dr. Lighthill, without the need of recourse to the old hot fermentations, or emetics, and the discharges from the head have resumed the original and natural condition. That I have been able to obtain so material a relief is to me a cause of gratitude. In that alone I am repaid for whatever the treatment may have cost me.

I make this statement unsolicited, as a means of acknowledging my obligations to Dr. Lighthill's method of treating catarrh, and with a view to aid any who may have suffered from that disease in forming a just opinion of its merits, and its probable utility in their own case.

FREDERICK S. JEWELL.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14, 1864.

References to parties of the highest respectability residing in the City, who have been cured of Deafness Catarrh, &c., may be had on application.

OFFICE, NO. 34 ST. MARK'S-PLACE,
8th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

DR. ROWE

(Late of No. 49 Concord-st., Brooklyn,)

CAN BE CONSULTED AT HIS RESIDENCE,

NO. 16 WEST 14TH-ST.,

EIGHT DOORS WEST OF FIFTH-AV.,

NEW-YORK,

ON

DEAFNESS

CATARRH

DISEASES OF THE

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.

CROSS EYES STRAIGHTENED WITH BUT LITTLE PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES.

HOURS, 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

TO

A. M. KIRBY, ESQ.,

Secretary Montauk Fire Insurance Company,

No. 168 Broadway, New-York,

AND TO

D. VAN VOORHIS, ESQ.,

Ryerson-st., near Gates-av. Brooklyn.

Dr. ROWE refers for the cure of Catarrh.

W. H. BLACKLER, ESQ.,

Nos. 54 and 56 Exchange-place,

New-York.

(Residence 142 President-st., Brooklyn.)

He refers for the cure of Deafness.

DEAFNESS CURED.

From W. H. Blackler, Esq.

No. 142 President-st.,
BROOKLYN, June 10, 1864.

My daughter having been affected with partial deafness, I was advised by my family physician, the late Dr. A. D. Wilson, of 11th-st., New-York, to place her under the care of Dr. Rowe, by whose skill and judicious treatment a complete cure has been effected in the space of a few weeks.

W. H. BLACKLER.

Place of business, Nos. 54 and 56 Exchange-place, New York.

DEAFNESS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR CURED.

From Caleb Sager, Esq., of Trenton, N. J.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 25, 1862.

This is to certify that my daughter, having been afflicted for eighteen years, with deafness and discharges from both ears, caused from scarlet fever, when two years old, I placed her under the care of Dr. Rowe. Now her hearing is restored; she hears quite distinctly, and the discharges from both ears are entirely stopped. From my intercourse with Dr. Rowe, I feel justified in recommending him as a gentleman well versed in the diseases he makes a specialty of.

CALEB SAGER,
Steward State Lunatic Asylum.

CATARRH CURED.

From Mr. Charles Lockitt.

BROOKLYN, April 6, 1864.

I wish to add my testimony in favor of Dr. Rowe's method of treatment of catarrh.

CHAS. LOCKITT, No. 251 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FROM MR. CHARLES F. OXLEY.

No. 89 TILLARY-ST., BROOKLYN, June 9, 1864.

Having suffered for many years with catarrh and sore throat, which greatly affected my breathing and affected me otherwise, I placed myself under Dr. Rowe's care. My throat now gives me no trouble. I breathe quite freely through my nose, the discharge has almost entirely ceased, and I am rid of the other disagreeable symptoms of catarrh. Beside this, my general health is better than it has been for many years.

CHARLES F. OXLEY.

No. 172 JOHNSON-ST., BROOKLYN, June 7, 1864.

For many years I have been affected with deafness, noises in the head, sore throat and catarrh. The catarrh produced dull, heavy pain in my head, and affected my general health, so that my friends thought it would terminate fatally with me. Having seen the beneficial results of Dr. Rowe's treatment on some of my friends, I was induced to place myself under his care. My hearing has so much improved, that I hear quite well when spoken to, and is improving daily. The noise in one ear is entirely gone, and in the other is gradually getting less. My head is free from the disagreeable feelings which I used to have. My throat is well, and I am restored to good health. To any one wishing to know more about my case, I will be most happy to give all the information by calling on me.

MRS. CATHERINE FOSTER.

From Mr. Thomas S. Day, of Brooklyn.

No. 223 PEARL-ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.,
September 13, 1863.

For the benefit of those similarly afflicted, I make the following statement: For ten years my daughter was afflicted with catarrh, which gradually grew worse, until it had so impaired her health that we felt convinced she must die. The discharge from the head and throat was incessant, frequently accompanied by blood. After having tried every one and everything in vain, as a last resort I called on Dr. Rowe, under whose care she has been entirely cured and restored to the enjoyment of excellent health.

THOMAS S. DAY.

FROM MR. J. L. GOODELL.

No. 8 BENNETT-ST., BOSTON, May 12, 1864.

D. ROWE—*Dear Sir:* Having been troubled with Catarrh for a number of years, the effects of which were the loss of smell, dizziness of the head, with a constant heaviness over the eyes, while the passage from the head to the throat was filled up by an accumulation of soft spongy substance, I placed myself under your care. Though but a little over two months since you have been treating me, quite a considerable change has taken place in my health. The dizziness in my head, together with the pressure over my eyes, has entirely gone; my sense of smell has very much improved, and I breathe quite freely through the nose. Although not entirely cured during the short time I have been under your treatment, yet I am quite confident that by following your directions the disease will very soon be effectually removed. Yours respectfully,

J. L. GOODELL.

P. S.—Any one desirous of obtaining any information regarding my case you can refer to my brother-in-law Mr. S. Sweet, Jr., No. 30 Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

Residence No. 16 West 14th-st., 8 doors west of 5th-av., New-York